



Backstops • Overrunning Clutches • Indexing Freewheels



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		Used as		With	Nominal	Bore	-
Complete Freewheels		1		bearing	torques		Page
	Backstops	Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	support	up to Nm	up to mm	
for bolting to the face	1		I				
FB with sprags, available in four types					160 000	300	16
FR in inch dimension, with sprags available in four types					37 000	180	18
FKh with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off					14000	95	20
with mounting flange							
FBF with sprags, available in four types					160 000	300	22
FGR R A1A2 with rollers					68 000	150	24
FGR R A2A7 with rollers					68 000	150	26
for keyway connection on the outer ring							
BM with rollers or with sprag lift-off X					57 500	150	28
FGRN R A5A6 with rollers	•		0		6800	80	30
with lever arm	•					·	
BA with rollers or with sprag lift-off X	0				57 500	150	32
BC with rollers or with sprag lift-off X	•				57 500	150	34
FGR R A3A4 with rollers	•				68 000	150	36
FGR R A2A3 with rollers	0				68 000	150	38
FRHD in inch dimension, with sprags	0				1215000	533	40
FA with sprags and grease lubrication	0				2 500	85	42
FAV with rollers and grease lubrication	0				2 5 0 0	80	44
with shaft coupling					11		
FBE for small shaft misalignments, with sprags				•	160 000	300	46
FBL for large shaft misalignments, with sprags				0	8000	140	48
Housing Freewheels		Used as		With bearing	Nominal torques	Shaft	Page
	Backstops	Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	support	up to Nm	up to mm	
for stationary arrangement							
FH with hydrodynamic roller lift-off					40 600	129	50
FCBM for rotary kiln drives					750	50	54
Basic Freewheels	Backstops	Used as Overrunning Clutch	Indexina Freewheel	With bearing support	Nominal torques up to Nm	Bore up to mm	Page
for assembly with connecting parts	- weistops	change chatch					
FBO with sprags, available in four types				0	160 000	300	56
FGR R with rollers				0	68 000	150	58

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Integrated Freewheels		Used as		With bearing	Nominal torques	Bore	Page
	Backstops	Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	support	up to Nm	up to mm	
or bolting to the face		·					
FXM with sprag lift-off X					1 2 3 0 0 0 0	560	(
FON with sprags, available in three types	0	•			25 000	155	(
for bolting to the face, with torque limiting		·					
FXRW with sprag lift-off X					107000	240	6
FXRU with sprag lift-off X and with release function	0				107 000	240	6
FXRV with sprag lift-off X					100 000	300	6
FXRT with sprag lift-off X and with release function					53 000	240	6
Internal Freewheels	Backstops	Used as Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	With bearing support	Nominal torques up to Nm	Bore up to mm	Page
for press fit on the outer ring					11	I	
FXN with sprag lift-off X					20500	130	7
FCN R with rollers					840	80	7
FDN with sprags			0		2400	80	8
FD with sprags			0	$\overline{\mathbb{O}}$	2400	105	8
ZZ with sprags and bearing support					325	40	8
ZZ 2RS with sprags, bearing support and seals					325	40	8
ZZ P2RS with sprags, bearing support and seals					325	40	8
ZZ P with sprags and bearing support		•			325	40	8
for keyway connection on the outer ring			<u>                                     </u>		1	I	
ZZ PP with sprags and bearing support				0	325	40	8
FSN with rollers			0		3 000	80	9
FN with rollers			0		3 000	60	9
FNR with rollers and bearing support			0		3 000	60	9
Cage Freewheels	Backstops	Used as Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	With bearing support	Nominal torques up to Nm		Page
for assembly with inner and outer ring							
SF with sprags, available in three types					93 000		9
SF P for high run out (T.I.R.), with sprags					5800		9
BWX in inch dimension, with sprags					4900		10
Irreversible Locks		Used as		With	Nominal	Bore	Page
	Backstops	Overrunning Clutch	Indexing Freewheel	bearing support	torques up to Nm	up to mm	
bidirectional acting backstop for assembly with connecting	parts				11	I	
Irreversible lock IR with rollers				0	100	35	10
Freewheel technology details							Page
Application Examples and Special Freewheel Designs							10
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for selecting RINGSPANN Backstops							11
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# **Design and Function of Freewheels**

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Freewheels are machine elements with particular characteristics:

- In one direction of rotation there is no contact between the inner and outer ring; the freewheel is in freewheeling operation.
- In the other direction of rotation there is contact between the inner and outer ring; in this direction it is possible to transmit high torque.

For example the outer ring of the freewheel shown in figure 4-1 can freewheel clockwise while the inner ring is stationary. If, however, the outer ring is turned in the opposite direction, there is contact between the inner and outer ring and the inner ring is driven (driving operation).

Freewheels are used as:

- Backstops
- Overrunning Clutches
- Indexing Freewheels

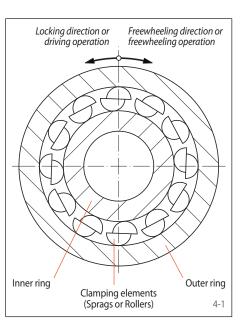
Freewheels can fulfill these functions completely automatically in the most diverse machines. No mechanical or hydraulic operating equipment is required, as for example with external actuated clutches or brakes. Freewheels consist of an inner and an outer ring between which clamping elements are arranged. Clamping elements can be sprags or rollers. We differentiate as follows:

- Freewheels with bearing support and
- Freewheels without bearing support.

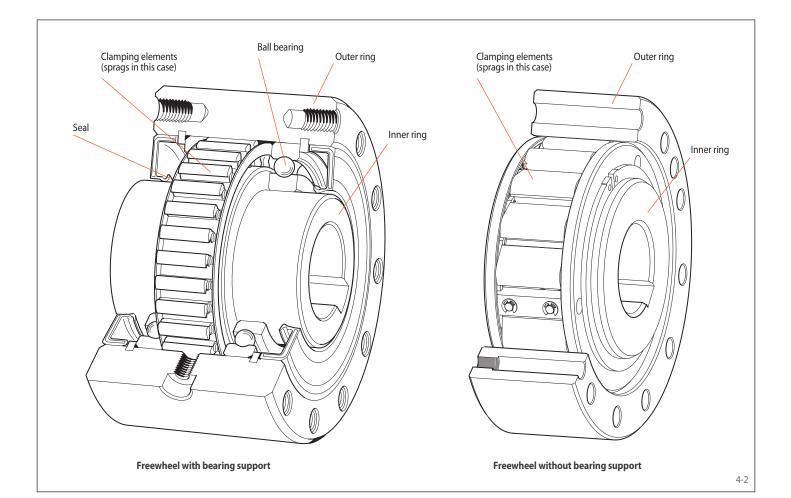
For a freewheel to function, the concentric alignment of the inner and outer ring is required. In the case of freewheels without bearing support, concentric alignment like this must be provided by the customer.

RINGSPANN freewheels are an indispensable design element in the machine building industry as well as in the aerospace industry. Many designs are only economical if freewheels are used. The freewheel as an automatic driving element is preferred to conventional solutions because it offers the following significant advantages:

- operating safety,
- efficiency and
- a higher degree of automation.



With more than 50 years experience in the development, production and sales of freewheels, RINGSPANN offers the most comprehensive range of freewheels. A global network of subsidiaries and sales agencies ensures the best possible personal on-site service. Assembly and production facilities in various countries provide fast, reliable delivery.



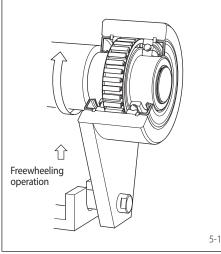
# **Applications of Freewheels**

# RINGSPANN®

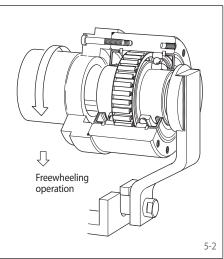
#### Backstop

Freewheels are used as backstops if reverse rotation of the operating direction is to be prevented. In many machines and installations, for technical safety or functional reasons, it is necessary to ensure that you are working in just one specified direction of rotation. This is why there are legal stipulations requiring a mechanical safety device for the operation of, e.g. conveyor systems.

The normal operating mode of a backstop is freewheeling operation; the locking (torque transmission) is performed at zero speed. The immediate engagement of the clamping elements ensures the required high operating safety.



In general, backstops are used where the inner ring freewheels and the stationary held outer ring prevents reverse rotation (figure 5-1).



The more complicated designed backstops where the outer ring freewheels and the stationary held inner ring prevents reverse rotation are rarely used today (figure 5-2).

#### Overrunning Clutch

The overrunning clutch engages machines or machine parts and automatically interrupts their contact as soon as the driven part of the overrunning clutch is turned faster than the driving part. In many cases, this can replace a more expensive externally actuated clutch.

With overrunning clutches the engagement takes place in the driving operation (torque transmission), while in freewheeling operation the torque transmission between the inner and outer ring is interrupted. In driving operation the speeds of the inner and outer ring are equal, while in freewheeling operation they are different.

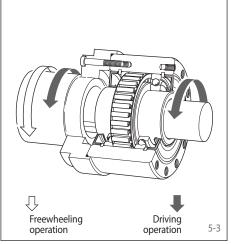


Figure 5-3 shows an overrunning clutch where in driving operation the power flow is transferred from the inner ring to the outer ring and in freewheeling operation the outer ring overruns the inner ring at a higher speed.

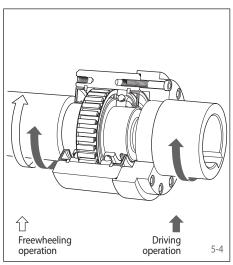


Figure 5-4 shows an overrunning clutch where in driving operation the power flow is transferred from the outer ring to the inner ring and in freewheeling operation the inner ring overruns the outer ring at a higher speed.

#### Indexing Freewheel

The indexing freewheel transmits a back and forth motion into a stepped rotation (indexed feed). The RINGSPANN indexing freewheel works precisely and quietly and enables an infinitly adjustable setting of the feed.

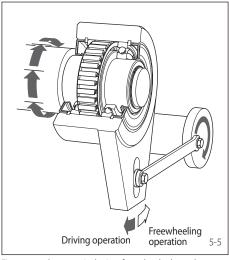


Figure 5-5 shows an indexing freewheel where the outer ring makes the back and forth motion and the inner ring carries out the indexed feed.

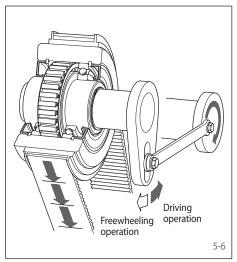
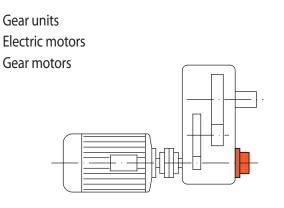


Figure 5-6 shows an indexing freewheel where the inner ring makes the back and forth motion and the outer ring carries out the indexed feed.

# **Areas of Application for Freewheels**

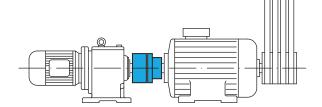
Areas of application for Backstops



The backstop prevents reverse rotation in a drive of a conveyor installation if the power fails or the motor is turned off.

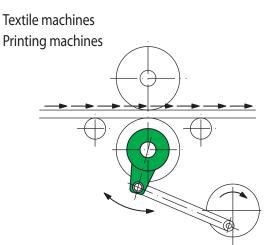
# Areas of application for Overrunning Clutches

Textile machines Printing machines

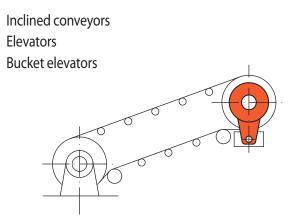


During normal operation of textile or printing machines, the overrunning clutch separates the barring drive which is used for set up from the main drive.

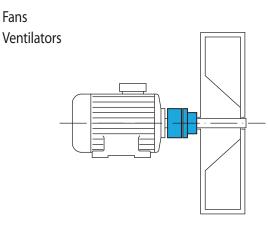
# Areas of application for Indexing Freewheels



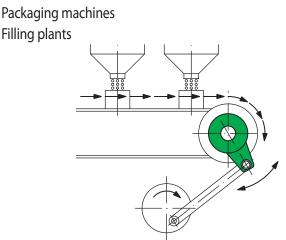
The indexing freewheel generates an indexed feed in textile and printing machines.



The backstop prevents reverse rotation of the conveyor load if the power fails or the motor is turned off.

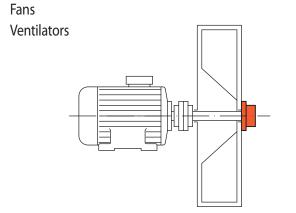


If fans or ventilators are turned off, the overrunning clutch prevents the flywheel mass from rotating the drive.



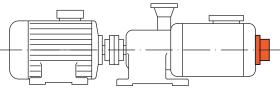
The indexing freewheel is used in packaging machines and filling plants for an indexed feed.

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The backstop prevents reverse rotation under the back pressure of the conveyed medium if the motor is turned off.

Pumps Compressors

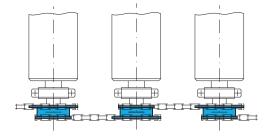


The backstop prevents reverse rotation under the back pressure of the conveyed medium if the motor is turned off.

# Pumps Generators

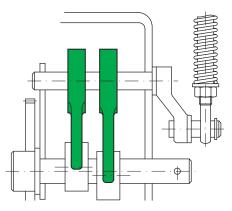
In multimotor drives the overrunning clutch disengages the inactive or lower speed drive.

Roller conveyor



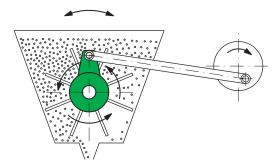
The overrunning clutch ensures that the conveyed material can be pushed or pulled faster over the rollers than the speed of the drive.

# High voltage switches



In high voltage switches for tensioning a spring, the indexing freewheel is used in the place of a reduction gear.

Seed spreader

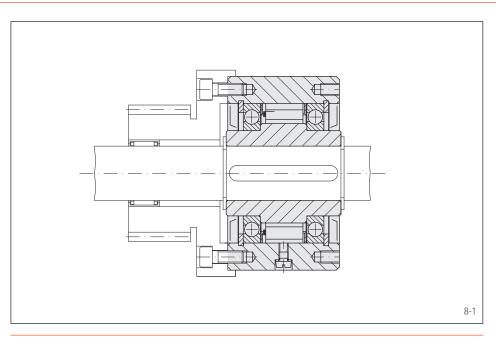


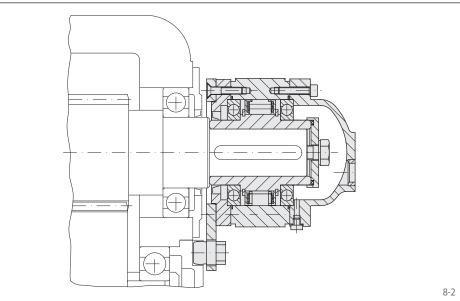
The indexing freewheel replaces a reduction gear in seed spreader.

# **Categories of Freewheels**

# **Complete Freewheels**

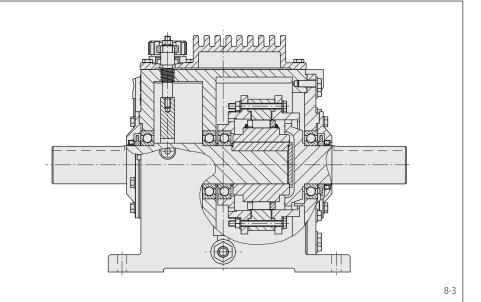
- With bearing support between inner and outer ring
- Completely enclosed
- With own lubrication
- Connection to the outer ring and the customer part by:
  - bolting to the face (figure 8-1),
  - mounting flange,
  - keyway connection on the outer ring,
  - lever arm (figure 8-2) or
  - shaft coupling.



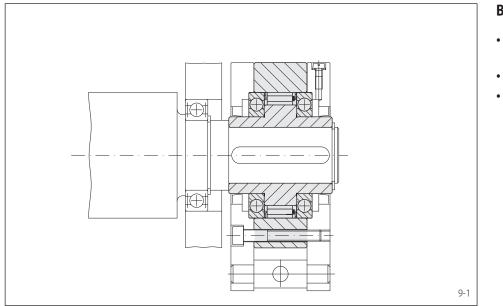


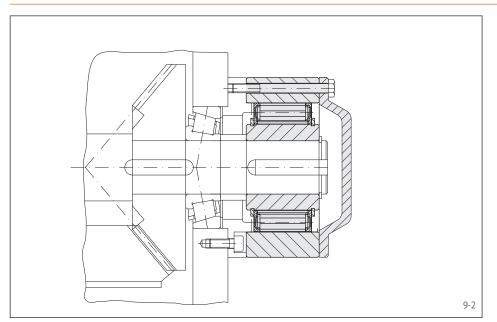
# **Housing Freewheels**

- With bearing support between inner and outer ring
- Completely enclosed by its own housing
- With own lubrication
- With bearing supported input and output shafts
- Stationary arrangement









# 

# **Basic Freewheels**

- With bearing support between inner and outer ring
- For assembly with connecting parts
- Lubrication if necessary to be provided by the customer

#### **Integrated Freewheels**

- Without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer
- Integrating the outer ring on the customer part by bolting to the face
- Lubrication if necessary to be provided by the customer

#### **Internal Freewheels**

- Series both with and without bearing support. In the case of series without bearing support, concentric alignment of the inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer
- Installing the outer ring in the customer's housing with press fit or keyway connection. This makes compact, space-saving solutions possible
- Lubrication if necessary to be provided by the customer

# **Freewheels with Sprags or Rollers**

# two different designs of freewheels

#### **Design as Sprag Freewheel**

The sprag freewheel has outer and inner rings with cylindrical tracks. The individually spring loaded sprags are arranged in between the rings. The freewheel locks without slipping. Different sprag profiles enable a multitude of types. Types are available for:

- High torques
- Contactless freewheeling operation
- High indexing accuracy

# 



With the sprag arrangement illustrated in figure 10-2 the outer ring can be turned freely clockwise (freewheeling operation), if the inner ring

- is at a standstill,
- is turned counterclockwise or
- is turned clockwise slower than the outer ring.

If the outer ring – e.g. with a stationary inner ring – is turned in the opposite direction, the clamping becomes effective. The sprags clamp without slipping between the tracks. In this direction of rotation high torque can be transmitted (driving operation).

The sprag arrangement in figure 10-2 also enables freewheeling operation while the inner ring is turned counterclockwise and driving operation when turning clockwise.

On the line of influence which links the points of contact of the sprag to the inner track and the sprag to the outer track, in driving operation the clamping generates the forces  $F_I$  and  $F_A$  (refer to figure 10-3). Because of the equilibrium of forces, these are equal. The forces  $F_I$  and  $F_A$  can be divided into the normal forces  $F_{NI}$  and  $F_{NA}$  as well as into the circumferential forces  $F_{TI}$  and  $F_{TA}$ . The line of influence forms against the force  $F_{NI}$  or  $F_{NA}$  the clamping angle  $\epsilon_I$  or  $\epsilon_{A'}$ , whereby  $\epsilon_I > \epsilon_A$ . To achieve self-locking, the tangent of the clamping angle  $\epsilon_I$  must be less than the friction value  $\mu$ .

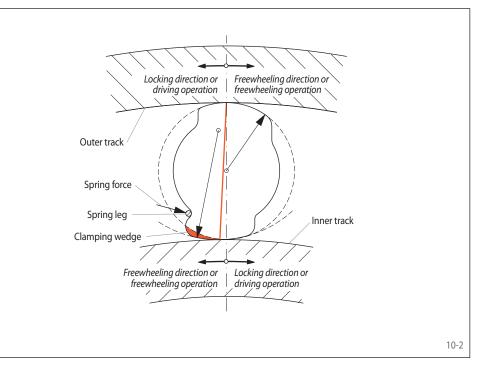
$$\tan \epsilon_{|} = \frac{F_{T|}}{F_{N|}} \le \mu$$

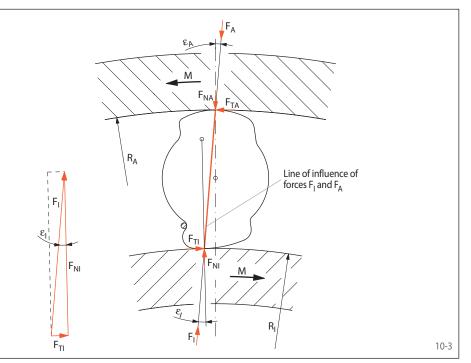
Because of the relationship

$$M = z \cdot R_{I} \cdot F_{TI} = z \cdot R_{I} \cdot F_{NI} \cdot tan \varepsilon_{I}$$
$$= z \cdot R_{A} \cdot F_{TA} = z \cdot R_{A} \cdot F_{NA} \cdot tan \varepsilon_{A}$$

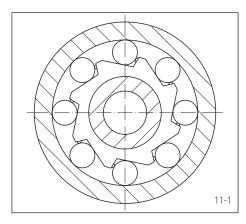
with z = number of sprags

the normal forces and the clamping angles adapt automatically to the acting torque M.



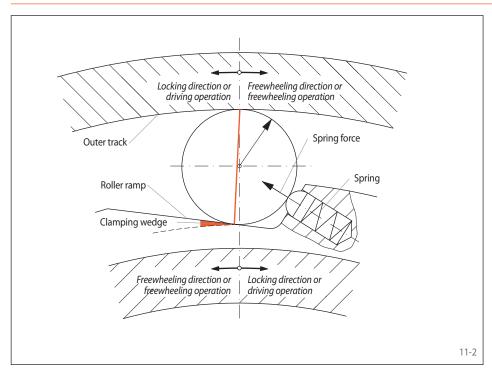


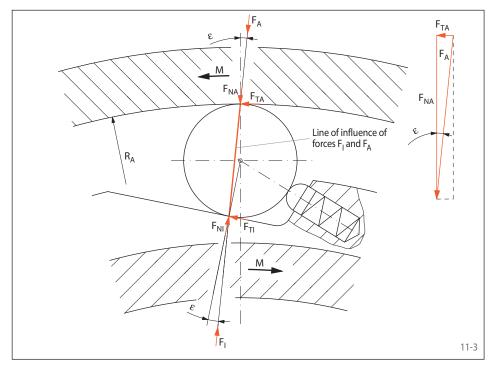




#### **Design as a Roller Freewheel**

With roller freewheels either the inner or the outer ring has roller ramps. The other ring has a cylindrical track. The individually spring loaded rollers are arranged in between the rings. The freewheel locks without slipping.





#### **Function of Roller Freewheels**

With the version illustrated in figure 11-2, the outer ring can be turned freely clockwise (free-wheeling operation), if the inner ring

- is at a standstill,
- is turned counterclockwise or
- is turned clockwise slower than the outer ring.

If the outer ring – e.g. with a stationary inner ring – is turned in the opposite direction, the clamping becomes effective. The rollers clamp without slipping between the tracks. In this direction of rotation high torque can be transmitted (driving operation).

The version illustrated in figure 11-2 also enables a freewheeling operation while the inner ring is turned counterclockwise and driving operation when turning clockwise.

On the line of influence which links the points of contact of the roller to the roller ramp and the roller to the outer track, in driving operation the clamping generates the forces  $F_I$  and  $F_A$  (refer to figure 11-3). Because of the equilibrium of forces, these are equal. The forces  $F_I$  and  $F_A$  can be divided into the normal forces  $F_{NI}$  and  $F_{NA}$  as well as into the circumferential forces  $F_{TI}$  and  $F_{TA}$ . The line of influence forms against the force  $F_{NI}$  or  $F_{NA}$  the clamping angle  $\epsilon$ . To achieve self-locking, the tangent of the clamping angle must be less than the friction value  $\mu$ . E.g. for the contact point of the roller to the outer track this means:

$$\tan \epsilon = \frac{F_{TA}}{F_{NA}} \leq \mu$$

Because of the relationship

$$M = z \cdot R_A \cdot F_{TA} = z \cdot R_A \cdot F_{NA} \cdot tan \varepsilon$$

with z = number of rollers

the normal force and the clamping angle adapt automatically to the acting torque M.

# **Types for Extended Service Life**

		Standard type	Type with sprag lift-off X	Type with sprag lift-off Z	Type with RIDUVIT®	Type with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off
		For universal use	For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating inner ring	For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating outer ring	For extended service life using coated sprags	For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating outer ring
	Backstop	Up to medium speeds during freewheeling operation (inner or outer ring freewheels)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (inner ring freewheels)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (outer ring freewheels)	Up to high speeds during freewheeling operation (inner or outer ring freewheels)	
as	ng Clutch	Up to medium speeds during freewheeling operation (inner or outer ring overruns)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (inner ring overruns)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (outer ring overruns)	Up to high speeds during freewheeling operation (inner or outer ring overruns)	Up to very high speeds during freewheeling operation (outer ring overruns)
Use as	Overrunni	Up to very high speeds in driving operation (outer or inner ring drives)	Low speeds in driving operation (outer ring drives)	Low speeds in driving operation (inner ring drives)	Up to very high speeds in driving operation (outer or inner ring drives)	Up to very high speeds in driving operation (inner ring drives)
	Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch	Up to a medium total number of actuations			Up to a high total number of actuations	

In addition the standard type, RINGSPANN has developed four other types for extended ser-

# Type with sprag lift-off X

The sprag lift-off X is used for backstops and overrunning clutches, provided that in freewheeling operation the inner ring is rotating at high speed and providing with overrunning clutches that the driving operation is conducted at low speed. In freewheeling operation, the centrifugal force  $F_C$  causes the sprag to lift off from the outer track. In this operating state, the freewheel works wear-free, i.e. with unlimited service life.

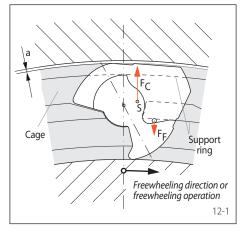
Figure 12-1 shows a freewheel with sprag liftoff X in freewheeling operation. The sprags, which are supported in a cage connected with the inner ring, rotate with the inner ring. The centrifugal force  $F_C$  that is applied in the center of gravity S of the sprag turns the sprag counterclockwise and rests against the support ring of the cage. This results in the gap a between

# Type with sprag lift-off Z

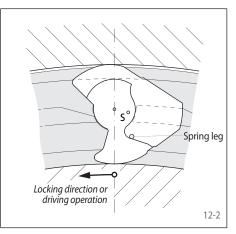
The sprag lift-off Z is applied for backstops and overrunning clutches, provided in freewheeling operation the outer ring is rotating at high speed, and providing with overrunning clutches the driving operation is conducted at low speed. In freewheeling operation, the centrifugal force  $F_C$  causes the sprag to lift off from the inner track. In this operating state, the freewheel works wear-free, i.e. with unrestricted service life.

Figure 12-3 shows a freewheel with sprag liftoff Z in freewheeling operation. The sprags rotate with the outer ring. The centrifugal force  $F_C$ that is applied in the centre of gravity S of the sprag turns the sprag counterclockwise and rests against the outer ring. This results in the gap a between the sprag and the inner track; vice life for freewheels with sprags. The table above lists the recommended application

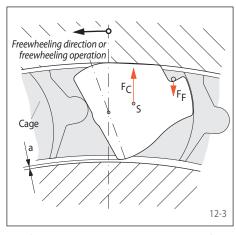
conditions for these types.



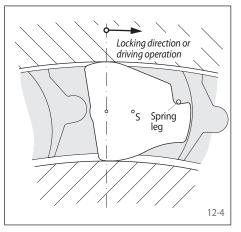
the sprag and the outer track; the freewheel works without contact. If the inner ring speed decreases to such an extent that the effect of the centrifugal force on the sprag is less than that of the spring force  $F_F$ , the sprag again rests



on the outer ring and the freewheel is ready to lock (figure 12-2). If used as an overrunning clutch, the driving speed must not exceed 40% of the lift-off speed.



the freewheel works without contact. If the outer ring speed decreases to such an extent that the effect of the centrifugal force on the sprag is less than that of the spring force  $F_F$ , the



sprag again rests on the inner ring and the freewheel is ready to lock (figure 12-4). If used as an overrunning clutch, the driving speed must not exceed 40% of the lift-off speed.

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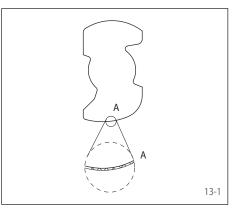
# **Type RIDUVIT®**

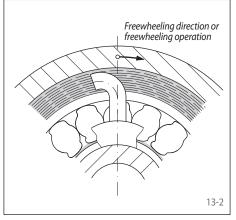
RINGSPANN sprags are made from chrome steel, the same material as used for the balls in ball bearings. The high compressive strength, elasticity and tensile strength of this material is required for the sprags in a locked state. In freewheeling operation, however, it is able to cope with utmost wear resistance on the points of contact of the sprag with the inner track. All of these requirements are perfectly fulfilled by using a chrome steel sprag with RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup> coating. The RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup> coating lends the sprag a resistance to wear akin to that of hard metal. The technology used here is based on state-of-

#### Type with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off

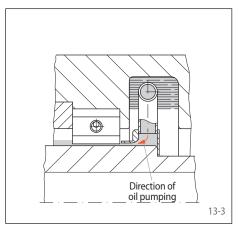
The hydrodynamic sprag lift-off is the ideal solution for overrunning clutches at high speeds, not only in freewheeling operation, but also in the driving operation, as can occur, for example, in multimotor drives. In the case of the hydrodynamic sprag lift-off, the lifting force is generated by an oil flow. The relative speed between the inner and outer rings is decisive for the lifting-off function. Compared to the freewheels with sprag lift-off X or Z, here the driving speed can be just as high as the freewheeling speed.

The freewheels with hydrodynamic sprag liftoff (series FKh) include an oil pump that is based on the pitot tube principle. The pitot tubes are connected with the inner ring. When the outer ring is rotating, an oil ring forms in the oil chamber, into which the pitot tubes are immersed. As soon as the outer ring overruns the inner ring, the pitot tubes pump the oil under pressure into the ring chamber and the oil then seeps out through the ring gap at high speed axially into the intermediate areas of the sprags. Dethe-art tribology research. RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup> sprags are used in backstops and overrunning clutches and considerably increase the service life.





pending on the relative speed between the outer and inner ring, the oil flow does not flow axially into the intermediate areas of the sprags, but at an angle. This creates a reaction force on the sprags. This reaction force overcomes the contact force of the sprag springs, and the sprags lift off from the inner ring. This process is supported by a hydrodynamic wedge formation. If the relative speed between the



outer and inner rings reduces, the lifting force also reduces. Before achieving synchronous running, the sprags are brought safely to rest on the inner ring and are ready to lock. This guarantees immediate torque transfer once the synchronous speed has been reached. The hydrodynamic sprag lift-off enables a virtually wear-free freewheeling operation.

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### **Selection torque for Backstops**

Bringing a loaded inclined conveyor, an elevator or a pump to a standstill is a highly dynamic process that incurs high peak torques. These peak torques are decisive for the selection of the backstop. The prior determination of the occurring torque in the case of locking is carried out most safely by using a rotational vibration analysis of the entire system. This, however, requires a knowledge of the rotating masses, the rotational rigidity and all of the excitation moments that occur on the system. In many cases, a vibrational calculation is too time consuming or you may not have all the necessary data in the configuration phase available. In this case, the selection torque M<sub>A</sub> of the backstop should be determined as follows:

 $M_A = 1,75 \cdot M_I \text{ [Nm]}$ 

Often you only have the figures for the motor nominal output P<sub>0</sub> [kW] available. Then:

$$M_{A} = 1,75 \cdot F^{2} \cdot 9550 \cdot P_{0}/n_{SP}$$
 [Nm]

In these equations:

- $M_A =$  Selection torque of the backstop [Nm]
- $M_{L} = 9550 \cdot F \cdot P_{L}/n_{SP} [Nm]$ 
  - Static backdriving torque of the load referring to the backstop shaft [Nm]
- P<sub>L</sub> = Lifting capacity of the conveyor system at full load [kW]
  - = Lifting height [m] multiplied by the load that is being conveyed per second [kN/s]
- $P_0 = Nominal power of motor [kW]$
- n<sub>SP</sub> = Speed of backstop shaft [min<sup>-1</sup>]
- F = Selection factor (refer to table)

After calculating  $M_A$  the backstop size must be selected in accordance with the catalogue tables in such a way that in all cases this applies:

```
M_N \ge M_A
```

M<sub>N</sub> = Nominal torque of the backstop in accordance with the table values [Nm] It must be noted that, with a direct motor start in the locking direction of a backstop, very high peak torques can occur which in turn can destroy the backstop.

Approximate values for F:

Type of installation	F	F <sup>2</sup>
Conveyor belts, angle up to 6°	0,71	0,50
Conveyor belts, angle up to 8°	0,78	0,61
Conveyor belts, angle up to 10°	0,83	0,69
Conveyor belts, angle up to 12°	0,86	0,74
Conveyor belts, angle up to 15°	0,89	0,79
Screw pumps	0,93	0,87
Ball mills, drying drums	0,85	0,72
Bucket conveyors, elevators	0,92	0,85
Hammer mills	0,93	0,87
Fans, Ventilators	0,53	0,28

#### **Selection torque for Overrunning Clutches**

In many cases where overrunning clutches are being used, dynamic processes occur that cause high peak torques. In the case of overrunning clutches, the torques that occur during start up must be observed. The peak torques when starting up can, in the case of asynchronous motors – especially when accelerating large masses and when using elastic couplings – significantly exceed the torque calculated from the motor pull-over torque. The conditions for internal com- bustion engines are similar. Even in normal operation, on account of their degree of irregularity, peak torques can occur that are way in excess of the nominal torque.

The prior determination of the maximum occurring torque is carried out most safely by using a rotational vibration analysis of the entire system. This, however, requires a knowledge of the rotating masses, the rotational rigidity and all of the excitation moments that occur on the system. In many cases, a vibrational calculation is too time consuming or you may not have all the necessary data in the configuration phase available. In this case, the selection torque M<sub>A</sub> of the overrunning clutch should be determined as follows:

 $M_A = K \cdot M_L$ 

In this equation:

- $M_A$  = Selection torque of the freewheel
- K = Operating factor (refer to table)
- M<sub>L</sub> = Load torque for constant rotating freewheel:
  - $= 9550 \cdot P_0 / n_{FR}$
- $P_0 = Nominal power of motor [kW]$
- $n_{FR}$  = Speed of the freewheel in driving operation [min<sup>-1</sup>]

After calculating  $M_A$  the freewheel size must be selected in accordance with the catalogue tables in such a way that in all cases this applies:

#### $M_N \ge M_A$

M<sub>N</sub> = Nominal torque of the freewheel in accordance with the table values [Nm] Approximate values for operating factor K:

Type of driver	Κ
Electric motors with low start up impact (e.g. DC motors, asynchronous motors with slip rings or soft start couplings), steam turbines, gas turbines	0.8 to 2.5
Electric motors with considerable start up im- pact (e.g. synchronous or asynchronous motors with direct start)	1.25 to 2.5
Piston engines with more than two cylinders, water turbines, hydraulic motors	1.25 to 3.15
Piston engines with one or two cylinders	1.6 to 3.15

The operating factor K depends on the properties of the driver and the machine. The general rules of mechanical engineering apply here. We know from practice that applications are known where the operating factor K can also assume values of up to 20, e.g. with a direct start-up of asynchronous electric motors in connection with elastic couplings.

#### **Selection torque for Indexing Freewheels**

The selection torque for indexing freewheels is, among other things, dependent upon how the back and forth motion is generated (crank operation, hydraulic cylinders, pneumatic cylinders etc.). It cannot be specified in a simple equation. When stating the maximum torque to be transmitted, we are happy to advise you regarding the selection torque.

# **Freewheel Selection**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

The selection of the correct freewheel depends on several criteria. In order to make an optimum freewheel selection for you, we ask that you complete the respective questionnaire on pages 112 to 116 and send it to us.

If you wish to select the freewheel yourself, then we recommend - without liability for possible errors that could occur during selection - that you proceed as follows:

#### 1. Determine the application of the Freewheel as a

- Backstop
- Overrunning Clutch

Indexing Freewheel

Refer to page 5.

- 2. Determine the suitable category of the Freewheel as
  - Complete Freewheel,
  - Housing Freewheel,
  - Basic Freewheel,
  - Integrated Freewheel or
  - Internal Freewheel.

Refer to pages 8 and 9.

#### 3. Determine the selection torque of the Freewheel

Refer to page 14.

The nominal torques, specified in the catalogue are designed for the application of freewheels on solid shafts and the specified minimum thickness of the housing or the outer rings. When using freewheels on hollow shafts or with lower outer wall thickness, the transmissible torque should be checked by RINGSPANN.

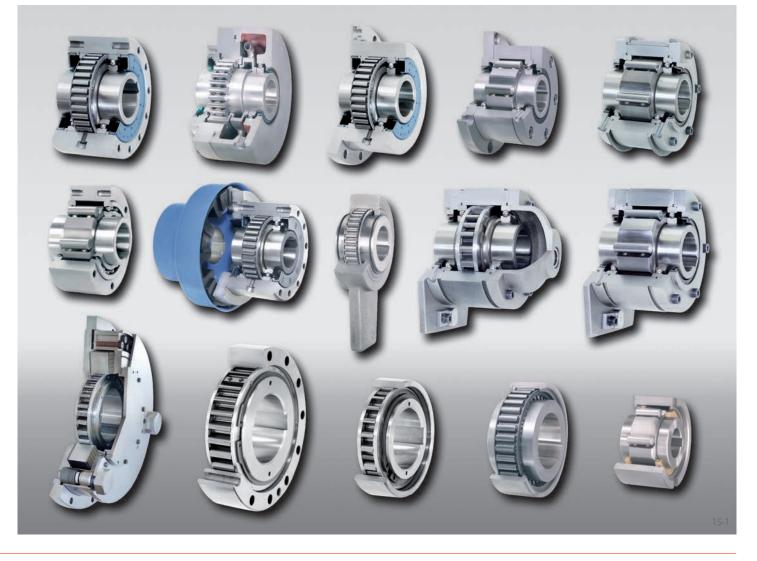
#### 4. Determine the suitable type of the Freewheel as

- Standard type,
- Type with sprag lift-off X
- Type with sprag lift-off Z
- Type with RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup>
- Type with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off

Refer to pages 12 and 13.

#### 5. Choose the suitable Freewheel

Refer to the table of contents on pages 2 and 3, the representations of the different series on pages 16 to 103 as well as the technical points on pages 108 to 111.

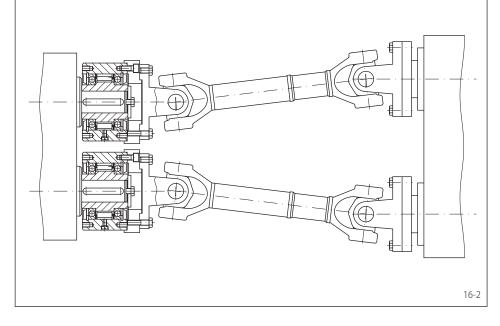


# **Complete Freewheels FB**

# **RINGSPANN®**

# for bolting to the face with sprags, available in four types





#### Mounting

The customer attachment part is on the external diameter D and then bolted on to the face.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

#### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FB are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

In addition to the standard type, three other types are available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 160 000 Nm.

Bores up to 300 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

#### **Application example**

Two Complete Freewheels FB 82 SFT as overrunning clutches in the drive of an edge trimming shear in a wide strip roll train. When trimming the edges of the strip, the trimming rollers are driven by the drive of the edge trimming shear. By doing so, the two freewheels work in driving operation. As soon as the sheet metal strip is gripped by the next pair of rollers, they pull the strip at an increased speed and the inner rings overrun the slower turning drive of the edge trimming shear. By doing so, the freewheels work in freewheeling operation. The RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup> sprags give the freewheels an extended service life.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FB 72, type with sprag lift-off Z and 40 mm bore:

• FB 72 LZ, d = 40 mm

When ordering freewheel size FB 340 and FB 440, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

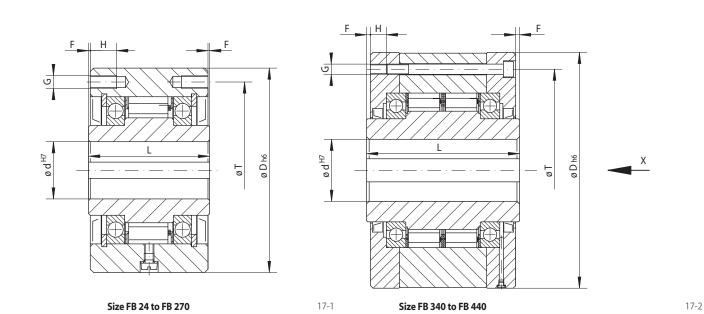
- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

# **Complete Freewheels FB**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

**Complete Freewheels** 

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ng Freewheel nning Clutch Backstop	<b>Standar</b> For unive		For exten	ith RIDUVIT® ded service life oated sprags	For extende	<b>pe with sprag lift</b> ed service life usir h speed rotating i	ng sprag lift-off	For extende	<b>be with sprag life</b> ed service life usin a speed rotating c	g sprag lift-off
Overrur										
		Max.speed		Max.speed			Max.speed			Max.speed

			Max.s	speed			Max.s	speed				Max.s	speed				Max.s	speed
		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring		Nominal	Sprag lift-off	Inner ring	Outer ring		Nominal	Sprag lift-off	Outer ring	Inner ring
Freewheel		torque	freewheels/	freewheels/		torque	freewheels/	freewheels/		torque	at inner ring	freewheels/	drives		torque	at outer ring	freewheels/	drives
Size	Туре	MN	overruns	overruns	Туре	MN	overruns	overruns	Туре	MN	speed	overruns	. 1	Туре	MN	speed	overruns	. 1
		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>
FB 24	CF	45	4 800	5 500	CFT	45	4 800	5 500										
FB 29	CF	80	3 500	4 000	CFT	80	3 500	4 000										
FB 37	SF	200	2 500	2 600	SFT	200	2 500	2 600						CZ	110	850	3 000	340
FB 44	SF	320	1 900	2 200	SFT	320	1 900	2 200	DX	130	860	1 900	344	CZ	180	800	2 600	320
FB 57	SF	630	1 400	1 750	SFT	630	1 400	1 750	DX	460	750	1 400	300	LZ	430	1 400	2 100	560
FB 72	SF	1 250	1 1 2 0	1 600	SFT	1 250	1 1 2 0	1 600	DX	720	700	1 1 5 0	280	LZ	760	1 220	1 800	488
FB 82	SF	1 800	1 025	1 450	SFT	1 800	1 025	1 450	DX	1 000	670	1 050	268	SFZ	1 700	1 450	1 600	580
FB 107	SF	2 500	880	1 250	SFT	2 500	880	1 250	DX	1 500	610	900	244	SFZ	2 500	1 300	1 350	520
FB 127	SF	5 000	800	1 1 5 0	SFT	5 000	800	1 1 5 0	SX	3 400	380	800	152	SFZ	5 000	1 200	1 200	480
FB 140	SF	10 000	750	1 100	SFT	10 000	750	1 100	SX	7 500	320	750	128	SFZ	10 000	950	1 1 5 0	380
FB 200	SF	20 000	630	900	SFT	20 000	630	900	SX	23 000	240	630	96	SFZ	20 000	680	900	272
FB 270	SF	40 000	510	750	SFT	40 000	510	750	UX	40 000	210	510	84	SFZ	37 500	600	750	240
FB 340	SF	80 000	460	630	SFT	80 000	460	630										
FB 440	SF	160 000	400	550	SFT	160 000	400	550										

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Freev	/heel	Во	re d	D	F	G**	Н	L	Т	Z**	Weight
Siz		Standard	max.			-		_		_	
		mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm		kg
FB	24	12	14*	62	1,0	M 5	8	50	51	3	0,9
FB	29	15	17*	68	1,0	M 5	8	52	56	3	1,1
FB	37	20	22*	75	0,5	M 6	10	48	65	4	1,3
FB	44	25*	25*	90	0,5	M 6	10	50	75	6	1,9
FB	57	30	32*	100	0,5	M 8	12	65	88	6	2,8
FB	72	40	42*	125	1,0	M 8	12	74	108	12	5,0
FB	82	50*	50*	135	2,0	M 10	16	75	115	12	5,8
FB	107	60	65*	170	2,5	M 10	16	90	150	10	11,0
FB	127	70	75*	200	3,0	M 12	18	112	180	12	19,0
FB	140	90	95*	250	5,0	M 16	25	150	225	12	42,0
FB	200	120	120	300	5,0	M 16	25	160	270	16	62,0
FB	270	140	150	400	6,0	M 20	30	212	360	18	150,0
FB	340	180	240	500	7,5	M 20	35	265	450	24	275,0
FB	440	220	300	630	7,5	M 30	40	315	560	24	510,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \*\* Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

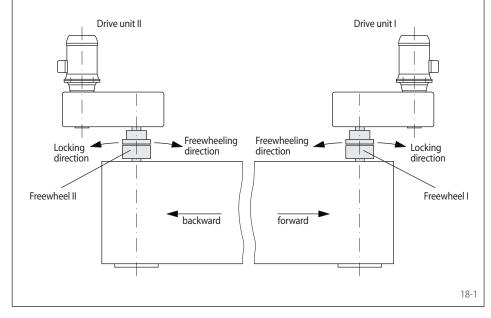
# Complete Freewheels FR ...

# **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

# for bolting to the face

in inch dimension, with sprags available in four types





			Standa	rd bores and k	eyway sizes [in	ch]			
FR 300	0,500 1/8 x 1/16	0,625 3/16 x 3/32							
FR 400	0,500 1/8 x 1/16	0,625 3/16 x 3/32	0,750 3/16 x 3/32	0,875 3/16 x 3/32	1,000 1/4 x 1/8	1,125 1/4 x 1/8			
FR 500	0,875 3/16 x 3/32	1,000 1/4 x 1/8	1,125 1/4 x 1/8	1,250 1/4 x 1/8	1,312 1/4 x 3/32				
FR 550	1,250 1/4 x 1/8	1,312 3/8 x 3/16	1,500 3/8 x 3/16	1,625 3/8 x 1/8					
FR 600	1,250 1/4 x 1/8	1,375 3/8 x 3/16	1,438 3/8 x 3/16	1,500 3/8 x 3/16	1,625 3/8 x 3/16			1,938 3/8 x 1/8	2,000 3/8 x 1/8
FR 650	1,938 1/2 x 1/4	2,000 1/2 x 1/4	2,250 1/2 x 1/4	2,438 5/8 x 1/8	2,500 5/8 x 1/8				
FR 700	1,938 1/2 x 1/4	2,000 1/2 x 1/4	2,250 1/2 x 1/4	2,438 5/8 x 5/16	2,500 5/8 x 5/16	2,750 5/8 x 7/32	2,938 5/8 x 1/8		
FR 750	2,438 5/8 x 5/16	2,500 5/8 x 5/16	2,938 3/4 x 3/8	3,000 3/4 x 3/8	3,250 3/4 x 3/16	3,438 3/4 x 1/8			
FR 775	2,750 5/8 x 5/16	2,938 3/4 x 3/8	3,000 3/4 x 3/8	3,250 3/4 x 3/8	3,438 7/8 x 5/16	3,500 7/8 x 5/16	3,750 7/8 x 1/4		
FR 800	3,000 3/4 x 3/8	3,250 3/4 x 3/8	3,438 7/8 x 7/16	3,500 7/8 x 7/16	3,750 7/8 x 7/16	3,937 1 x 1/2	4,000 1 x 1/2	4,250 1 x 3/8	4,500 1 x 1/4
FR 900	4,000 1 x 1/2	4,438 1 x 1/2		4,938 1 1/4 x 5/16	5,000 1 1/4 x 5/16	5,438 1 1/4 x 5/16			
FR1000	5,750 1 1/2 x 3/4	5,938 1 1/2 x 3/4		6,750 1 3/4 x 7/16	6,875 1 3/4 x 7/16	7,000 1 3/4 x 7/16			

#### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FR ... are sealed sprag freewheels in inch dimension with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

In addition to the standard type, three other types are available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 27 500 lb-ft.

Bores up to 7 inch. Many standard bores are available.

#### **Application example**

Complete Freewheels FRS 600 in both drive units of a transport system with a conveyor belt that moves both forward and backward (reversible operation). In order to ensure that the conveyor belt is moved under tension, forward movement is driven by drive unit I, reverse movement by drive unit II. The freewheels automatically disengage the respective non working drive, eliminating the need for expensive external clutches or brakes.

For forward movement, drive unit II is started in freewheeling direction of freewheel II; freewheel II is in freewheeling operation and disengages drive unit II from the conveyor belt. Afterwords drive unit I is started in the locking direction of the freewheel I; freewheel I is in driving operation and the conveyor belt is moved forward by drive unit I. The speed of drive unit I is lower than that of drive unit II. Thus freewheel II remains in freewheeling operation and drive unit II is not improperly engaged.

For reverse movement, the drive units are started in reverse order and direction of rotation at the corresponding speeds.

#### Mounting

The customer attachment part is centered on the external diameter D and then bolted on to the face.

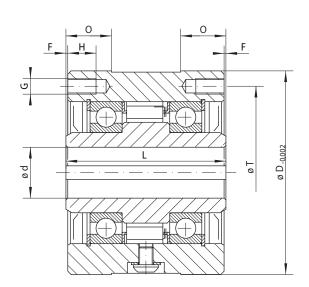
The tolerance of the shaft must be + 0 / - 0,001inch and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be - 0 / + 0,002 inch.

# Complete Freewheels FR ...

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

# for bolting to the face

in inch dimension, with sprags available in four types



19-1

Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backtop		<b>tandard typ</b> or universal u		Stan	<b>lard type - g</b> For unive		ated	Fo	r extended s	<b>rith sprag lifi</b> ervice life usir eed rotating i	ig sprag lift-of	f	For	extended	with sprag lif service life usi beed rotating	ng sprag lift-o	ff
		Max.s					speed				Max.s					Max.s	
Freewheel	Nominal	torque freewheels/ freewheels/ Freewheel torque freewheels/ freewheels/ freewheels/							Nominal torque	Sprag lift-off at inner ring	Inner ring freewheels/	Outer ring drives	Freewheel	Nominal torque	Sprag lift-off at outer ring	Outer ring freewheels/	Inner ring drives
Size	M <sub>N</sub> Ib-ft	overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Size			Freewheel Size	M <sub>N</sub> lb-ft	speed min <sup>-1</sup>	overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	Size	M <sub>N</sub> lb-ft	speed min <sup>-1</sup>	overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	
FRS 300	210	2 5 0 0	2 6 0 0	FRSG 300	210	3 6 0 0	3 6 0 0										
FRS 400	335	1 900	2100	FRSG 400	335	3 6 0 0	3 6 0 0	FRX 400	125	860	4000	340	FRZ 400	280	800	2600	320
FRS 500	800	1 400	1 900	FRSG 500	800	3 6 0 0	3 6 0 0	FRX 500	425	750	4000	300	FRZ 500	535	1 400	2050	560
FRS 550	1 5 2 5	1175			1 5 2 5	3 6 0 0	3 6 0 0	FRX 550	750	700	4000	280	FRZ 550	1 380	1 5 5 0	1 800	620
FRS 600	1950	1100		FRSG 600		3 6 0 0	3 6 0 0	FRX 600	1 0 0 0	670	4000	265	FRZ 600	1765	1450	1650	580
FRS 650	2700	900		FRSG 650		3 6 0 0	3 6 0 0	FRX 650	1750	610	4000	240	FRZ 650	2 5 0 0	1 300	1 400	520
FRS 700	5 5 2 5	790		FRSG 700		1 800	1 800	FRX 700	4050	350	3 6 0 0	140	FRZ 700	5250	1160	1 200	465
FRS 750	9350	790		FRSG 750	9350	1 800	1 800	FRX 750	7 500	320	2400	125	FRZ 750	8750	1160	1 200	465
FRS 775	8 5 0 0	750			8 5 0 0	1 800	1 800	FRX 775	7 400	320	2100	125	FRZ 775	6500	950	1 0 5 0	380
FRS 800	11100	700		FRSG 800		1 800	1 800	FRX 800 FRX 900	14500	250	1 800	100	FRZ 800	8700	880	975	350
FRS 900	16800	700		FRSG 900					15000	250	650	100	FRZ 900	13 000	720	925	288
FRS 1000	27500	630		FRSG 1000		1 200	1 200										

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Freewheel					Bore	ed					D	F	G	L	Н	0	Т	Z*	Weight
Size					Standard					max.			Thread						
					inch					inch	inch	inch		inch	inch	inch	inch		lbs
FR 300	0,500	0,650	0,750							0,750	3,000	0,063	0,250-28	2,500	0,375	0,750	2,625	4	3,5
FR 400	0,500	0,625	0,750	0,875	1,000	1,125				1,125	3,500	0,032	0,312-24	2,750	0,500	0,750	2,875	4	6,0
FR 500	0,875	1,000	1,125	1,250	1,312					1,312	4,250	0,063	0,312-24	3,500	0,625	1,000	3,625	4	10,0
FR 550	1,250	1,312	1,500	1,625						1,625	4,750	0,063	0,312-24	3,250	0,540	0,750	4,250	6	12,0
FR 600	1,250	1,375	1,438	1,500	1,625	1,688	1,750	1,938	2,000	2,000	5,375	0,063	0,312-24	3,750	0,625	1,000	4,750	6	19,0
FR 650	1,938	2,000	2,250	2,438	2,500					2,500	6,500	0,063	0,375-24	3,500	0,750	1,000	5,750	8	24,0
FR 700	1,938	2,000	2,250	2,438	2,500	2,750	2,938			2,938	7,125	0,063	0,375-24	5,000	0,750	1,000	6,250	8**	42,0
FR 750	2,438	2,500	2,938	3,000	3,250	3,438				3,438	8,750	0,063	0,500-20	6,000	0,875	1,250	7,000	8**	83,0
FR 775	2,750	2,938	3,000	3,250	3,438	3,500	3,750			3,750	9,750	0,063	0,500-20	6,000	0,875	1,250	8,500	8	96,0
FR 800	3,000	3,250	3,438	3,500	3,750	3,937	4,000	4,250	4,500	4,500	10,000	0,063	0,500-20	6,000	0,875	1,250	8,937	8	102,0
FR 900	4,000	4,438	4,500	4,938	5,000	5,438				5,438	12,000	0,063	0,625-18	6,375	1,000	1,375	9,750	10	156,0
FR1000	5,750	5,938	6,000	6,750	6,875	7,000				7,000	15,000	0,063	0,625-18	6,625	1,000	1,375	11,750	12	250,0

\* Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.
 \*\* Six holes are equally spaced 60° apart with two additional holes located 30° from the six equally spaced holes and 180° apart.
 Conversion factors: 1 lb-ft = 1,35 Nm, 1 inch = 25,4 mm, 1 lbs = 0,453 kg.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FR ... 700, type with sprag lift-off Z and 2 inch bore:

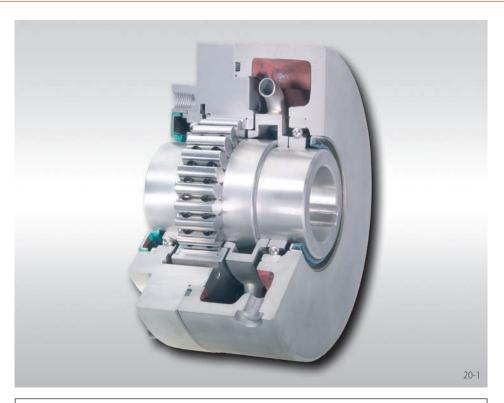
• FRZ 700, d = 2 inch

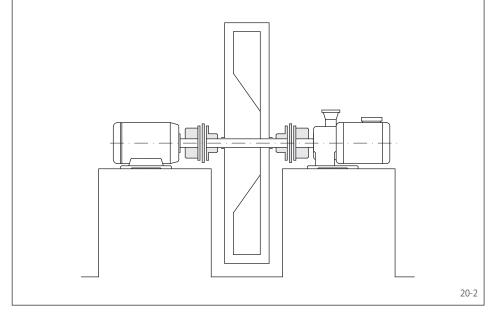
# **Complete Freewheels FKh**

# **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

# for bolting to the face

# with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off for multimotor drives





#### **Application as**

#### Overrunning Clutch

at high speeds, which are the same or similiar in freewheeling operation and in driving operation.

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FKh with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off are typically used in installations where an assembly can be driven from two or more motors or turbines at the same or similar high speed.

Complete Freewheels FKh are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

Nominal torques up to 14 000 Nm.

Bores up to 95 mm.

#### **Application example**

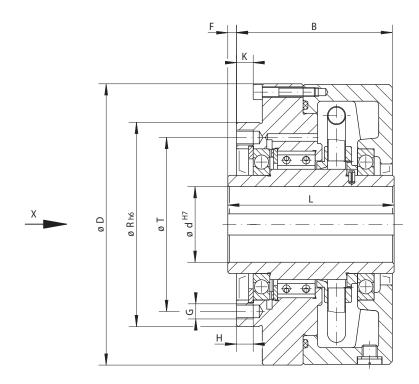
Two Complete Freewheels FKh 28 ATR as overrunning clutches in the drive system of a fan. The fan can be driven either by an electric motor or by a turbine. The freewheels between the fan and the two drive assemblies automatically engage the working drive with the fan and in each case disengage the drive that is no longer giving power. The freewheels replace actuated clutches, which require an additional activation when changing over from one drive to another. The hydrodynamic sprag lift-off is the most suitable type for a wear-free freewheeling operation if the speeds in driving operation are the same or similarly high to those speeds in freewheeling operation.

# **Complete Freewheels FKh**

# RINGSPANN®

# for bolting to the face

with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off for multimotor drives



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**Complete Freewheels** 

Overrunning Clutch		For extended se	Irodynamic sprag rvice life using spra red rotating outer i	ag lift-off							Dimensions						
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Max.s Outer ring overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	peed Inner ring drives min <sup>-1</sup>	Bore d           Standard mm         max. mm		B	D	F	G**	H	K	L	R	T	Z**	Weight
FKh 24	ATR	1 100	3 000	3 000	35	40*	90	170	1,0	M 10	11	9	95	135	115	6	9,6
FKh 28	ATR	1 800	2 000	2 000	45	50*	103	186	1,0	M 10	11	11	105	135	115	12	14,0
FKh 94	ATR	2 500	1 800	1 800	60	60	112	210	7,0	M 10	16	9	120	170	150	10	19,0
FKh 106	ATR	4 200	1 600	1 600	70	75*	116	250	7,5	M 12	18	8	125	200	180	12	25,0
FKh 148	ATR	7 000	1 600	1 600	80	95*	156	291	7,5	M 16	25	9	165	250	225	12	52,0
FKh 2.53	ATR	14 000	1 600	1 600	90	95*	241	345	2,0	M 16	25	6	245	250	220	16	98,0

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

\* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.
 \*\* Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

#### Mounting

The customer attachment part is centered on the diameter R and then bolted on to the face.

The installation must invariably take place in such a way that the drive (driving operation) is carried out via the inner ring and the outer ring overruns in freewheeling operation.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FKh 28, type with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off and 45 mm bore:

• FKh 28 ATR, d = 45 mm

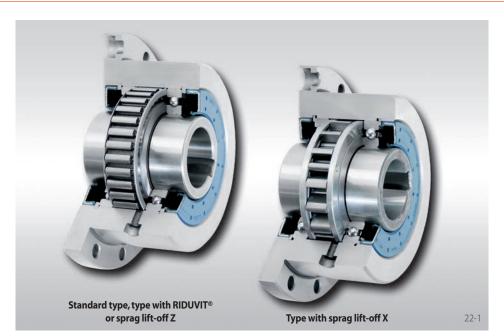
When ordering, please also specify the freewheel direction of the outer ring when viewed in direction X:

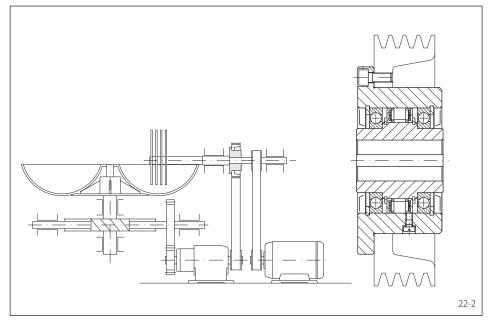
- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

# **Complete Freewheels FBF**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

# with mounting flange with sprags, available in four types





#### Mounting

The customer attachment part is centered on the external diameter D and then bolted on to the face via the flange.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

#### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FBF with mounting flange are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

In addition to the standard type, three other types are available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 160 000 Nm.

Bores up to 300 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

#### **Application example**

Complete Freewheel FBF 72 DX as an overrunning clutch in the drive of a meat processing machine (chopper). During the mixing process, the gear motor drives the bowl via the gear wheel drive and simultaneously the knife shaft via the belt drive and the locked freewheel. In the cutting process, the knife shaft is driven by a second motor at high speed. By doing so, the inner ring overruns the outer ring that is driven by the gear motor and the gear motor is automatically disengaged. With the high speed of the inner ring in freewheeling operation, the type sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FBF 72, type with sprag lift-off X and 40 mm bore:

• FBF 72 DX, d = 40 mm

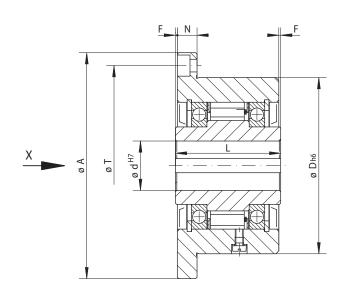
When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

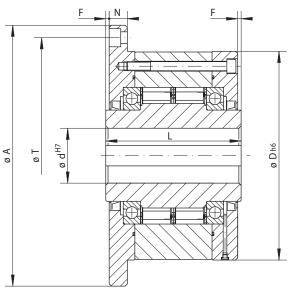
- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

# **Complete Freewheels FBF**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

# with mounting flange with sprags, available in four types





Size FBF 340 to FBF 440

23-2

**Complete Freewheels** 

Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backeton			dard type hiversal use			For exten	th RIDUVIT® ded service lif pated sprags			For extende	<b>be with sprag lif</b> ed service life usir a speed rotating i	ng sprag lift-o	off		For extend	<b>pe with sprag lif</b> ed service life usi h speed rotating	ng sprag lift-o	off
<u>n</u> S																		
Freewhe Size	el Type	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Max.: Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	speed Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	speed Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Sprag lift-off at inner ring speed min <sup>-1</sup>	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	peed Outer ring drives min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Sprag lift-off at outer ring speed min <sup>-1</sup>	Max.s Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	peed Inner ring drives min <sup>-1</sup>
	4 CF	45	4800	5 500	CFT	45	4800	5 500										
FBF 2		80	3 500	4000	CFT	80	3 500	4000										
FBF 3		200	2 500	2600	SFT	200	2 500	2600						CZ	110	850	3 0 0 0	340
FBF 4		320	1 900	2 2 0 0	SFT	320	1 900	2 2 0 0	DX	130	860	1 900	344	CZ	180	800	2600	320
FBF 5		630	1 400	1750	SFT	630	1 400	1750	DX	460	750	1 400	300	LZ	430	1 400	2100	560
FBF 7		1 2 5 0	1120	1600	SFT	1 2 5 0	1120	1600	DX	720	700	1 1 5 0	280	LZ	760	1 2 2 0	1800	488
FBF 8		1800	1 0 2 5	1 4 5 0	SFT	1 800	1 0 2 5	1 450	DX	1 000	670	1 050	268	SFZ	1700	1 450	1600	580
FBF 10		2 5 0 0	880	1 2 5 0	SFT	2500	880	1 2 5 0	DX	1 500	610	900	244	SFZ	2500	1 300	1 3 5 0	520
FBF 12		5000	800	1150	SFT	5000	800	1150	SX	3400	380	800	152	SFZ	5000	1 200	1 200	480
FBF 14		10000	750	1100	SFT	10000	750	1100	SX	7 500	320	750	128	SFZ	10000	950	1150	380
FBF 20		20000	630	900	SFT	20000	630	900	SX	23000	240	630	96	SFZ	20000	680	900	272
FBF 27		40 000	510	750	SFT	40 000	510	750	UX	40 000	210	510	84	SFZ	37 500	600	750	240
FBF 34		80 000	460	630	SFT	80 000	460	630										
FBF 44	0 SF	160 000	400	550	SFT	160 000	400	550										

23-1

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Size FBF 24 to FBF 270

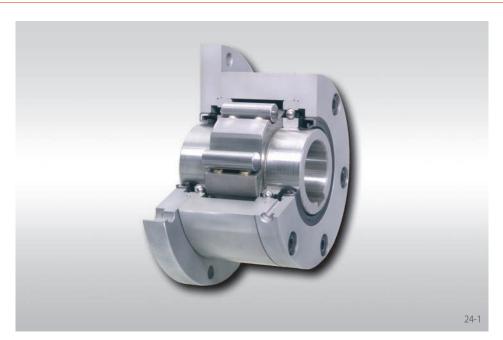
Freew	vheel	Bo	re d	А	D	F	G**	L	N	Т	Z**	Weight
Siz		Standard	max.									
		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm		kg
FBF	24	12	14*	85	62	1,0	M 5	50	10	72	3	1,1
FBF	29	15	17*	92	68	1,0	M 5	52	11	78	3	1,3
FBF	37	20	22*	98	75	0,5	M 5	48	11	85	8	1,5
FBF	44	25*	25*	118	90	0,5	M 6	50	12	104	8	2,3
FBF	57	30	32*	128	100	0,5	M 6	65	12	114	12	3,2
FBF	72	40	42*	160	125	1,0	M 8	74	14	142	12	5,8
FBF	82	50*	50*	180	135	2,0	M 10	75	16	155	8	7,0
FBF	107	60	65*	214	170	2,5	M 10	90	18	192	10	12,6
FBF	127	70	75*	250	200	3,0	M 12	112	20	225	12	21,4
FBF	140	90	95*	315	250	5,0	M 16	150	22	280	12	46,0
FBF	200	120	120	370	300	5,0	M 16	160	25	335	16	68,0
FBF	270	140	150	490	400	6,0	M 20	212	32	450	16	163,0
FBF	340	180	240	615	500	7,5	M 24	265	40	560	18	300,0
FBF	440	220	300	775	630	7,5	M 30	315	50	710	18	564,0

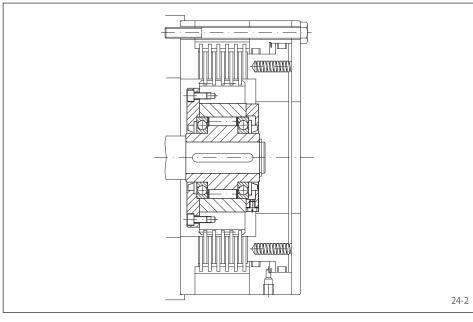
Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.
 Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.
 \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.
 \*\* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN EN ISO 4762) on pitch circle T.

# **Complete Freewheels FGR .... R A1A2**

# **RINGSPANN®**

# with mounting flange with rollers





#### **Application as**



#### Features

Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A1A2 with mounting flange are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are oil lubricated. Nominal torques up to 68 000 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.

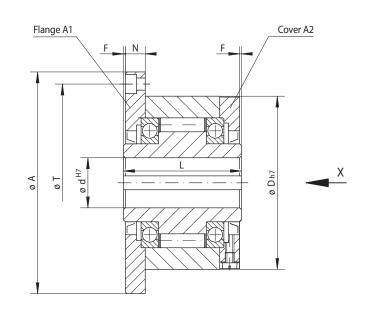
#### **Application example**

Complete Freewheel FGR 50 R A1A2, used in a hydraulically released, spring actuated multidisk brake for winch drives. When the load is lifted, the multiple-disk brake is closed and the inner ring is freewheeling. At a standstill, the freewheel functions as a backstop. The load is held by the brake and the locked freewheel. When lowering, the brake is released with control and the load is lowered via the locked freewheel. By using the freewheel, the hydraulic control could be designed in an simpler and more cost-effective manner.

# **Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A1A2**

# **RINGSPANN®**

# with mounting flange with rollers



25-1

ng Freewheel Inning Clutch Backstop	<b>Standard type</b> For universal use	Dimensions
Indexir Overru		

						D		D	F	Cž		N	Ŧ	7×	147.1.1.1
		<b>E</b> 1	Manadarat	Max.s		Bore	A	D	F	G*	L	N		Z*	Weight
En la dest		Flange	Nominal	Inner ring	Outerring	d									
Freewheel	<b>T</b>	and cover	torque	freewheels/	freewheels/										
Size	Туре	combination	MN	overruns	overruns										1
			Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm		kg
FGR 12	R	A1A2	55	2 500	5 400	12	85	62	1	M 5	42	10,0	72	3	1,2
FGR 15	R	A1A2	130	2 200	4800	15	92	68	1	M 5	52	11,0	78	3	1,6
FGR 20	R	A1A2	180	1 900	4 1 0 0	20	98	75	1	M 5	57	10,5	85	4	1,9
FGR 25	R	A1A2	290	1 550	3 350	25	118	90	1	M 6	60	11,5	104	4	2,9
FGR 30	R	A1A2	500	1 400	3 0 5 0	30	128	100	1	M 6	68	11,5	114	6	3,9
FGR 35	R	A1A2	730	1 300	2850	35	140	110	1	M 6	74	13,5	124	6	4,9
FGR 40	R	A1A2	1 0 0 0	1 1 5 0	2 500	40	160	125	1	M 8	86	15,5	142	6	7,5
FGR 45	R	A1A2	1150	1 100	2 400	45	165	130	1	M 8	86	15,5	146	8	7,8
FGR 50	R	A1A2	2100	950	2 0 5 0	50	185	150	1	M 8	94	14,0	166	8	10,8
FGR 55	R	A1A2	2600	900	1 900	55	204	160	1	M 10	104	18,0	182	8	14,0
FGR 60	R	A1A2	3 500	800	1 800	60	214	170	1	M 10	114	17,0	192	10	16,8
FGR 70	R	A1A2	6000	700	1 600	70	234	190	1	M 10	134	18,5	212	10	20,8
FGR 80	R	A1A2	6800	600	1 400	80	254	210	1	M 10	144	21,0	232	10	27,0
FGR 90	R	A1A2	11000	500	1 300	90	278	230	1	M 12	158	20,5	254	10	40,0
FGR 100	R	A1A2	20000	350	1 1 0 0	100	335	270	1	M 16	182	30,0	305	10	67,0
FGR 130	R	A1A2	31000	250	900	130	380	310	1	M 16	212	29,0	345	12	94,0
FGR 150	R	A1A2	68000	200	700	150	485	400	1	M 20	246	32,0	445	12	187,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN EN ISO 4762) on pitch circle T.

#### Mounting

Basic Freewheel, flange, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose. These must be assembled by the customer with regard to the required freewheeling direction into the Complete Freewheel. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality. Upon request, assembled Complete Freewheels already oil-filled can be supplied. The customer attachment part is centered on the external diameter D and bolted on via flange A1.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FGR 25, standard type with flange A1 and cover A2:

• FGR 25 R A1A2

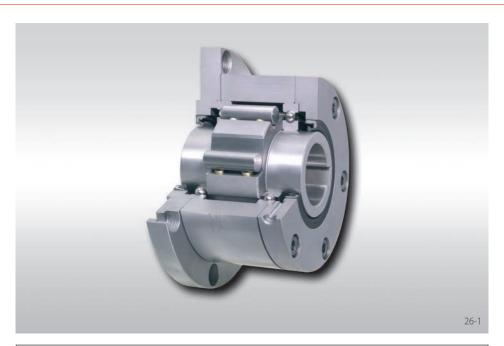
Basic Freewheel, flange, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose provided nothing else is stated in the order. If assembled, oil-filled, Complete Freewheels are to be supplied, this must be specified in the order. When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

# **Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A2A7**

# **RINGSPANN®**

# with mounting flange with rollers



# 262

#### **Application as**



#### Features

Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A2A7 with mounting flange are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are oil lubricated. Nominal torques up to 68 000 Nm. Bores up to 150 mm.

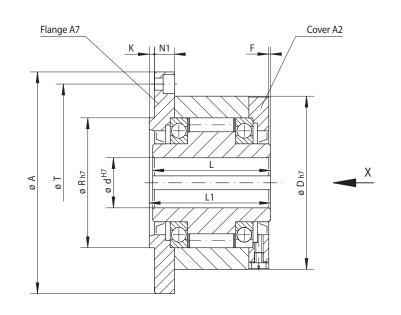
#### **Application example**

Complete Freewheel FGR 50 R A2A7 in a feed unit for sheet material. The drive is transmitted via the inner ring of the freewheel, which drives the feed rollers of the sprocket. Hence the sheet material is transported with the help of the freewheel. During the handover of the material into the next machine the material is able to overrun the drive unit.

# Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A2A7

# **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

# with mounting flange with rollers



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ng Freewheel unning Clutch Backstop		<b>Standard</b> For univers	<b>type</b> al use							Dimensions	5					
Indexing	_															
			Max speed	Bore	Α	D	F	G*	K		11	N1	R	Т	7*	Weight

				Max	speed	Bore	Α	D	F	G*	К	L	L1	N1	R	Т	Z*	Weight
		Flange	Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring	d		-		-		_						
Freewheel		and cover	torque	freewheels/	freewheels/													
Size	Туре	combination	MN	overruns	overruns													
			Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FGR 12	R	A2A7	55	2 500	5 400	12	85	62	1	M 5	3,0	42	44	10,0	42	72	3	1,2
FGR 15	R	A2A7	130	2 200	4800	15	92	68	1	M 5	3,0	52	54	11,0	47	78	3	1,6
FGR 20	R	A2A7	180	1 900	4 1 0 0	20	98	75	1	M 5	3,0	57	59	10,5	55	85	4	1,9
FGR 25	R	A2A7	290	1 550	3 3 5 0	25	118	90	1	M 6	3,0	60	62	11,5	68	104	4	2,9
FGR 30	R	A2A7	500	1 400	3 0 5 0	30	128	100	1	M 6	3,0	68	70	11,5	75	114	6	3,9
FGR 35	R	A2A7	730	1 300	2 8 5 0	35	140	110	1	M 6	3,5	74	76	13,0	80	124	6	4,9
FGR 40	R	A2A7	1 0 0 0	1 1 5 0	2 500	40	160	125	1	M 8	3,5	86	88	15,0	90	142	6	7,5
FGR 45	R	A2A7	1150	1 100	2 4 0 0	45	165	130	1	M 8	3,5	86	88	15,0	95	146	8	7,8
FGR 50	R	A2A7	2100	950	2 0 5 0	50	185	150	1	M 8	4,0	94	96	13,0	110	166	8	10,8
FGR 55	R	A2A7	2600	900	1 900	55	204	160	1	M 10	4,0	104	106	17,0	115	182	8	14,0
FGR 60	R	A2A7	3 500	800	1 800	60	214	170	1	M 10	4,0	114	116	16,0	125	192	10	16,8
FGR 70	R	A2A7	6000	700	1 600	70	234	190	1	M 10	4,0	134	136	17,5	140	212	10	20,8
FGR 80	R	A2A7	6800	600	1 400	80	254	210	1	M 10	4,0	144	146	20,0	160	232	10	27,0
FGR 90	R	A2A7	11000	500	1 300	90	278	230	1	M 12	4,5	158	160	19,0	180	254	10	40,0
FGR 100	R	A2A7	20000	350	1 1 0 0	100	335	270	1	M 16	5,0	182	184	28,0	210	305	10	67,0
FGR 130	R	A2A7	31000	250	900	130	380	310	1	M 16	5,0	212	214	27,0	240	345	12	94,0
FGR 150	R	A2A7	68000	200	700	150	485	400	1	M 20	5,0	246	248	30,0	310	445	12	187,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

\* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN EN ISO 4762) on pitch circle T.

#### Mounting

Basic Freewheel, flange, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose. These must be assembled by the customer with regard to the required freewheeling direction into the Complete Freewheel. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality. Upon request, assembled Complete Freewheels already oil-filled can be supplied. The customer attachment part is centered on the pilot diameter R and bolted on to the face via flange A7. Hence, Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A2A7 are particularly suitable for attaching smaller and narrower parts (sprockets, gear wheels etc.).

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FGR 25, standard type with cover A2 and flange A7:

• FGR 25 R A2A7

Basic Freewheel, flange, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose provided nothing else is stated in the order.

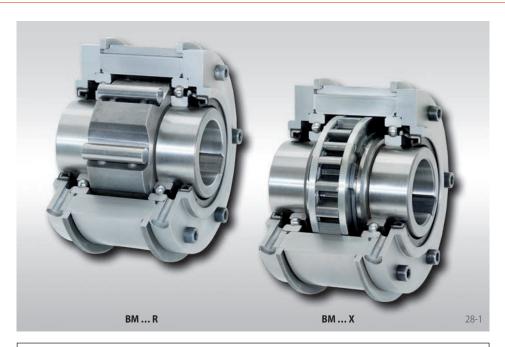
If assembled, oil-filled, Complete Freewheels are to be supplied, this must be specified in the order. When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

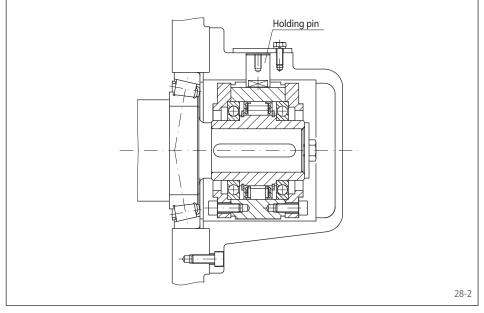
- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

# **Complete Freewheels BM**

# **RINGSPANN®**

# for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers or with sprag lift-off X





#### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Complete Freewheels BM are sealed freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

Besides the standard type, the type with sprag lift-off X is available for wearfree freewheeling operation at high speed rotating inner ring.

Nominal torques up to 57 500 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

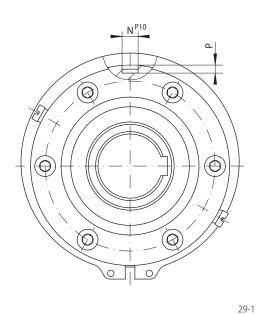
#### **Application example**

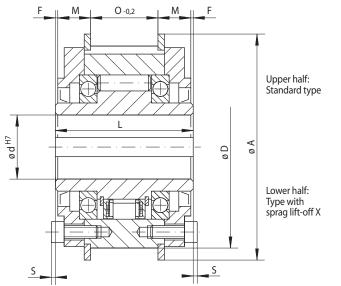
Complete Freewheel BM 60 SX as a backstop, arranged at the end of the intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox. The freewheel is used without the radial seal rings on each side, and is lubricated by the gearbox oil. A radial holding pin engages in the keyway of the outer ring. The backdriving torque is supported by the holding pin in the stationary housing. By removing the radial holding pin, the installation can be turned in both directions in order to carry out maintenance work. With the high shaft speed in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the type with sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

# **Complete Freewheels BM**

for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers or with sprag lift-off X





29-2

Indexing Freewneel Overrunning Clutch	Backstop			idard type niversal use			For extende	<b>pe with sprag</b> ed service life u h speed rotation	ising sprags l	ift-off						Dimer	nsions					
Overru																						
				Max.s					Max.s	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Bo		A	D	F	L	М	N	0	Р	S	Weight
	11		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring		Nominal	Sprag lift-off	Inner ring	Outer ring	d											
Freew		Type	torque M <sub>N</sub>	freewheels/ overruns	freewheels/ overruns	Туре	torque M <sub>N</sub>	at inner ring speed	freewheels/ overruns	drives	Standard	max.										
JIZ	20	Type	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	type	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
BM	12	R	150	1750	3 5 0 0						15	15	84	70	0.75	68	15,75	5	35	3,0	3,0	1,5
BM	15	R	230	1650	3 3 0 0						20	20	94	80	0,75	70	15,75	5	37	3,0	3,0	2,0
BM	18	R	340	1 5 5 0	3100						25	25	111	95	0,75	70	16,25	8	36	4,0	3,0	2,9
BM	20	R	420	1 4 5 0	2900	DX	420	750	1700	300	30	30	121	105	0,75	77	20,25	8	35	4,0	2,5	3,8
BM	25	R	800	1 250	2500	DX	700	700	1600	280	40	40	144	125	0,75	93	22,25	10	47	5,0	2,5	6,6
BM	28	R	1 200	1100	2200						45	45	155	135	0,75	95	23,25	12	47	5,0	4,0	7,8
BM	30	R	1600	1 000	2000	DX	1 2 5 0	630	1 600	252	50	50	171	150	0,75	102	24,25	12	52	5,0	4,0	10,3
BM	35	R	1800	900	1800						55	55	182	160	0,75	110	24,25	14	60	5,5	4,0	12,5
BM	40	R	3 500	800	1600	SX	1 900	430	1 500	172	60	60	202	180	0,75	116	25,25	16	64	6,0	6,5	17,4
BM	45	R	7100	750	1500	SX	2300	400	1 500	160	70	70	218	195	1,25	130	24,75	20	78	7,5	8,5	22,4
BM	50	R	7 500	700	1 400						75	75	227	205	1,25	132	26,75	20	76	7,5	8,5	24,2
BM	52	R	9300	650	1300	SX	5600	320	1500	128	80	80	237	215	1,75	150	33,75	25	79	9,0	8,5	31,1
BM	55	R	12500	550	1100	SX	7700	320	1250	128	90	90	267	245	1,75	170	35,25	25	96	9,0	6,5	45,6
BM BM	60	R	14500	500	1000	SX SX	14500 21000	250 240	1100	100 96	100	105	314	290	1,75	206	40,25	28	122	10,0	6,5	78,2
BM	70 80	R	22500 25000	425 375	850 750	27	21000	240	1 000	96	120 130	120 130	350 380	320 350	1,25 1,75	215 224	44,75 46,25	28 32	123 128	10,0 11,0	9,0 8,5	93,4 116,8
BM	80 90	R	33 500	375	700						140	140	400	370	2,75	224	40,25	32	120	11,0	ە,ە 7,5	136.7
BM	90	R	35000	300	600						140	140	400	390	2,75	230	53,25	36	132	12,0	6,5	159,3
	100	R	57 500	250	500	υx	42 500	210	750	84	150	150	450	410	3,75	249	56,25	36	156	12,0	11,5	198,4

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times. The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

The customer attachment part is connected via a keyway connection with the outer ring. The customer must provide the key required for assembling the attachment part.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

# **Example for ordering**

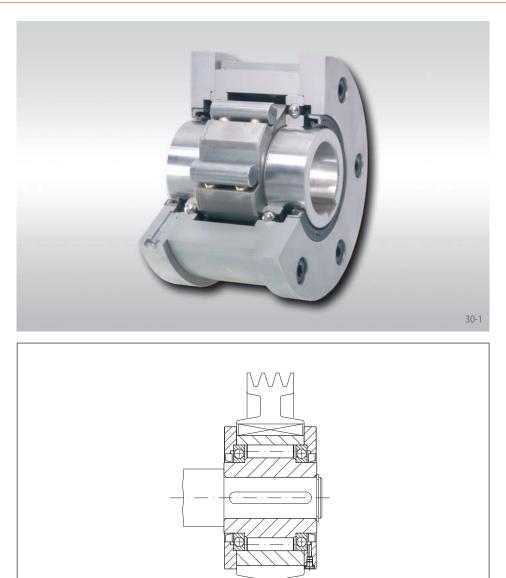
Freewheel size BM 20, standard type and 30 mm bore:

• BM 20 R, d = 30 mm

# **Complete Freewheels FGRN ... R A5A6**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

# for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers



# **Application as**



#### Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FGRN ... R A5A6 are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are oil lubricated.

Nominal torques up to 6 800 Nm.

Bores up to 80 mm.

# Application example

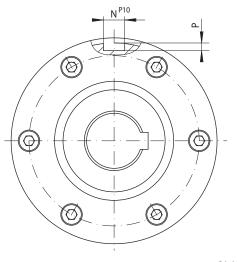
30-2

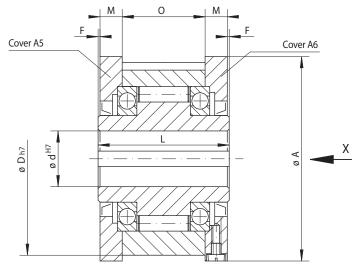
Complete Freewheel FGRN 45 R as an overrunning clutch on the shaft end of a mobile fan. In normal operation, the fan is driven by a diesel motor via the V-belt drive. By doing so, the freewheel works in driving operation. When the motor is turned off, the freewheel automatically disengages the rotating flywheel mass of the fan from the drive. In this operating state, the inner ring overruns the stationary outer ring; the freewheel works in freewheeling operation.

# **Complete Freewheels FGRN ... R A5A6**

# RINGSPANN®

# for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers





31-1

dexing Freewheel rerrunning Clutch Backstop		Standard For universa	<b>type</b> al use						Dime	nsions				
Overrunn														
		Nominal	Max.: Inner ring	speed Outer ring	Bore d	A	D	F	L	М	N	Р	0	Weight

				IVIAX.S	speea	Bore	A	U	F	L	IVI	IN	۲	0	weight
			Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring	d									
Freewheel		Cover	Torque	freewheels/	freewheels/										
Size	Туре	combination	MN	overruns	overruns										
			Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FGRN 12	R	A5A6	55	2 500	5 400	12	70	62	1	42	10,0	4	2,5	20	1,2
FGRN 15	R	A5A6	130	2 200	4800	15	76	68	1	52	11,0	5	3,0	28	1,6
FGRN 20	R	A5A6	180	1 900	4 100	20	84	75	1	57	10,5	6	3,5	34	1,9
FGRN 25	R	A5A6	290	1 550	3 350	25	99	90	1	60	11,5	8	4,0	35	2,9
FGRN 30	R	A5A6	500	1 400	3 0 5 0	30	109	100	1	68	11,5	8	4,0	43	3,9
FGRN 35	R	A5A6	730	1 300	2850	35	119	110	1	74	13,5	10	5,0	45	4,9
FGRN 40	R	A5A6	1 0 0 0	1 1 5 0	2 500	40	135	125	1	86	15,5	12	5,0	53	7,5
FGRN 45	R	A5A6	1150	1 100	2 400	45	140	130	1	86	15,5	14	5,5	53	7,8
FGRN 50	R	A5A6	2100	950	2 0 5 0	50	160	150	1	94	14,0	14	5,5	64	10,8
FGRN 55	R	A5A6	2600	900	1 900	55	170	160	1	104	18,0	16	6,0	66	14,0
FGRN 60	R	A5A6	3 5 0 0	800	1 800	60	182	170	1	114	17,0	18	7,0	78	16,8
FGRN 70	R	A5A6	6000	700	1 600	70	202	190	1	134	18,5	20	7,5	95	20,8
FGRN 80	R	A5A6	6800	600	1 400	80	222	210	1	144	21,0	22	9,0	100	27,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

Basic Freewheel, covers, seals and screws are supplied loose. These must be assembled by the customer with regard to the required freewheeling direction into the Complete Freewheel. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality. Upon request, assembled Complete Freewheels already oil-filled can be supplied.

The customer attachment part is connected via a keyway connection with the outer ring. The customer must provide the key required for assembling the attachment part.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter D of the attachment part must be ISO H7 or J7.

# **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FGRN 60, standard type with flange A5 and cover A6:

• FGRN 60 R A5A6

Basic Freewheel, covers, seals and screws are supplied loose provided nothing else is stated in the order.

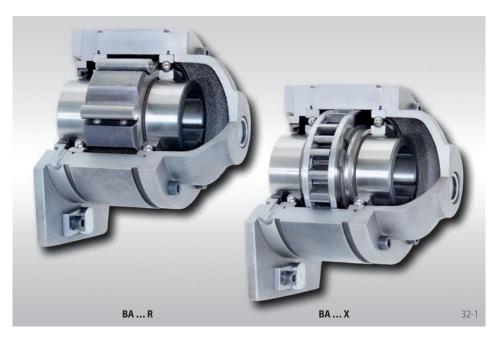
If assembled, oil-filled, Complete Freewheels are to be supplied, this must be specified in the order. When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

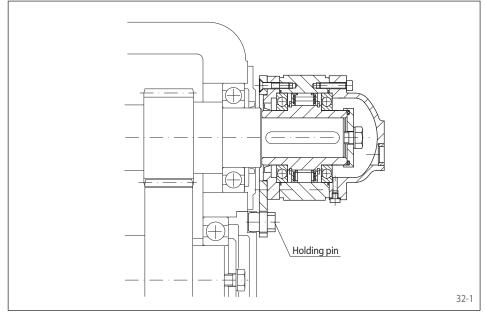
- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

# **Complete Freewheels BA**

# with lever arm

with rollers or with sprag lift-off X





# **Application as**

Backstop

#### Features

Complete Freewheels BA with lever arm are sealed freewheels with ball bearings.

The freewheels BA have an end cover and are fitted to shaft ends. The oil filling is carried out after the freewheel has been fitted to the end of the shaft.

Besides the standard type, the type with sprag lift-off X is available for wearfree freewheeling operation at high speed rotating inner ring.

Nominal torques up to 57 500 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

# **Application example**

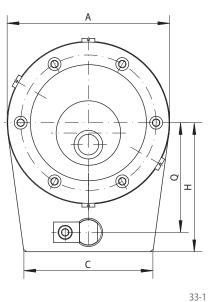
Complete Freewheel BA 45 SX as a backstop, arranged at the end of the intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox. The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin on the gearbox housing. If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions. With the high shaft speed in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the type with sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

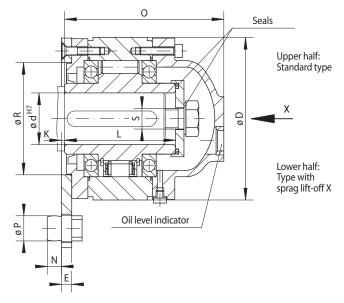
# **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

# **Complete Freewheels BA**

# RINGSPANN®

with lever arm with rollers or with sprag lift-off X





Standard type Type with sprag lift-off X Dimensions **Backstop** For universal use For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating inner ring Sprag lift-of Max.speed Max, speed Bore Weight N S A Nominal Nominal at inner ring Inner ring Inner rina or Scre Freewhee freewheels Torque speed Torque freewheels M<sub>N</sub> Nm M<sub>N</sub> Nm Standard max Size Туре Туре min<sup>-1</sup> min<sup>-1</sup> min-1 mm kg M 6 BA R 4.5 11.5 R BA Μ6 4,5 13.5 BA R 4.5 15.5 M 10 R DX BA M 10 2,5 19.5 DX RΑ R 2.5 19.5 M 12 BA R 1 200 3,5 24.5 M 12 DX 1 1 0 0 BA R 1 600 3,5 27.5 M 16 BA R 1 800 M 16 3,5 33.5 SX 1 400 1 500 BA R 3 500 5,5 37.5 M 16 BA R 7 1 0 0 SX 2 300 7,0 41.5 M 16 ΒA R 7 500 7,0 41.5 M 16 SX BA R 9 300 4 900 4,5 41,5 M 20 BA R 12 500 SX 6 5 0 0 3,5 49 5 M 20 ΒA R 14 500 SX 14 500 8.5 60.0 M 24 BA R 22 500 SX 21 000 14,0 65.0 M 24 BA R 25 000 18,5 65,0 M 24 BA R 33 500 22.5 70,0 M 30 BA R 35 000 27,5 70,0 M 30 UX ΒA R 57 500 42 500 31.5 80.0 M 30 

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times. The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin. The holding pin engages in a slot or bore in the frame of the machine. It must have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

For freewheels BA, the inner ring must be secured axially with the supplied retainer plate. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size BA 30, type with sprag lift-off X and 50 mm bore:

• BA 30 DX, d = 50 mm

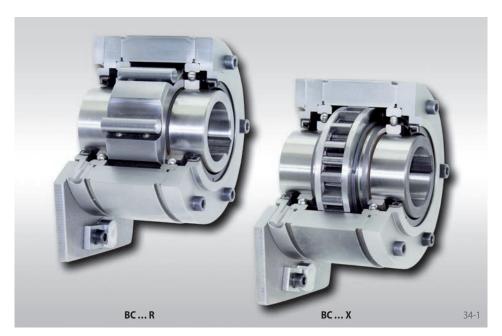
When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

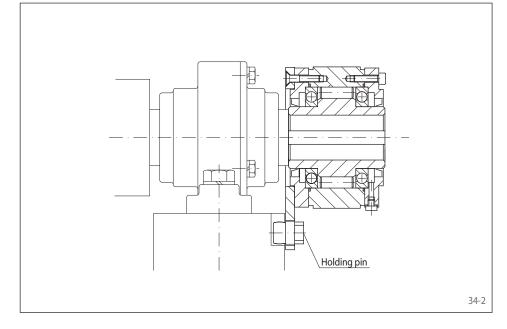
- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

# **Complete Freewheels BC**

# with lever arm

with rollers or with sprag lift-off X





# **Application as**

Backstop

#### Features

Complete Freewheels BC with lever arm are sealed freewheels with ball bearings.

Freewheels BC are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation. They are arranged on through shafts or shaft ends.

Besides the standard type, the type with sprag lift-off X is available for wearfree freewheeling operation at high speed rotating inner ring. Nominal torgues up to 57 500 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

#### **Application example**

Complete Freewheel BC 90 R as a backstop on the end of a transport roller. The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin on the base. If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions.

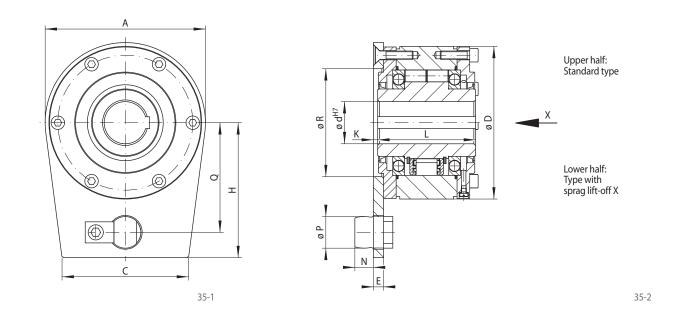
# RINGSPANN®

# **Complete Freewheels BC**

# **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

**Complete Freewheels** 

with lever arm with rollers or with sprag lift-off X



a																							
Backstop		Standard For univers		- Fee		i <b>th sprag lift-o</b> rvice life using s									Dimen	isions							
Bac		FOI UNIVERS	diuse	FUI	at high spe	ed rotating inn	er ring																
					arnignspc	curotatinginin	criting																
- 4																							
			Maxanana			Sprag lift-off	Maxana	Во		٨	C	D	E	Н	V		N	0	P	0	D	S	Mainha
		Nominal	Max.speed Inner ring		Nominal	at inner ring	Max. speed Inner ring	bu d		A	C	U	C	п	N	L	IN	0	Р	Q	n	5 for Screw	Weight
Freewheel		Torque	freewheels		Torque	speed	freewheels															IOI SCICW	
Size	Type	MN	incentinceto	Туре	M <sub>N</sub>	speed		Standard	max.														
		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	1	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
BC 12	R	150	1750					15	15	71	50	71	8	53	4,5	68	9	91	11,5	42	45	M 6	2
BC 15	R	230	1650					20	20	81	60	81	8	62	4,5	70	9	93	13,5	50	50	M 6	3
BC 18	R	340	1 5 5 0					25	25	96	70	96	8	73	4,5	70	9	96	15,5	60	60	M 10	4
BC 20	R	420	1450	DX	400	750	1700	30	30	110	90	106	8	80	2,5	77	11	104	19,5	65	70	M 10	5
BC 25	R	800	1 2 5 0	DX	650	700	1 600	40	40	126	100	126	8	90	2,5	93	11	125	19,5	75	80	M 12	8
BC 28	R	1 200	1100					45	45	140	110	136	10	105	3,5	95	14	129	24,5	85	90	M 12	9
BC 30	R	1 600	1 0 0 0	DX	1 100	630	1600	50	50	155	120	151	10	120	3,5	102	16	140	27,5	95	100	M 16	12
BC 35	R	1 800	900					55	55	170	130	161	10	140	3,5	110	19	151	33,5	112	110	M 16	15
BC 40	R	3 500	800	SX	1 400	430	1 500	60	60	190	150	181	12	160	5,5	116	22	160	37,5	130	120	M 16	20
BC 45	R	7 100	750	SX	2 300	400	1 500	70	70	210	160	196	14	175	7,0	130	26	176	41,5	140	130	M 16	25
BC 50	R	7 500	700	614	1000	222	4 500	75	75	220	180	206	14	185	7,0	132	26	178	41,5	150	140	M 16	30
BC 52 BC 55	R	9 300	650	SX	4 900	320	1 500	80	80	230	190	216 246	14	200	4,5	150	26	208	41,5	160	150	M 20	35
	R	12 500	550	SX	6 500	320	1 2 5 0	90	90	255	200		15	210	3,5	170	29	228	49,5	170	160	M 20	50
BC 60 BC 70	R	14 500 22 500	500	SX SX	14 500 21 000	250	1 100 1 000	100 120	105 120	295 335	220 260	291 321	20	250	8,5	206	35	273 291	60,0	200	190 210	M 24 M 24	91
BC 70 BC 80	R	22 500	425 375	SX	21000	240	1000	120	120	335 360	260	321	25 30	280 280	14,0 18,5	215 224	39 39	302	65,0 65,0	225 225	210	M 24	115 150
BC 80	R	33 500	375					140	140	385	300	371	35	310	22,5	224	55	314	70,0	225	220	M 30	180
BC 90 BC 95	R	35 000	300					140	140	400	350	391	40	310	22,5	230	55	337	70,0	250	240	M 30	225
BC 95 BC 100	R	57 500	250	UX	42 500	210	750	150	150	400	380	411	40	345	31.5	249	55 60	372	80,0	230	250	M 30	225
		57 500			42 500	210	750		150	420	200	411	43	545	5,10	270	00	512	00,0	200	270	101.50	200

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times. The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

# Mounting

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin. The holding pin engages in a slot or bore in the frame of the machine. It must have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6. The freewheels BC are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size BC 30, standard type and 50 mm bore:

• BC 30 R, d = 50 mm

When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

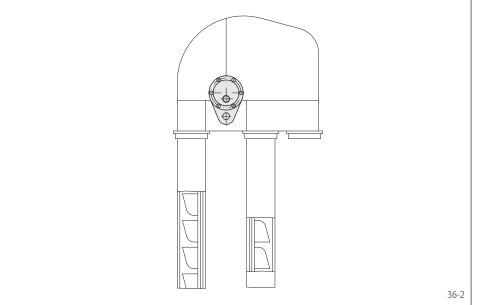
- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

# **Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A3A4**

# **RINGSPANN®**

# with lever arm with rollers





#### **Application as**



for applications with low to medium speeds in freewheeling operation.

#### Features

Complete Freewheel FGR ... R A3A4 with lever arm are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are oil lubricated.

The freewheels FGR ... R A3A4 have an end cover and are fitted to shaft ends.

The oil filling is carried out after the freewheel has been installed.

Nominal torques up to 68 000 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm.

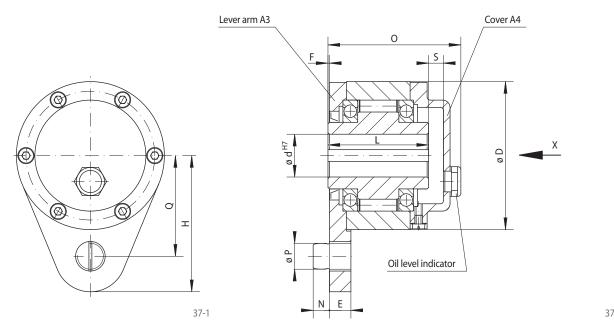
#### **Application example**

Complete Freewheel FGR 45 R A3A4 as a backstop on the opposite ends of the drive shaft of a bucket conveyor. In the case of a motor stop, the bucket conveyor must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull the belt backwards and, in doing so, drive the motor quickly. The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin on the housing. If the holding pin is removed, the belt shaft can be turned in both directions.

### **Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A3A4**

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### with lever arm with rollers



Backstop			tandard type							Dime	nsions					
Back		Fo	or universal use													
Freewheel Size	Туре	Lever arm and cover combination	Nominal Torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels min <sup>-1</sup>	Bore d mm	D	E	F	H	L	N	O	P	Q	S	Weight
FGR 12	R	A3A4	55	2 500	12	62	13	1	51	42	10	64	10	44	12	1,4
FGR 15	R	A3A4	130	2 200	15	68	13	1	62	52	10	78	10	47	12	1,8
FGR 20	R	A3A4	180	1 900	20	75	15	1	72	57	11	82	12	54	12	2,3
FGR 25	R	A3A4	290	1 550	25	90	17	1	84	60	14	85	16	62	12	3,4
FGR 30	R	A3A4	500	1 400	30	100	17	1	92	68	14	95	16	68	12	4,5
FGR 35	R	A3A4	730	1 300	35	110	22	1	102	74	18	102	20	76	12	5,6
FGR 40	R	A3A4	1 000	1 1 5 0	40	125	22	1	112	86	18	115	20	85	13	8,5
FGR 45	R	A3A4	1 150	1 100	45	130	26	1	120	86	22	115	25	90	14	8,9
FGR 50	R	A3A4	2 100	950	50	150	26	1	135	94	22	123	25	102	15	12,8
FGR 55	R	A3A4	2 600	900	55	160	30	1	142	104	25	138	32	108	18	16,2
FGR 60	R	A3A4	3 500	800	60	170	30	1	145	114	25	147	32	112	18	19,3
FGR 70	R	A3A4	6 000	700	70	190	35	1	175	134	30	168	38	135	17	23,5
FGR 80	R	A3A4	6 800	600	80	210	35	1	185	144	30	178	38	145	17	32,0
FGR 90	R	A3A4	11 000	500	90	230	45	1	205	158	40	192	50	155	17	47,2
FGR 100	R	A3A4	20 000	350	100	270	45	1	230	182	40	217	50	180	17	76,0
FGR 130	R	A3A4	31 000	250	130	310	60	1	268	212	55	250	68	205	18	110,0
FGR 150	R	A3A4	68 000	200	150	400	60	1	325	246	55	286	68	255	20	214,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin. The holding pin engages in a slot or bore in the frame of the machine. It must have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions. If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

In the case of freewheels FGR ... R A3A4, the inner ring must be secured axially with a retainer plate. Prior to commissioning, the freewheel must be filled with oil of the specified quality.

#### **Example for ordering**

Basic Freewheel, lever arm, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose provided nothing else is stated in the order.

Freewheel size FGR 25, standard type with lever arm A3 and cover A4:

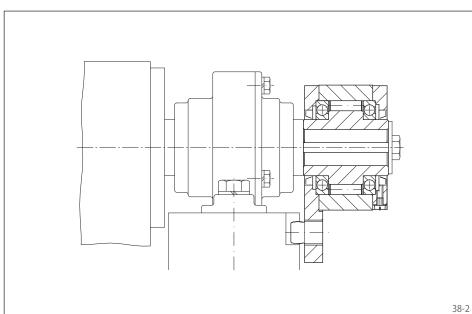
FGR 25 R A3A4

### **Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A2A3**

### **RINGSPANN®**

## with lever arm with rollers





#### **Application as**

#### Backstop

for applications with low to medium speeds in freewheeling operation.

#### Features

Complete Freewheel FGR ... R A2A3 with lever arm are sealed roller freewheels with ball bearings. They are oil lubricated.

The freewheels FGR ... R A2A3 are arranged on through shafts or shaft ends.

Nominal torques up to 68 000 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm.

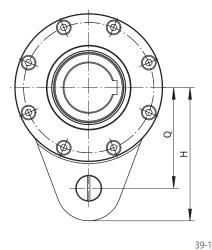
#### **Application example**

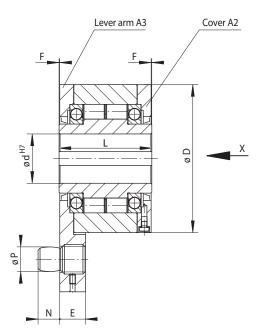
Complete Freewheel FGR ... R A2A3 as backstop at the end of an inclined conveyor belt. The backdriving torque is helt by lever arm with holding pin on the fundament. When the holding pin is dismounted the conveyor belt can be turned in both directions.

### **Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A2A3**

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### with lever arm with rollers





**Complete Freewheels** 

Backstop			<b>tandard type</b> or universal use							Dimer	nsions					
Freewheel Size	Туре	Lever arm and cover combination	Nominal Torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels min <sup>-1</sup>	Bore d mm	D	E	F	H	L	N	O	P	Q	S	Weight
FGR 12	R	A2A3	55	2 500	12	62	13	1	51	42	10	64	10	44	12	1,4
FGR 15	R	A2A3	130	2 200	15	68	13	1	62	52	10	78	10	47	12	1,8
FGR 20	R	A2A3	180	1 900	20	75	15	1	72	57	11	82	12	54	12	2,3
FGR 25	R	A2A3	290	1 550	25	90	17	1	84	60	14	85	16	62	12	3,4
FGR 30	R	A2A3	500	1 400	30	100	17	1	92	68	14	95	16	68	12	4,5
FGR 35	R	A2A3	730	1 300	35	110	22	1	102	74	18	102	20	76	12	5,6
FGR 40	R	A2A3	1 000	1 150	40	125	22	1	112	86	18	115	20	85	13	8,5
FGR 45	R	A2A3	1 150	1 100	45	130	26	1	120	86	22	115	25	90	14	8,9
FGR 50	R	A2A3	2 100	950	50	150	26	1	135	94	22	123	25	102	15	12,8
FGR 55	R	A2A3	2 600	900	55	160	30	1	142	104	25	138	32	108	18	16,2
FGR 60	R	A2A3	3 500	800	60	170	30	1	145	114	25	147	32	112	18	19,3
FGR 70	R	A2A3	6 000	700	70	190	35	1	175	134	30	168	38	135	17	23,5
FGR 80	R	A2A3	6 800	600	80	210	35	1	185	144	30	178	38	145	17	32,0
FGR 90	R	A2A3	11 000	500	90	230	45	1	205	158	40	192	50	155	17	47,2
FGR 100	R	A2A3	20 000	350	100	270	45	1	230	182	40	217	50	180	17	76,0
FGR 130	R	A2A3	31 000	250	130	310	60	1	268	212	55	250	68	205	18	110,0
FGR 150	R	A2A3	68 000	200	150	400	60	1	325	246	55	286	68	255	20	214,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times. The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm with holding pin. The holding pin engages in a slot or bore in the frame of the machine. It must have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions. If the holding pin is removed, the shaft can be turned in both directions.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

#### **Example for ordering**

Basic Freewheel, lever arm, cover, seals and screws are supplied loose provided nothing else is stated in the order.

Freewheel size FGR 25, standard type with cover A2 and lever arm A3:

• FGR 25 R A2A3

If assembled, oil-filled, Complete Freewheels FGR ... R A2A3 are to be supplied, this must be specified in the order. When ordering, please also specify the freewheeling direction of the inner ring when viewed in direction X:

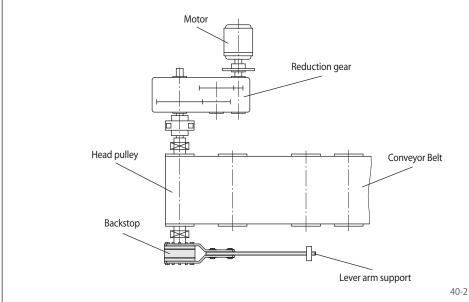
- counterclockwise free or
- clockwise free

### **Complete Freewheels FRHD**

### **RINGSPANN®**

with lever arm in inch dimension, with sprags







#### **Application as**

Backstop

for installations with low speeds. The freewheels are designed for the use in inclined conveyorbelts, elevators or pumps. Taconite seals protect the freewheels from contamination with dust or dirt.

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FRHD with lever arm are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

The freewheels FRHD are arranged on through shafts or shaft ends.

Nominal torques up to 900000 lb-ft.

Bores up to 21 inch.

#### **Application example**

Backstop FRHD 900 on the head drum shaft of an inclined conveyor belt system. The lever arm is bolted to the freewheel. The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm on the base plate. When the conveyor belt is without any load, the drum shaft can be turned in both directions during maintenance by removing the bolts.

#### Mounting

The backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm. The lever arm must not be clamped into position. It must have 0,5 inch play in the axial and in the radial direction.

The tolerance oft the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

#### **Example for ordering**

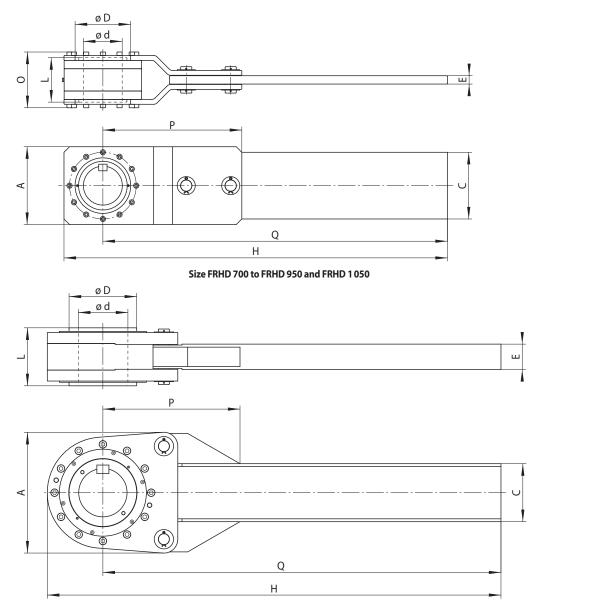
Freewheel size FRHD 800 with a 3,500 inch bore:

• FRHD 800, d = 3,5 inch

### **Complete Freewheels FRHD**

### RINGSPANN®

#### with lever arm in inch dimension, with sprags



Size FRHD 1000 and FRHD 1100 to FRHD 1800

Backstop	<b>Standa</b> For unive						Di	mensions					
Freewheel Size	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Ib-ft	Max.Speed Inner ring freewheels min <sup>-1</sup>	Bore d max. inch	A	C	D	E	H	L	O	P	Q	Weight
FRHD 700	3 750	620	3,44	8,00	6,00	5,25	0,50	36,00	6,00	6,75	16,38	32,00	135
FRHD 775	7 500	540	3,75	9,75	8,00	6,00	1,00	42,88	7,50	9,00	20,38	38,00	310
FRHD 800	12000	460	4,50	10,50	10,00	7,00	1,00	43,25	8,00	9,50	22,13	38,00	360
FRHD 900	18 500	400	5,44	12,00	10,00	8,00	1,50	54,00	7,63	9,38	22,75	48,00	480
FRHD 950	23 000	360	7,00	14,00	12,00	10,00	1,50	69,00	8,00	10,00	25,00	62,00	530
FRHD 1 000	28 0 0 0	360	7,00	17,00	8,00	9,00	4,13	80,38	8,75	-	23,13	72,00	550
FRHD 1 050	45 000	360	7,00	14,00	12,00	10,00	1,50	79,00	10,50	12,50	29,00	72,00	600
FRHD 1 100	45 000	360	7,00	17,00	8,00	9,00	4,13	80,38	10,00	-	23,13	72,00	795
FRHD 1 200	92 500	250	9,00	23,00	10,00	12,00	4,94	89,00	11,00	-	28,00	78,00	1 300
FRHD 1 300	110 000	220	10,00	25,00	12,00	14,00	5,25	95,00	12,00	-	30,00	82,88	1674
FRHD 1 400	140 000	200	12,00	30,00	18,00	16,00	6,25	107,00	13,00	-	36,00	94,00	2200
FRHD 1 450	190 000	200	12,00	30,00	18,00	16,00	6,25	107,00	15,00	-	36,00	94,00	2500
FRHD 1 500	290 000	200	12,00	31,00	18,00	15,13	6,25	107,00	17,62	-	36,00	94,00	2440
FRHD 1 600	373 000	140	14,00	32,50	20,00	17,63	6,25	124,00	19,25	-	30,44	108,00	3 400
FRHD 1 700	625 000	120	18,00	42,50	24,50	23,00	7,88	140,00	20,00	-	48,00	120,00	7000
FRHD 1 800	900 000	100 2 times the specified po	21,00	52,00	30,00	26,50	10,50	170,00	23,00	-	54,00	144,00	12000

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway dimensions upon request by customers. • Conversion factors: 1 lb-ft = 1,35 Nm, 1 inch = 25,4 mm, 1 lbs = 0,453 kg.

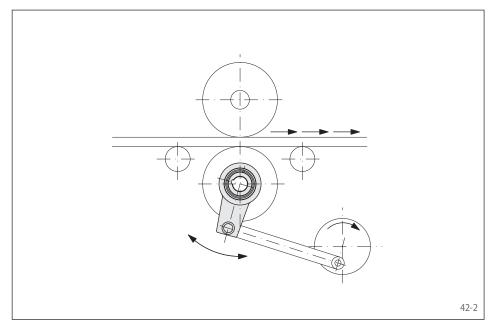
41-2

### **Complete Freewheels FA**

# with lever arm with sprags and grease lubrication







#### **Application as**

- Backstop
- Indexing Freewheel

For application as backstop in installations with low speeds in freewheeling operation. For application as indexing freewheel in installations with low to medium total number of actuations.

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FA with lever arm are sprag freewheels with sleeve bearings. They are greaselubricated and therefore maintenance-free.

Besides the standard type, the type with RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup> is available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 2 500 Nm.

Bores up to 85 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

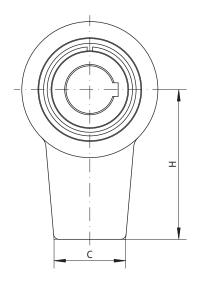
#### **Application example**

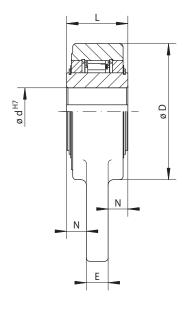
Complete Freewheel FA 82 SFT as an indexing freewheel for the material feed of a punch. The freewheel is driven by a bell crank. The RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup> sprags give the freewheel an extended service life.

### **Complete Freewheels FA**

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### with lever arm with sprags and grease lubrication





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Indexing Freewheel Backstop		Standard ty For universal			Type with RID For extended servic coated spra	e life with					Dimensions				
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal Torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	Nominal Torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels min <sup>-1</sup>				D	E	H	L	N	Weight
FA 37	SF	230	250	SFT	230	500	20	25*	35	76	12	90	35	11,5	1,0
FA 57	SF	630	170	SFT	630	340	40	42*	50	100	16	125	45	14,5	2,5
FA 82	SF	1 600	130	SFT	1 600	260	50	65*	60	140	18	160	60	21,0	5,5
FA 107	SF	2 5 0 0	90	SFT	2500	180	70	85*	80	170	20	180	65	22,5	8,5

43-1

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.
 The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.
 Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.
 \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

#### When used as a backstop, the backdriving torque is supported by the lever arm. The lever arm must not be clamped into position. It must have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

When used as an indexing freewheel, the lever arm serves as the indexing lever.

The lever arm is not heat treated enabling the customer to provide their own holes.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

#### **Example for ordering**

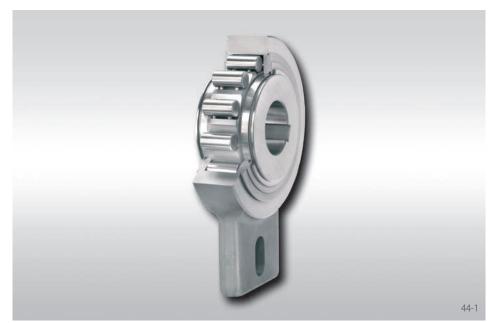
Freewheel size FA 57, type with RIDUVIT® and 40 mm bore:

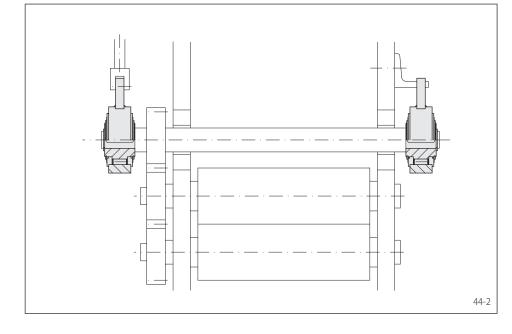
• FA 57 SFT, d = 40 mm

### **Complete Freewheels FAV**

with lever arm with rollers and grease lubrication







#### **Application as**

- Backstop
- Indexing Freewheel

For application as backstop in installations with low speeds in freewheeling operation.

For application as indexing freewheel in installations with low to medium total number of actuations.

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FAV with lever arm are roller freewheels with sleeve bearings. They are grease-lubricated and therefore maintenancefree.

Nominal torques up to 2 500 Nm.

Bores up to 80 mm.

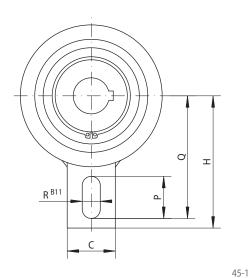
#### **Application example**

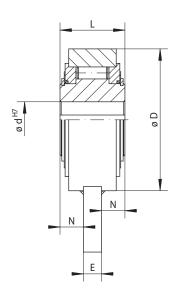
Two Complete Freewheels FAV 50 in the roller feed of a sheet metal processing machine. The indexing freewheel arranged on the left is driven via a bell crank with an adjustable lift. This enables an infinite setting of the feed. The backstop arranged on the right prevents the indexing rollers from running backwards while the indexing freewheel carries out its back stroke. Often, an additional small brake is provided in order to prevent the accelerated sheet metal strip from advancing.

### **Complete Freewheels FAV**

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

with lever arm with rollers and grease lubrication





45-2

Indexing Freewheel Backstop	Standar For unive							Dimensions					
Freewheel	Nominal Torque	Max.speed Inner ring freewheels	Bore d	С	D	E	Н	L	N	Р	Q	R	Weight
Size	M <sub>N</sub> Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FAV 20	220	500	20	40	83	12	90	35	11,5	35	85	15	1,3
FAV 25	220	500	25	40	83	12	90	35	11,5	35	85	15	1,3
FAV 30	1 0 2 5	350	30	40	118	15	110	54	19,5	35	102	15	3,5
FAV 35	1 0 2 5	350	35	40	118	15	110	54	19,5	35	102	15	3,4
FAV 40	1 0 2 5	350	40	40	118	15	110	54	19,5	35	102	15	3,3
FAV 45	1 600	250	45	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,5
FAV 50	1 600	250	50	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,4
FAV 55	1 600	250	55	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,3
FAV 60	1 600	250	60	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,2
FAV 70	1 600	250	70	80	155	20	140	54	17,0	35	130	18	5,0
FAV 80	2 500	220	80	80	190	20	155	64	22,0	40	145	20	9,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FAV 60, standard type:

que is supported by the lever arm. The lever arm must not be clamped into position. It must have 0,5 to 2 mm play in the axial and radial directions.

When used as an indexing freewheel, the lever arm serves as the indexing lever.

When used as a backstop, the backdriving tor-

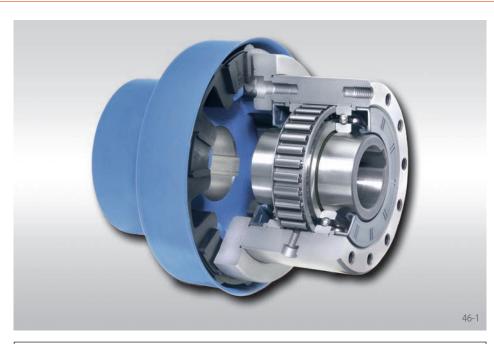
The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

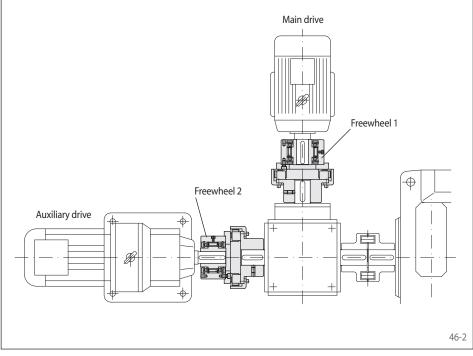
• FAV 60

### **Complete Freewheels FBE**

### **RINGSPANN®**

#### with shaft coupling for small shaft misalignments with sprags, available in three types





#### Mounting

The shaft coupling including the fastening screws are supplied loose. Depending on the desired freewheeling direction, the shaft coupling can be fitted on the right or the left of the freewheel.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

#### **Application as**

Overrunning Clutch

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FBE with flexible shaft coupling are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings for coupling two aligned shafts. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

In addition to the standard type, two other types are available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 160 000 Nm.

Bores up to 300 mm. Many standard bores are available.

The material of the flexible coupling element is oil-resistant. We can provide you with performance data for the flexible shaft coupling upon request.

#### **Application example**

Two Complete Freewheels FBE 72 with shaft coupling as an overrunning clutch in the drive unit of a tube mill with additional auxiliary drive. A freewheel FBE 72 SF, standard type (freewheel 1) is arranged between the main drive and the angular gear. However, a freewheel FBE 72 LZ, type with sprag lift-off Z (freewheel 2) is arranged between the auxiliary drive and the angular gear. If the gear motor is driving in the auxiliary power mode, freewheel 2 works in driving operation and freewheel 1 overruns at a low speed (freewheeling operation). When driving via the main motor, the unit is driven via freewheel 1 (driving operation). Freewheel 2 overruns and automatically disengages the auxiliary drive (freewheeling operation). With the high speed, the type with sprag lift-off Z is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FBE 107, standard type with 60 mm bore in the freewheel and 55 mm bore in the shaft coupling:

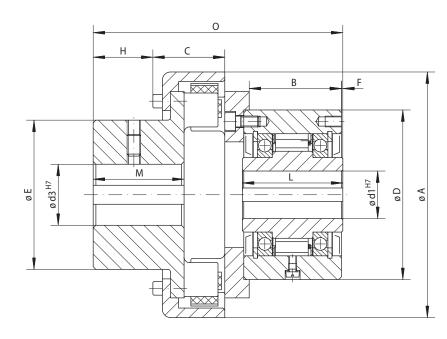
• FBE 107 SF, d1 = 60 mm, d3 = 55 mm

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### **Complete Freewheels FBE**

### with shaft coupling for small shaft misalignments

with sprags, available in three types



Δ	7	1	1
4	/		1

Overrunning Clutch			ndard type Iniversal use			For extend	vith RIDUVIT® led service life with ated sprags			For exte	Type with Sprag I ended service life us high speed rotating	ing sprag lift-off	
			Max.s	peed			Max.s	peed				Max.s	peed
		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring		Nominal	Sprag lift-off	Outer ring	Inner ring
Freewheel	-	Torque	overruns	overruns	-	Torque	overruns	overruns	_	Torque	at outer ring	overruns	drives
Size	Туре	MN	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	MN	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	MN	speed min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>
		Nm				Nm				Nm	min ·	min ·	min ·
FBE 24	CF	45	4800	5 0 0 0	CFT	45	4800	5 000					
FBE 29	CF	80	3 500	4000	CFT	80	3 500	4000					
FBE 37	SF	200	2 500	2600	SFT	200	2 5 0 0	2600	CZ	110	850	3000	340
FBE 44	SF	320	1 900	2200	SFT	320	1 900	2200	CZ	180	800	2600	320
FBE 57	SF	630	1 400	1750	SFT	630	1 400	1750	LZ	430	1 400	2100	560
FBE 72	SF	1 250	1120	1 600	SFT	1 250	1120	1 600	LZ	760	1 2 2 0	1 800	488
FBE 82	SF	1 800	1025	1450	SFT	1 800	1025	1450	SFZ	1 700	1 4 5 0	1 600	580
FBE 107	SF	2 500	880	1 2 5 0	SFT	2 500	880	1 250	SFZ	2 500	1 300	1 3 5 0	520
FBE 127	SF	5 000	800	1150	SFT	5 000	800	1150	SFZ	5 000	1 200	1 200	480
FBE 140	SF	10 000	750	1 100	SFT	10 000	750	1 100	SFZ	10 000	950	1150	380
FBE 200	SF	20 000	630	900	SFT	20 000	630	900	SFZ	20 000	680	900	272
FBE 270	SF	40 000	510	750	SFT	40 000	510	750	SFZ	37 500	600	750	240
FBE 340	SF	80 000	460	630	SFT	80 000	460	630					
FBE 440	SF	160 000	400	550	SFT	160 000	400	550					

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

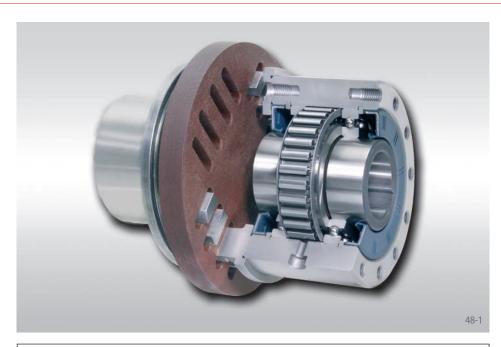
Freewheel	Bor	e d1	Bore	d3	A	В	С	D	E	F	Н	L	М	0	Weight
Size	Standard	max.	min.	max.											-
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FBE 24	12	14*	10	35	77	45	30	62	55	1,0	28	50	40	114,0	1,7
FBE 29	15	17*	10	40	90	47	33	68	65	1,0	32	52	45	123,0	2,4
FBE 37	20	22*	10	45	114	44	37	75	72	0,5	28	48	48	122,5	3,1
FBE 44	25*	25*	10	50	127	45	36	90	78	0,5	31	50	52	129,5	4,3
FBE 57	30	32*	20	60	158	60	48	100	96	0,5	39	65	61	162,5	7,3
FBE 72	40	42*	20	70	181	68	53	125	110	1,0	44	74	67	184,0	11,6
FBE 82	50*	50*	25	75	202	67	64	135	120	2,0	46	75	75	200,0	15,4
FBE 107	60	65*	30	80	230	81	75	170	130	2,5	48	90	82	230,0	24,9
FBE 127	70	75*	45	100	294	102	97	200	160	3,0	56	112	97	288,0	47,3
FBE 140	90	95*	60	120	330	135	100	250	200	5,0	80	150	116	350,0	93,3
FBE 200	120	120	85	160	432	143	141	300	255	5,0	104	160	160	408,0	169,0
FBE 270	140	150		180	553	190	197	400	300	6,0	145	212	230	512,0	320,0
FBE 340	180	240		235	725	240	235	500	390	7,5	173	265	285	637,5	580,0
FBE 440	220	300		265	832	290	247	630	435	7.5	183	315	310	737.5	1206.0

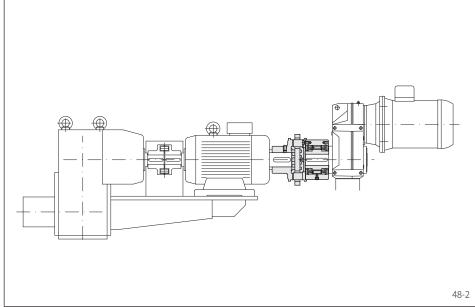
For bore d1: Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Keyway width tolerance JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Keyway width tolerance JS10. For bore d3: Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Keyway width tolerance P9

### **Complete Freewheels FBL**

### **RINGSPANN®**

#### with shaft coupling for large shaft misalignments with sprags, available in three types





#### **Application as**

Overrunning Clutch

#### Features

Complete Freewheels FBL with RINGSPANN Shaft Coupling are sealed sprag freewheels with ball bearings for coupling two shafts. They are supplied oil-filled and ready for installation.

In addition to the standard type, two other types are available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 8 000 Nm.

Bores up to 140 mm. Many standard bores are available.

The torsionally stiff RINGSPANN Shaft Coupling can accept large radial and angular misalignments, without reactive forces affecting neighbouring bearings. We can provide you with performance data upon request.

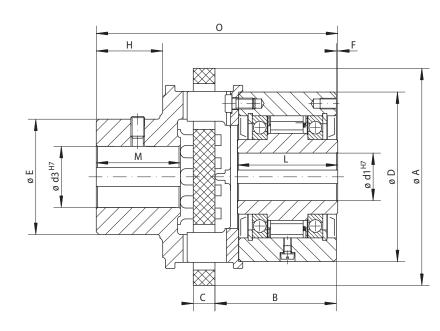
#### Application example

Complete Freewheel FBL 82 SFZ as an overrunning clutch in the drive unit of a conveyor belt system with additional creep drive. The freewheel with shaft coupling is arranged in between the main motor and the creep drive. When the creep drive operates, the freewheel is in driving operation and drives the belt at low speed. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the main motor drives and the outer ring overruns, whereupon the creep drive is automatically disengaged. With the high speed here, the type sprag lift-off Z is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

### **RINGSPANN®**

### **Complete Freewheels FBL**

#### with shaft coupling for large shaft misalignments with sprags, available in three types



49-1

Max.speed         Max.speed <t< th=""><th>veed</th></t<>	veed
Freewheel         Torque         overruns         overruns         Torque         overruns         overruns	
	Inner ring
	drives
Size Type M <sub>N</sub> Type M <sub>N</sub> Speed	. 1
<u>Nm</u> min <sup>-1</sup> min <sup>-1</sup> Nm min <sup>-1</sup> Nm min <sup>-1</sup> Nm min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>
FBL         37         SF         85         2500         2600         SFT         85         2500         2600         CZ         85         850         3000	340
FBL         44         SF         190         1900         2200         SFT         190         1900         2200         CZ         180         800         2600	320
FBL         57         SF         500         1400         1750         SFT         500         1400         1750         LZ         430         1400         2100	560
FBL         72         SF         500         1120         1600         SFT         500         1120         1600         LZ         500         1220         1800	488
FBL         82         SF         1000         1025         1450         SFT         1000         1025         1450         SFZ         1000         1450         1600	580
FBL 107         SF         2000         880         1250         SFT         2000         880         1250         SFZ         2000         1300         1350	520
FBL 127         SF         4000         800         1150         SFT         4000         800         1150         SFZ         4000         1200	480
FBL 140         SF         8 000         750         1 050         SFT         8 000         750         1 050         SFZ         8 000         950         1 050	380

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Freewheel	Bore	ed1	Bore	e d3	A	В	С	D	E	F	Н	L	М	0	Weight
Size	Standard	max.	min.	max.											
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FBL 37	20	22*	14	35	110	62,0	12	75	53	0,5	33	48	42	124	3,0
FBL 44	25*	25*	20	42	135	65,0	14	90	66	0,5	41	50	53	140	4,6
FBL 57	30	32*	30	50	160	82,5	16	100	85	0,5	51	65	62	170	6,9
FBL 72	40	42*	30	50	160	89,5	16	125	85	1,0	51	74	62	178	10,0
FBL 82	50*	50*	40	70	200	92,0	20	135	104	2,0	65	75	79	204	14,2
FBL 107	60	65*	50	90	250	111,5	25	170	150	2,5	81	90	100	250	28,0
FBL 127	70	75*	60	110	315	138,0	32	200	175	3,0	101	112	124	313	48,8
FBL 140	90	95*	75	140	400	183,5	40	250	216	5,0	130	150	160	410	102,2

For bore d1: Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Keyway width tolerance JS10.\* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Keyway width tolerance JS10.

For bore d3: Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Keyway width tolerance P9

#### Mounting

The flexible disk of the shaft coupling must be axially free when fitted so that the ball bearings in the freewheel are not distorted due to heat expansion.

The shaft coupling including the fastening screws are supplied loose. Depending on the desired freewheeling direction, the shaft coupling can be fitted on the right or the left of the freewheel.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FBL 72, type with sprag lift-off Z and 40 mm bore in the freewheel and 50 mm bore in the shaft coupling:

• FBL 72 LZ, d1 = 40 mm, d3 = 50 mm

### **Housing Freewheels FH**

### **RINGSPANN®**

# for stationary arrangement in multimotor drives with hydrodynamic roller lift-off for extended service life



#### **Application as**

Overrunning Clutch

at high speeds, which are the same or similiar in freewheeling operation and in driving operation.

#### Features

Housing Freewheels FH with hydrodynamic roller lift-off are typically used in cases where an assembly can be driven from two or more motors or turbines at the same or similar high speed. They allow a continuous plant operation in the event that one of the energy sources or a drive line fails as well as energy saving in the case of partial load operation.

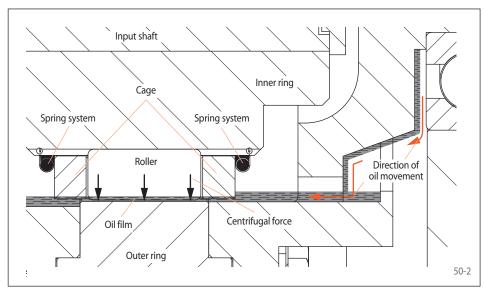
The Housing Freewheels FH are completely enclosed freewheels for stationary arrangement with input and output shaft.

#### Advantages

- Nominal torques up to 40675 Nm
- Shaft diameter up to 129 mm
- Wear-free operation
- Low noise
- Low power dissipation
- Integrated oil filtration system
- Integrated locking brake
- · Oil change without down time

#### Hydrodynamic roller lift-off

Housing Freewheels FH are equipped with hydrodynamic roller lift-off. The hydrodynamic roller lift-off is the ideal solution for overrunning clutches at high speeds, not only in freewheeling operation, but also in the driving operation, as can occur, for example, in multimotor drives.

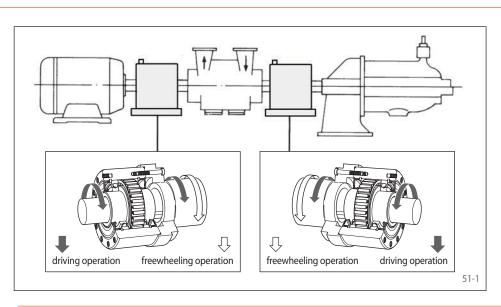


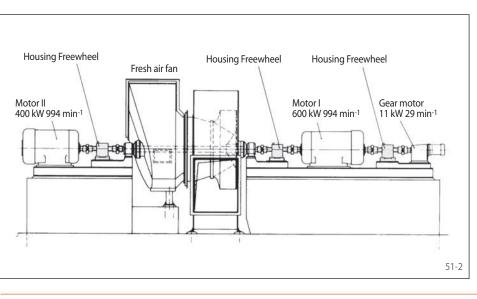
In the case of hydrodynamic roller lift-off, the lifting force is generated by an oil film applied during freewheeling operation by centrifugal force exerted on the outer ring race. This provides for practically wear-free freewheeling operation. The speed differential between the inner and outer rings is the decisive factor affecting the lift-off function. If the speed differential decreases, the lift-off force also decreases. Before achieving synchronous running, the clamping rollers guided in a cage are positioned with the aid of the central spring system against the outer ring race and are then ready to lock. This guarantees immediate torque transfer once the synchronous speed has been reached. The hydrodynamic roller lift-off enables a virtually wear-free freewheeling operation.

### **Housing Freewheels FH**

### **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

# for stationary arrangement in multimotor drives with hydrodynamic roller lift-off for extended service life





#### Areas of application

Housing Freewheels as automatic clutches in multimotor drives fulfil here an important function. They disengage a drive automatically as soon as it no longer provides power to the working machine. The Housing Freewheels do not require any external operating equipment.

Typical applications for multimotor drives are:

- Generators
- Pumps
- Ventilators
- Fans
- · Uninterrupted power supply

# Housing Freewheels

#### Application example

Three Housing Freewheels in the multimotor drive of a fresh air fan. The fan is driven by one or two electric motors. An additional auxiliary drive serves to slowly turn the fan for the purposes of inspection work or for an even cooling down after shut down. The Housing Freewheels automatically engage the respective working electric motor to the fan.

#### **Selection torque for Housing Freewheels FH**

In many cases where overrunning clutches are being used, dynamic processes occur that cause high peak torques. In the case of overrunning clutches, the torques that occur during start up must be observed. The peak torques when starting up can, in the case of asynchronous motors - especially when accelerating large masses and when using elastic couplings - significantly exceed the torque calculated from the motor pullover torque. The conditions for internal combustion engines are similar. Even in normal operation, on account of their degree of irregularity, peak torques can occur that are way in excess of the nominal torque.

The prior determination of the maximum occurring torque is carried out most safely by using a rotational vibration analysis of the entire system. This, however, requires a knowledge of the rotating masses, the rotational rigidity and all of the excitation moments that occur on the system. In many cases, a vibrational calculation is too time consuming or you may not have all the necessary data in the configuration phase available. In this case, the selection torque  $M_A$  of the overrunning clutch should be determined as follows:

 $M_A \,=\, K \cdot M_L$ 

In this equation:

- $M_A$  = Selection torque of the freewheel
- K = Operating factor
- M<sub>L</sub> = Load torque for constant rotating freewheel:
  - $= 9550 \cdot P_0/n_{FR}$
- $P_0 = Nominal power of motor [kW]$
- n<sub>FR</sub> = Speed of the freewheel in driving operation [min<sup>-1</sup>]

After calculating  $M_A$  the freewheel size must be selected in accordance with the catalogue tables in such a way that in all cases this applies:

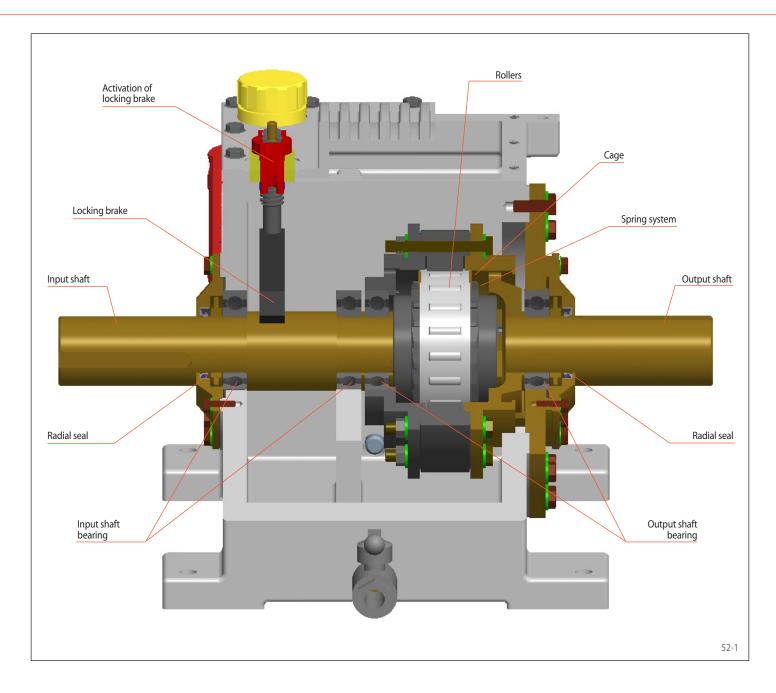
- $M_N \ge M_A$
- M<sub>N</sub> = Nominal torque of the Housing Freewheel FH in accordance with the table values [Nm]

The operating factor K depends on the properties of the driver and the machine. The general rules of mechanical engineering apply here. We recommend using an operating factor K of at least 1,5. We will be pleased to check your selection.

### **Housing Freewheels FH**

### RINGSPANN®

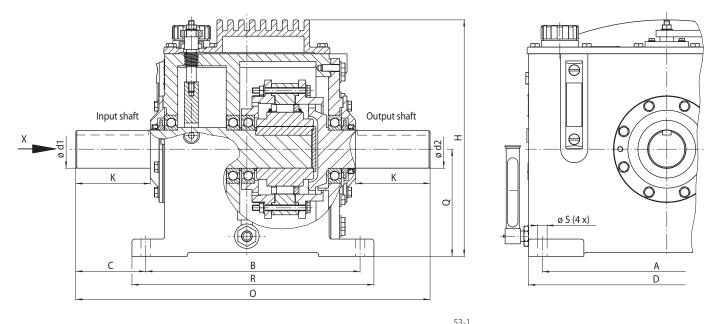
# for stationary arrangement in multimotor drives with hydrodynamic roller lift-off for extended service life



### **RINGSPANN®**

### **Housing Freewheels FH**

# for stationary arrangement in multimotor drives with hydrodynamic roller lift-off for extended service life



5						
	Di	me	ens	sio	ns	

	Overrinni	Clut		Type Hydro	aynameronern							Dimen	5015					
		Freewheel		Nominal	Max.s Output shaft	peed Input shaft	Shaft d1 and d2	A	В	С	D	Н	К	0	Q	R	S	Weight
_		Size	Туре	torque M <sub>N</sub>	overruns	drives												
				lb-ft	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	inch	inch	inch	inch	inch	inch	inch	inch	inch	inch	inch	lbs
		FH 1000	R	1 000	5600	5600	1 3/4	12 <sup>3</sup> /4	12 <sup>3</sup> /4	3 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	16 <sup>1</sup> /4	12 <sup>7</sup> /8	3 <sup>7</sup> /8	19 <sup>5</sup> /8	5 <sup>3</sup> /4	14 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	<sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	231
		FH 2000	R	2 0 0 0	4200	4200	2 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	16 <sup>3</sup> /4	14 <sup>3</sup> /4	4 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	18 <sup>3</sup> /4	15	4 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	23 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	6 <sup>7</sup> /8	16 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	<sup>11</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	355
inch		FH 4000	R	4000	3 600	3600	2 3/4	18	15 1/ <sub>2</sub>	5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	20	17 <sup>1</sup> /8	5 <sup>3</sup> /8	25 <sup>5</sup> /8	7 3/4	17 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	11/ <sub>16</sub>	496
. <b>=</b>	-	FH 8000	R	8 0 0 0	3 0 0 0	3000	3 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	17 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	18 <sup>1</sup> /4	5 <sup>5</sup> /8	21 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	18 <sup>15</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	6 <sup>1</sup> /8	29 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	8 <sup>5</sup> /8	20 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	<sup>13</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	716
		FH 12000	R	12000	2 500	2 500	3 <sup>7</sup> /8	18 <sup>1</sup> /4	21 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	6 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	22 <sup>3</sup> /4	20 <sup>15/</sup> 16	6 <sup>15/</sup> 16	34 <sup>1</sup> /8	9 <sup>5</sup> /8	23 <sup>3</sup> /4	1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	926
		FH 18000	R	18000	2300	2300	4 <sup>5</sup> /16	20 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	23 1/4	7 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	26	20 <sup>5</sup> /8	7 <sup>11</sup> /16	37 <sup>7</sup> /8	11 <sup>1</sup> /4	25 <sup>3</sup> /4	1 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	1 402
		FH 30000	R	30 000	2000	2000	5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	25 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	26 <sup>1</sup> /4	7 <sup>7</sup> /8	31	26 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	8 <sup>5</sup> /8	42	12 <sup>3</sup> /4	29 1/ <sub>2</sub>	1 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub>	2178
				Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
		FH 1000	R	1 3 5 6	5600	5 600	44,45	323,85	323,85	87,31	412,75	327,00	98,43	498,48	146,05	368,30	17,50	105
		FH 2000	R	2712	4200	4200	58,74	425,45	374,65	107,95	480,00	381,00	117,48	590,55	174,63	419,10	17,50	161
matric		FH 4000	R	5 4 2 3	3 6 0 0	3 600	69,85	457,20	393,70	128,59	508,00	435,00	136,53	650,88	196,85	444,50	17,50	225
2		FH 8000	R	10847	3 0 0 0	3 0 0 0	84,14	444,50	463,55	142,87	546,00	481,00	155,58	749,30	219,08	520,00	21,00	325
		FH 12000	R	16270	2 500	2 500	98,43	463,55	546,10	160,35	578,00	532,00	177,00	866,80	244,48	603,00	27,00	425
		FH 18000	R	24 405	2300	2300	109,54	520,70	590,55	185,74	660,00	600,00	195,26	962,00	285,75	654,00	33,00	636
		FH 30000	R	40675	2000	2000	128,59	647,70	666,75	200,03	787,00	672,00	220,00	1066,80	323,85	749,00	33,00	988

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque. Keyway according to USAS B17.1-1967

#### Locking brake

ing tch

During freewheeling operation, the stationary input shaft of the Housing Freewheel is effected by a drag torque from the freewheeling output shaft. By manually activation of the in the housing freewheel integrated locking brake the driving parts are prevented from being carried along.

Type hydrodynamic roller lift-off

#### Mounting

The Housing Freewheel must be mounted in such a way that shaft d1 is the input shaft and shaft d2 the ouput shaft.

We recommend the use of torsionally stiff shaft couplings generating only low reactive forces. On indication of the reactive forces that occur we are well prepared to check the usable life of the bearings installed.

#### **Example for ordering**

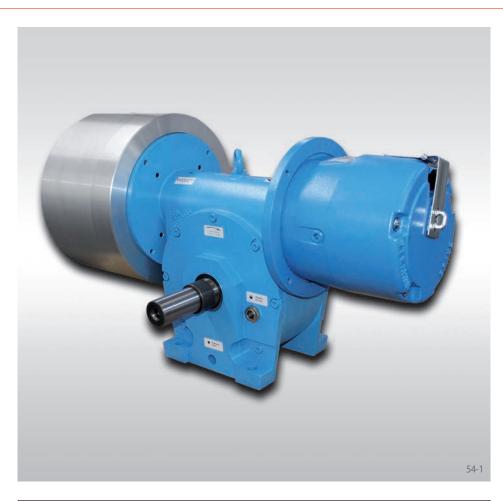
Prior to ordering, please complete the questionnaire on page 115 by specifying the direction of rotation in driving operation when viewed in direction X so that we can check the selection.

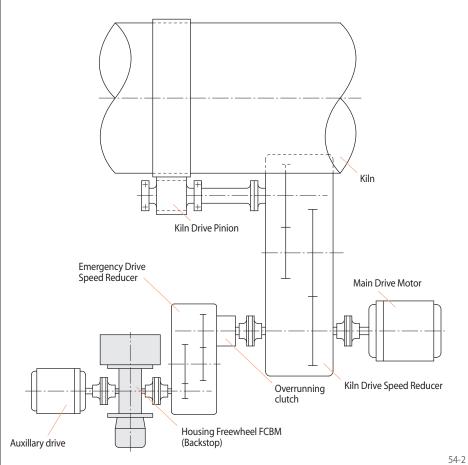
53-2

### **Housing Freewheel FCBM**

### **RINGSPANN®**

#### Backstop for Kiln drives with electromagnetic and manual release function





#### **Application as**

Backstop

#### Features

The Housing Freewheel FCBM is used to control reverse rotation of the kiln when a rotary kiln drive is shut down. It is equipped with a Cage Freewheel on the main shaft and a multi-disc brake as well as a centrifugal brake on the worm shaft.

When the rotary kiln drive is shut down, the Cage Freewheel automatically engages the main shaft and the worm shaft. The closed multi-disc brake prevents reverse rotation of the rotary kiln. Through electromagnetic or manual releasing of the multi-disc brake, the controlled reverse rotation of the rotary kiln is then initiated. During reverse rotation, the centrifugal brake is used to ensure a controlled low speed of the rotary kiln until it has come to a stand still.

The Housing Freewheels FCBM is a completely enclosed freewheel for stationary arrangement with input and output shaft. It was developed to protect people and machines from injury and damage.

#### **Technical data**

- Nominal torque 750 Nm
- Maximum overrunning speed 1600 min<sup>-1</sup>
- Oil capacity of 2,75 liter
- Weight 190 kg

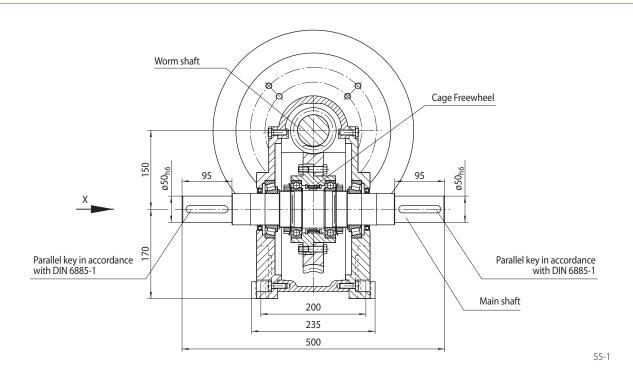
#### **Application example**

The Housing Freewheel FCBM is usually arranged in rotary kiln drives between the auxiliary drive and auxiliary gear box, as shown in Fig. 54-2. It makes a controlled reverse rotation of the rotary kiln possible.

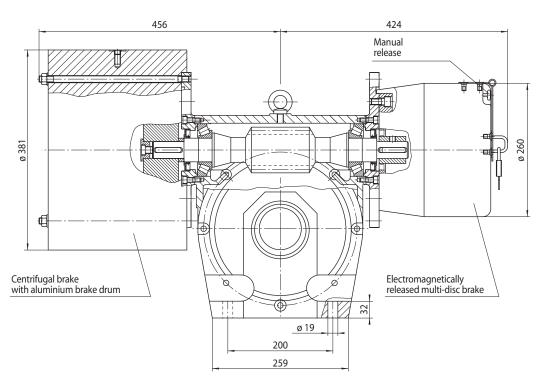
### **Housing Freewheel FCBM**

### **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

#### Backstop for Kiln drives with electromagnetic and manual release function



View"X"



55-2

#### **Power supply**

The following power supplies are available for the electromagnetically released multi-disc brake:

- 230 VAC +/- 10% (207-253 V) at 50 Hz
- 400 VAC +/- 10% (360-440 V) at 50 Hz
- + 115 VAC +/- 10% (103-126 V) at 60 Hz

Special voltages can be customised as requested. Please indicate such voltages on the selection sheet on page 116.

#### **Example for ordering**

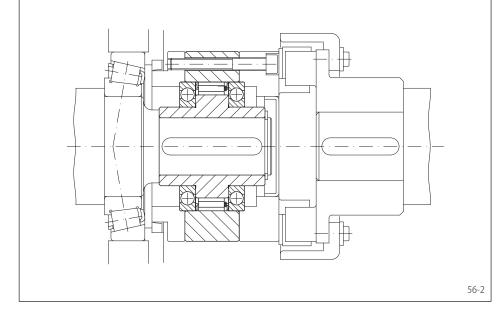
Prior to ordering, please complete the questionnaire on page 116 so that we can check the selection.

### **Basic Freewheels FBO**

### **RINGSPANN®**

# for assembly with connecting parts with sprags, available in four types





#### Mounting

The customer connecting parts are centered on the ball bearing external diameter F and assembled via the outer ring.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter F of the connecting part must be ISO H7 or J7. The centering depth C must be observed.

#### Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

#### Application as

- Backstop
- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Basic Freewheels FBO are sprag freewheels with ball bearings to be assembled with customer connecting parts. The freewheels are particularly suitable for installation in housings with oil lubrication and seals.

In addition to the standard type, three other types are available for extended service life.

Nominal torques up to 160 000 Nm.

Bores up to 300 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

#### **Application example**

Basic Freewheel FBO 127 SF as an overrunning clutch between the creep drive and the main drive of a cement mixer. In the case of creep operation, the outer ring is driven by the shaft coupling. The freewheel works in driving operation and drives the unit at a low speed via the main gearbox. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the inner ring overruns and the creep drive is automatically disengaged. The freewheel is connected to the oil lubrication of the main gearbox and does not require any special maintenance. The arrangement of the seals between the freewheel and the main gearbox is advantageous. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), this is at a standstill and hence generates no additional friction-related temperature rise.

#### **Example for ordering**

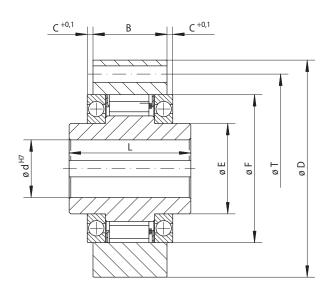
Freewheel size FBO 72, type with sprag lift-off X and 40 mm bore:

• FBO 72 DX, d = 40 mm

### **Basic Freewheels FBO**

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### for assembly with connecting parts with sprags, available in four types



57-1

dexing Freewheel /errunning Clutch Backstop			ndard type universal use			For extend	vith RIDUVIT® led service life v ated sprags			For extend	<b>pe with spra</b> led service life speed rotati	using sprag lit			For extend	r <b>pe with sprag</b> led service life lh speed rotati	using sprag lif	t-off
Indexing Fre Overrunning Big																		
Freewheel	Type	Nominal torque M.	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/	speed Outer ring freewheels/	Type	Nominal torque	Max.s Inner ring freewheels/	peed Outer ring freewheels/	Type	Nominal torque Mu	Sprag lift-off at inner	Max. Inner ring freewheels/	speed Outer ring drives	Type	Nominal torque Mu	Outer ring freewheels/	Max.s Outer ring freewheels/	peed Inner ring drives

Size	Turno	MN	OVORTUDS	overruns	Type	MN	overruns	ovorrups	Type	M <sub>N</sub>	ring spood	overruns	unves	Turno	M	overruns	overruns	GIIVCS
JIZE	Туре	Nm	overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	Type	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Type	Nm	ring speed min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	M <sub>N</sub> Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>
FBO 37	SF	200	2 500	2 600	SFT	200	2 500	2 600						CZ	110	850	3 000	340
FBO 44	SF	320	1 900	2 200	SFT	320	1 900	2 200	DX	130	860	1 900	344	CZ	180	800	2 600	320
FBO 57	SF	630	1 400	1 7 5 0	SFT	630	1 400	1 750	DX	460	750	1 400	300	LZ	430	1 400	2 100	560
FBO 72	SF	1 2 5 0	1 1 2 0	1 600	SFT	1 2 5 0	1 1 2 0	1 600	DX	720	700	1 150	280	LZ	760	1 2 2 0	1 800	488
FBO 82	SF	1800	1 025	1 4 5 0	SFT	1800	1 025	1 450	DX	1 0 0 0	670	1 050	268	SFZ	1 700	1450	1 600	580
FBO 107	SF	2 5 0 0	880	1 250	SFT	2 5 0 0	880	1 250	DX	1 500	610	900	244	SFZ	2 5 0 0	1 300	1 350	520
FBO 127	SF	5000	800	1 1 5 0	SFT	5000	800	1 150	SX	3 4 0 0	380	800	152	SFZ	5000	1 200	1 200	480
FBO 140	SF	10000	750	1 1 0 0	SFT	10000	750	1 100	SX	7 500	320	750	128	SFZ	10000	950	1 1 5 0	380
FBO 200	SF	20000	630	900	SFT	20000	630	900	SX	23000	240	630	96	SFZ	20000	680	900	272
FBO 270	SF	40 000	510	750	SFT	40 000	510	750	SX	40 000	210	510	84	SFZ	37 500	600	750	240
FBO 340	SF	80 000	460	630	SFT	80 000	460	630										
FBO 440	SF	160 000	400	550	SFT	160000	400	550										

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

The specified maximum speeds apply for installation conditions as given with Complete Freewheels. Knowing the actual installation conditions higher speeds can be permitted under some circumstances.

Freewheel	Bor Standard	1	В	C1***	C2***	C3***	D	E	F	G	L	Т	Z**	Weight
Size	mm	max. mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm		kg
FDO 27										MC			6	-
FBO 37	20	22*	25	3,7		4,3	85	30	55	M 6	48	70	6	0,9
FBO 44	25*	25*	25	3,7	4,7	4,4	95	35	62	M 6	50	80	8	1,3
FBO 57	30	32*	30	4,2	7,7	7,4	110	45	75	M 8	65	95	8	1,9
FBO 72	40	42*	38	3,7	4,9	4,4	132	55	90	M 8	74	115	12	3,5
FBO 82	50*	50*	40	6,6	6,6	6,6	145	65	100	M 10	75	125	12	4,0
FBO 107	60	65*	45	8,1	8,1	8,1	170	80	125	M 10	90	150	12	7,7
FBO 127	70	75*	68	6,9	7,9	6,9	200	95	145	M 12	112	180	12	13,3
FBO 140	90	95*	68	19,1	20,1	19,1	250	120	180	M 16	150	225	12	31,5
FBO 200	120	120	85	14,1	15,1	14,1	320	160	240	M 16	160	288	16	46,5
FBO 270	140	150	100	22,5	22,5	22,5	420	200	310	M 20	212	370	18	105,0
FBO 340	180	240	125	25,6			497	300	380	M 20	265	450	24	190,0
FBO 440	220	300	150	34,1			627	380	480	M 30	315	560	24	360,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.
 Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.
 \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.
 \*\* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN EN ISO 4762) on pitch circle T.

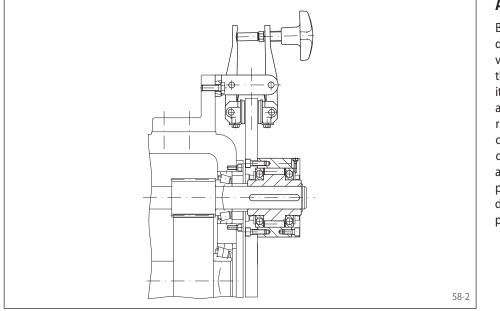
\*\*\* C1 = Centering depth of connecting parts for standard type and type with RIDUVIT®. C2 = Centering depth of connecting parts for type with sprag lift-off X.

C3 = Centering depth of connecting parts for type with sprag lift-off Z.

### **Basic Freewheels FGR ... R**

# for assembly with connecting parts with rollers





### **RINGSPANN®**

#### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Basic Freewheels FGR ... R are roller freewheels with ball bearings to be assembled with customer connecting parts. The freewheels are particularly suitable for installation in housings with oil lubrication and seals.

Nominal torques up to 68 000 Nm.

Bores up to 150 mm.

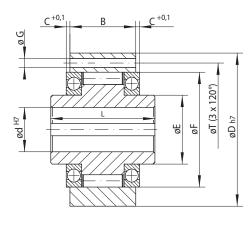
#### **Application example**

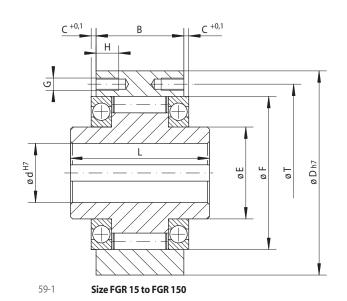
Basic Freewheel FGR 25 R as a backstop on a reduction gear in the drive of an inclined conveyor of an assembly train. When the unit stops, the conveyor belt must be held securely so that it does not run backwards by the weight of the assembly parts. A brake disk is fitted to the outer ring of the freewheel alongside a manually operated RINGSPANN brake calliper. The backdriving torque is maintained by the freewheel and the closed brake. During set-up it must be possible to move the installation in both directions of rotation. To do this, the brake calliper is opened manually.

### **Basic Freewheels FGR ... R**

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### for assembly with connecting parts with rollers





Size FGR 12

g Freewheel ning Clutch Backstop	<b>Standard type</b> For universal use	Dimensions
Overrur		

			Max.s	peed	Bore	В	С	D	E	F	G**	Н	L	Т	Z**	Weight
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	d	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm		kg
FGR 12	R	55	2 500	5 400	12	20	3,5	62	20	42	5,5 mm	-	42	51	3	0,5
FGR 15	R	130	2 200	4800	12	28	2,0	68	25	47	5,5 mm	8	52	56	3	0,5
FGR 20	R	180	1 900	4100	20	34	2,0	75	30	55	M 5	8	52	64	4	1,0
FGR 25	R	290	1550	3 3 5 0	25	35	2,4	90	40	68	MG	10	60	78	4	1,5
FGR 30	R	500	1400	3 0 5 0	30	43	2,4	100	45	75	M 6	10	68	87	6	2,2
FGR 35	R	730	1 300	2850	35	45	2,9	110	50	80	M 6	12	74	96	6	3,0
FGR 40	R	1 000	1150	2 500	40	53	2,9	125	55	90	M 8	14	86	108	6	4,6
FGR 45	R	1 150	1100	2 400	45	53	2,9	130	60	95	M 8	14	86	112	8	4,7
FGR 50	R	2 100	950	2050	50	64	3,9	150	70	110	M 8	14	94	132	8	7,2
FGR 55	R	2 600	900	1 900	55	66	2,9	160	75	115	M 10	16	104	138	8	8,6
FGR 60	R	3 500	800	1 800	60	78	5,4	170	80	125	M 10	16	114	150	10	10,5
FGR 70	R	6 000	700	1 600	70	95	6,4	190	90	140	M 10	16	134	165	10	13,4
FGR 80	R	6 800	600	1 400	80	100	3,9	210	105	160	M 10	16	144	185	10	18,2
FGR 90	R	11 000	500	1 300	90	115	4,9	230	120	180	M 12	20	158	206	10	28,0
FGR 100	R	20 000	350	1 000	100	120	5,4	270	140	210	M 16	24	182	240	10	43,0
FGR 130	R	31 000	250	900	130	152	7,9	310	160	240	M 16	24	212	278	12	66,0
FGR 150	R	68 000	200	700	150	180	6,9	400	200	310	M 20	32	246	360	12	136,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1  $\cdot$  Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \*\* Z = Number of tapped holes or mounting holes G on pitch circle T.

#### Mounting

The customer connecting parts are centered on the ball bearing external diameter F and assembled via the outer ring.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6 and the tolerance of the pilot diameter F of the connecting part must be ISO H7 or J7. The centering depth C must be observed.

#### Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided. Two flat seals are supplied for sealing between the faces of the outer ring and the connecting parts.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FGR 35, standard type:

• FGR 35 R

59-2

### **Integrated Freewheels FXM**

### **RINGSPANN®**

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X



#### **Application as**

- Backstop
- Overrunning Clutch

For application as backstop in installations with high speeds in freewheeling operation.

For application as overrunning clutch in installations with low speeds in driving operation.

#### **Features**

Integrated Freewheels FXM are sprag freewheels without bearing support and with sprag lift-off X.

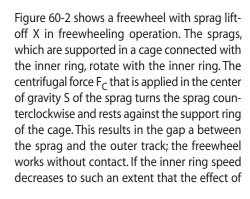
The sprag lift-off X ensures a wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

Nominal torques up to 1 230 000 Nm.

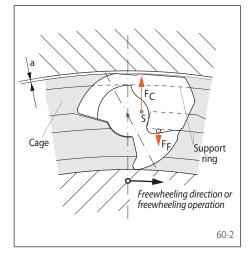
Bores up to 560 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

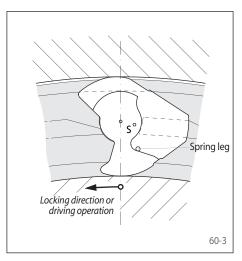
#### Sprag lift-off X

Integrated Freewheels FXM are equipped with sprag lift-off X. The sprag lift-off X is used for backstops and overrunning clutches, provided that in freewheeling operation the inner ring is rotating at high speed and providing with overrunning clutches that the driving operation is conducted at low speed. In freewheeling operation, the centrifugal force  $F_C$  causes the sprag to lift off from the outer track. In this operating state, the freewheel works wear-free, i.e. with unlimited service life.



the centrifugal force on the sprag is less than that of the spring force  $F_F$ , the sprag again rests on the outer ring and the freewheel is ready to lock (figure 60-3). If used as an overrunning clutch, the driving speed must not exceed 40% of the lift-off speed.

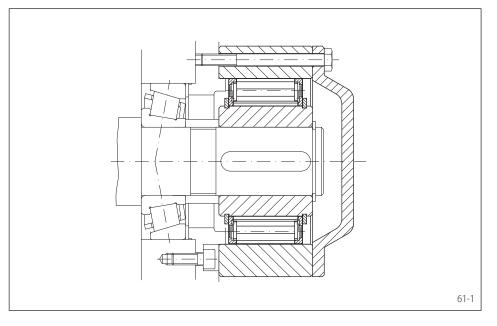


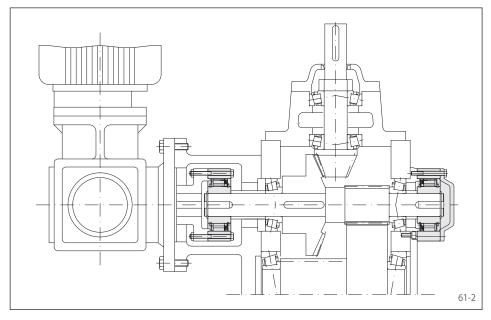


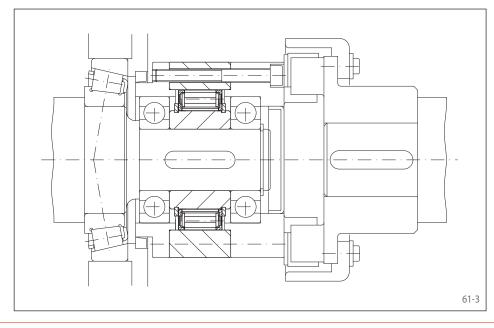
### **Integrated Freewheels FXM**

### **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

#### for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X







#### **Application example**

Integrated Freewheel FXM 170 - 63 MX with end cover as backstop fitted to the end of the first intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox in the drive of an inclined conveyor belt. In the case of a motor stop, the conveyor belt must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull the belt backwards and possibly cause serious damage. Due to the high shaft speeds in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the sprag lift-off X ensures a contactless and hence wearfree continuous operation.

#### **Application example**

Two Integrated Freewheels FXM 120 - 50 MX in the gearbox unit of a vertical bucket conveyor. Alongside the main drive, the bucket conveyor has a creep drive, which can be moved at a low speed if maintenance work needs to be carried out. The freewheel arranged between the creep drive and the main drive works as an overrunning clutch. When the creep drive operates, the freewheel is in driving operation. In normal operation, when driving via the main drive, the inner ring of the freewheel overruns at high speed and automatically disengages the creep drive. The second freewheel that is arranged on the end of the first intermediate shaft of the main gearbox, works as a backstop and prevents the bucket conveyor from running back when the unit is at a standstill.

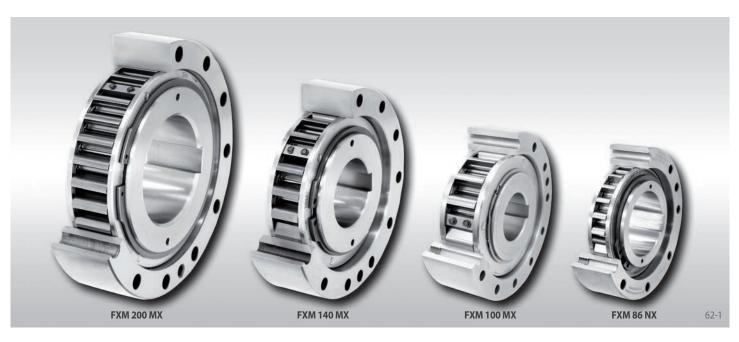
#### **Application example**

Integrated Freewheel FXM 76-25 NX as an overrunning clutch between the creep drive and the main drive of a cement mixer. When the creep drive operates, the outer ring is driven by the shaft coupling. The freewheel works in driving operation and drives the unit at a low speed via the main gearbox. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the inner ring overruns at high speed and the creep drive is automatically disengaged. With the high shaft speed, the type sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free. The arrangement of the seals between the freewheel and the main gearbox is advantageous. In freewheeling operation, this is at a standstill and hence generates no additional friction-related temperature rise.

### Integrated Freewheels FXM .... NX and FXM .... MX

### **RINGSPANN®**

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X



#### Type with sprag lift-off X For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating inner ring

			Theoretical		Nominal	torque at existing run o	ut (T.I.R.)			Max.s	peed
			nominal torque						Sprag lift-off	Inner ring	Outer ring
	eewheel	_		✓ 0,1 A	✓ 0,2 A	🕶 0,3 A	✓ 0,4 A	🕶 0,5 A	at inner ring	freewheels/	drives
	Size	Туре							speed	overruns	. 1
			Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>
FXM	31 - 17	NX	110	110	105	100			890	5 000	356
FXM	38 - 17	NX	180	170	160	150			860	5 000	344
FXM	46 - 25	NX	460	450	440	430			820	5 000	328
FXM	51 - 25	NX	560	550	540	530			750	5 000	300
FXM	56 - 25	NX	660	650	640	630			730	5 000	292
FXM	61 - 19	NX	520	500	480	460			750	5 000	300
FXM	66 - 25	NX	950	930	910	890			700	5 000	280
FXM	76 - 25	NX	1 200	1 170	1 140	1 1 1 0			670	5 000	268
FXM	86 - 25	NX	1 600	1 550	1 500	1 450			630	5 000	252
FXM	101 - 25	NX	2 100	2 050	2 000	1 950			610	5 000	244
FXM	85 - 40	MX	2 500	2 500	2 450	2 450	2 450	2 450	430	6 0 0 0	172
FXM	100 - 40	MX	3 700	3 600	3 600	3 500	3 500	3 500	400	4 500	160
FXM	120 - 50	MX	7 700	7 600	7 500	7 300	7 300	7 300	320	4000	128
FXM	140 - 50	MX	10 100	10 000	9 800	9 600	9 500	9 500	320	3 000	128
FXM	170 - 63	MX	20 500	20 500	20 000	19 500	19 000	19 000	250	2 700	100
FXM	200 - 63	MX	31 000	30 500	30 000	26 500	23 000	20 500	240	2100	96

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

The theoretical nominal torque applies only for ideal concentricity between the inner and outer ring. In practice, the concentricity is affected by the bearing play and centering errors of the neighbouring parts. Then the nominal torques specified in the table apply, whilst taking into consideration the existing run out (T.I.R.).

Higher speeds upon request.

#### Mounting

Backstop Overrunning Clutch

Integrated Freewheels FXM are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed. The Integrated Freewheel FXM is centered via the outer track F on the customer attachment part and bolted to this (refer to figure 63-1).The tolerance of the pilot diameter of the attachment part must be ISO h6 or h7.

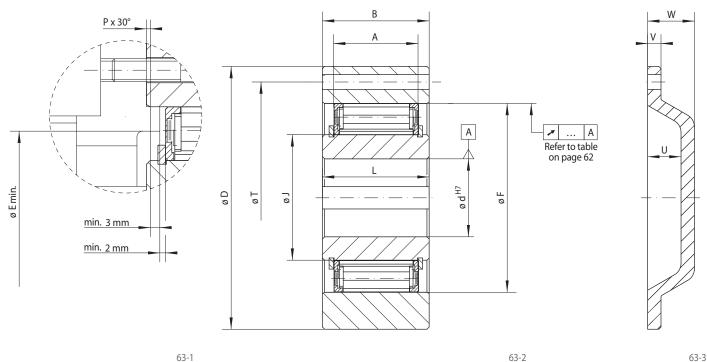
The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

For fitting to shaft ends, end covers can be supplied upon request (refer to figure 63-3).

### Integrated Freewheels FXM ... NX and FXM ... MX

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X



63-1

Fre	eewheel			Bore d		A	В	D	E	F	G**	J	L	Р	Т	U	٧	W	Z**	Weight
	Size	Туре	Stan	Idard	max.				min.											-
			mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FXM	31 -17	NX	20*		20*	17	25	85	41	55	M 6	31	24	1,0	70	15	6	21	6	0,8
FXM	38 -17	NX	25*		25*	17	25	90	48	62	M 6	38	24	1,0	75	15	6	21	6	0,9
FXM	46 -25	NX	30		30	25	35	95	56	70	M 6	46	35	1,0	82	15	6	21	6	1,3
FXM	51 -25	NX	35		36	25	35	105	62	75	M 6	51	35	1,0	90	15	6	21	6	1,7
FXM	56 -25	NX	35	40	40	25	35	110	66	80	M 6	56	35	1,0	96	15	6	21	8	1,8
FXM	61 -19	NX	35	40	45*	19	27	120	74	85	M 8	61	25	1,0	105	15	6	21	6	1,8
FXM	66 -25	NX	40	45	48	25	35	132	82	90	M 8	66	35	1,0	115	15	8	23	8	2,8
FXM	76 -25	NX	50	55	60*	25	35	140	92	100	M 8	76	35	1,0	125	15	8	23	8	3,1
FXM	86 -25	NX	50	60	70	25	40	150	102	110	M 8	86	40	1,0	132	15	8	23	8	4,2
FXM	101 -25	NX	75		80*	25	50	175	117	125	M 10	101	50	1,0	155	20	8	28	8	6,9
FXM	85 -40	MX	60		65	40	50	175	102	125	M 10	85	60	1,0	155	20	8	28	8	7,4
FXM	100 -40	MX	70		80*	40	50	190	130	140	M 10	100	60	1,5	165	25	10	35	12	8,8
FXM	120 -50	MX	80		95	50	60	210	150	160	M 10	120	70	1,5	185	25	10	35	12	12,7
FXM	140 -50	MX	90		110	50	70	245	170	180	M 12	140	70	2,0	218	25	12	35	12	19,8
FXM	170 -63	MX	100		130	63	80	290	200	210	M 16	170	80	2,0	258	28	12	38	12	33,0
FXM	200 -63	MX	120		155	63	80	310	230	240	M 16	200	80	2,0	278	32	12	42	12	32,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.
 Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

\*Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \*\* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G on pitch circle T.

#### Lubrication

At speeds in excess of the sprag lift-off speed, no special lubrication is required; the freewheel functions maintenance-free.

When operating below the sprag lift-off speed, an oil lubrication of the specified oil quality must be provided.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FXM 140 - 50, type with sprag lift-off X and 90 mm bore and end cover:

63

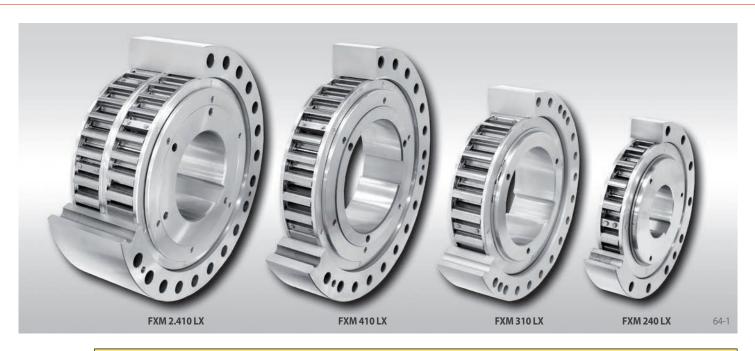
• FXM 140 - 50 MX, d = 90 mm, with end cover

Integrated Freewheels

### Integrated Freewheels FXM .... LX

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X



#### Type with sprag lift-off X For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating inner ring

Theoretical Max.speed Nominal torgue at existing run out (T.I.R.) nominal torque Sprag lift-off Inner ring Outer ring Freewheel at inner ring freewheels drives 🗡 0 A 🕶 0,1 A 🕶 0,2 A 🕶 0,3 A 🕶 0,4 A 🕶 0,5 A 🕶 0,8 A Size speed overruns Туре Nm min<sup>-1</sup> Nm Nm Nm Nm Nm Nm min min<sup>-1</sup> FXM 240 - 63 LX 36 500 36 000 35 500 35 500 35 000 34 500 34 000 220 3 0 0 0 88 58 500 FXM 240 - 96 LX 59 000 58 500 57 500 57 000 56 500 56 000 220 2500 88 FXM 2.240 - 70 81 000 80 500 80 000 79 500 78 500 77 500 77 000 LX 220 2 5 0 0 88 LX 116 500 116 000 114 500 113 500 112 500 111 500 2500 FXM 2.240 - 96 117 500 220 88 44 000 44 000 43 500 43 000 42 500 FXM 260 - 63 LX 44 500 41 500 210 2250 84 65 000 64 500 64 000 63 500 62 500 62 000 60 000 80 FXM 290 - 70 LX 200 2250 FXM 290 - 96 LX 95 500 95 000 94 500 93 500 92 500 91 500 84 500 200 2 2 5 0 80 125 500 123 500 122 500 121 000 119 500 117 000 80 FXM 2.290 - 70 LX 124 500 200 2250 180 000 178 500 LX 183 000 181 500 176 500 174 500 171 000 200 80 FXM 2.290 - 96 2250 75 000 74 500 74 000 73 000 FXM 310 - 70 IX 76 000 72 500 70 000 195 2250 78 110 500 109 500 108 000 107 000 78 FXM 310 - 96 LX 112 000 111 000 99 000 195 2100 LX 81 000 80 500 80 000 79 500 78 500 78 000 65 500 195 2000 78 FXM 320 - 70 112 500 111 500 110 000 78 FXM 320 - 96 IX 114 000 113 500 109 000 105 500 195 2 0 0 0 154 000 FXM 2.320 - 70 LX 158 000 156 500 155 500 152 500 151 000 143 000 195 2000 78 78 FXM 2.320 - 96 LX 225 000 223 500 221 500 220 000 217 500 215 000 209 000 195 2 0 0 0 FXM 360 - 100 LX 156 000 155 000 154 000 152 500 144 000 134 500 108 000 180 1800 72 FXM 2.360 - 73 LX 208 000 206 500 204 500 203 000 201 000 199 000 163 000 180 1800 72 FXM 2.360 - 100 LX 294 500 292 500 290 000 287 500 284 500 281 500 258 500 180 1800 72 FXM 410 - 100 IX 194 500 193 500 192 000 190,000 188 500 179 500 145 000 170 1 5 0 0 68 FXM 2.410 - 73 LX 263 000 261 000 259 000 257 000 254 500 252 000 209 500 170 1 500 68 FXM 2.410 - 100 LX 389 500 387 000 384 000 380 500 377 000 359 500 289 500 170 1 500 68 FXM 500 - 100 LX 290 000 287 500 285 500 283 000 272 000 255 000 202 000 150 1 000 60 FXM 2.500 - 100 LX 578 000 574 000 570 000 566 000 547 000 508 000 407 000 150 1 000 60 444 500 441 500 438 500 427 000 400 000 374 000 300 000 135 1 000 54 FXM 620 - 105 LX FXM 2.620 - 105 LX 888 000 882 000 876 000 860 000 807 000 754 000 603 000 135 1 000 54 605 000 601 000 596 000 591 000 586 000 579 000 504 000 125 50 FXM 750 -105 LX 800 FXM 2.750 -105 LX 1 230 000 1 220 000 1 210 000 1 200 000 1 190 000 1 179 000 958 000 125 800 50

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

The theoretical nominal torque applies only for ideal concentricity between the inner and outer ring. In practice, the concentricity is affected by the bearing play and centering errors of the neighbouring parts. Then the nominal torques specified in the table apply, whilst taking into consideration the existing run out (T.I.R.). Higher speeds upon request.

#### Mounting

Backstop Overrunning Clutch

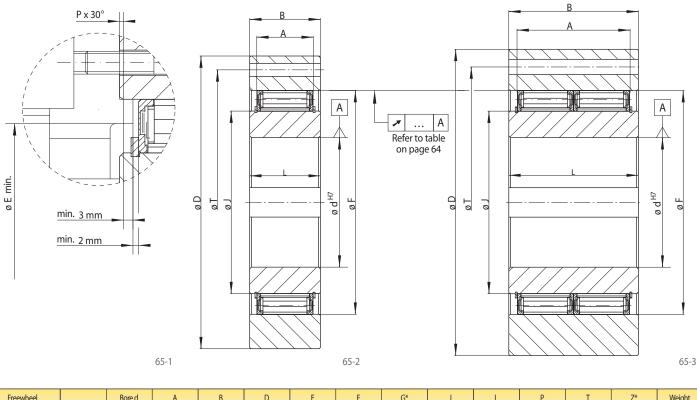
Integrated Freewheels FXM are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed. The Integrated Freewheel FXM is centered via the outer track F on the customer attachment part and bolted to this (refer to figure 65-1).The tolerance of the pilot diameter of the attachment part must be ISO h6 or h7.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

### Integrated Freewheels FXM ... LX

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X



Freewheel	-	Bore d	A	В	D	E	F	G*	J	L	Р	Т	Z*	Weight
Size	Туре	max.				min.								1.
		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FXM 240 - 63	LX	185	63	80	400	280	310	M 20	240	90	2,0	360	12	60
FXM 240 - 96	LX	185	96	125	420	280	310	M 24	240	120	2,0	370	16	95
FXM 2.240 - 70	LX	185	140	160	412	280	310	M 20	240	160	2,0	360	24	120
FXM 2.240 - 96	LX	185	192	240	425	280	310	M 24	240	240	2,0	370	24	200
FXM 260 - 63	LX	205	63	80	430	300	330	M 20	260	105	2,0	380	16	75
FXM 290 - 70	LX	230	70	80	460	330	360	M 20	290	105	2,0	410	16	90
FXM 290 - 96	LX	230	96	110	460	330	360	M 20	290	120	2,0	410	16	91
FXM 2.290 - 70	LX	230	140	160	480	330	360	M 24	290	160	2,0	410	18	170
FXM 2.290 - 96	LX	230	192	240	490	330	360	M 30	290	240	2,0	425	20	260
FXM 310 - 70	LX	240	70	125	497	360	380	M 20	310	110	3,0	450	24	135
FXM 310 - 96	LX	240	96	125	497	360	380	M 20	310	120	3,0	450	24	145
FXM 320 - 70	LX	250	70	80	490	360	390	M 24	320	105	3,0	440	16	105
FXM 320 - 96	LX	250	96	120	520	360	390	M 24	320	120	3,0	440	16	150
FXM 2.320 - 70	LX	250	140	180	505	360	390	M 24	320	180	3,0	440	24	200
FXM 2.320 - 96	LX	250	192	240	530	360	390	M 30	320	240	3,0	460	24	310
FXM 360 - 100	LX	280	100	120	540	400	430	M 24	360	125	3,0	500	24	170
FXM 2.360 - 73	LX	280	146	210	550	400	430	M 24	360	210	3,0	500	24	270
FXM 2.360 - 100	LX	280	200	250	580	400	430	M 30	360	250	3,0	500	24	380
FXM 410 - 100	LX	300	100	120	630	460	480	M 24	410	125	3,0	560	24	245
FXM 2.410 - 73	LX	300	146	210	630	460	480	M 24	410	210	3,0	560	24	400
FXM 2.410 - 100	LX	300	200	220	630	460	480	M 30	410	220	3,0	560	24	440
FXM 500 - 100	LX	360	100	130	780	550	570	M 30	500	130	3,0	680	24	310
FXM 2.500 - 100	LX	360	200	230	780	550	570	M 30	500	230	3,0	680	24	560
FXM 620 - 105	LX	460	105	140	980	670	690	M 30	620	140	3,0	840	24	570
FXM 2.620 - 105	LX	460	210	240	980	670	690	M 36	620	240	3,0	840	24	990
FXM 750 - 105	LX	560	105	150	1 350	800	820	M 42	750	150	3,0	1 000	24	1 330
FXM 2.750 - 105	LX	560	210	250	1 350	800	820	M 42	750	250	3,0	1 000	24	2 620

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G on pitch circle T.

#### Lubrication

**Example for ordering** 

At speeds in excess of the sprag lift-off speed, no special lubrication is required; the freewheel functions maintenance-free.

When operating below the sprag lift-off speed, an oil lubrication of the specified oil quality must be provided.

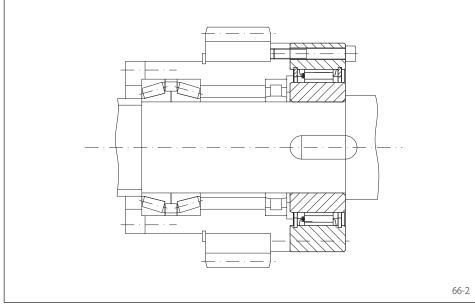
#### Freewheel size FXM 240 - 63, type with sprag lift-off X and 185 mm bore:

• FXM 240 - 63 LX, d = 185 mm

### **Integrated Freewheels FON**

#### for bolting to the face with sprags, available in three types





#### Mounting

Integrated Freewheels FON are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The Integrated Freewheel FON is centered via the outer track F on the customer attachment part and bolted to this. The tolerance of the pilot diameter of the attachment part must be ISO h6.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

#### Lubrication

In the case of standard type and type with RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup>, an oil lubrication of the specified oil quality must be provided.

In the case of the type with sprag lift-off Z, at speeds in excess of the sprag lift-off speed, no special lubrication is required; the freewheel functions maintenance-free. When operating below the sprag lift-off speed, an oil lubrication of the specified oil quality must be provided.

#### Application as



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Integrated Freewheels FON are sprag freewheels without bearing support.

In addition to the standard type, two other types are available for extended service life and indexing accuracy.

Nominal torques up to 25 000 Nm.

Bores up to 155 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

#### **Application example**

Integrated Freewheel FON 57 SFT as an overrunning clutch, arranged on the main drive shaft of a packaging machine. The outer ring is connected to a creep drive by means of a gear wheel. This drive is used during set-up. In this operating state, the freewheel works in driving operation and drives the machine at a very low speed via the main shaft. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the inner ring overruns and the creep drive is automatically disengaged. The RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup> sprags give the freewheel an extended service life.

#### **Example for ordering**

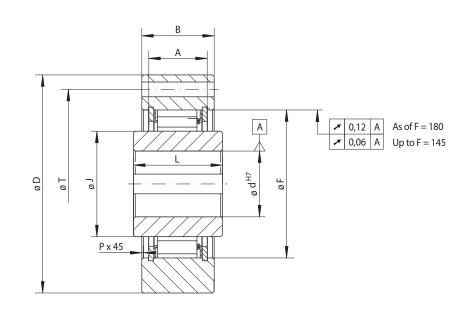
Freewheel size FON 72, type with RIDUVIT<sup>®</sup> and 45 mm bore:

• FON 72 SFT, d = 45 mm

### **Integrated Freewheels FON**

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### for bolting to the face with sprags, available in three types



ig Freewheel nning Clutch Backstop	Standard type For universal use	Type with RIDUVIT® For extended service life with coated sprags	Type with sprag lift-off Z For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating outer ring
Indexir			

			Max.s	peed			Max.s	peed				Max.s	speed
Freewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Туре	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Sprag lift-off at outer ring speed min <sup>-1</sup>	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Inner ring drives min <sup>-1</sup>
FON 37	SF	220	2 500	2 600	SFT	220	2 500	2 600	SFZ	180	2900	3 700	340
FON 44	SF	315	1 900	2 200	SFT	315	1 900	2 200	SFZ	250	2250	3 000	320
FON 57	SF	630	1 400	1 750	SFT	630	1 400	1 750	SFZ	630	2000	2 200	560
FON 72	SF	1 250	1 120	1 600	SFT	1 2 5 0	1 120	1 600	SFZ	1250	1 5 5 0	1 850	488
FON 82	SF	1 900	1 025	1 450	SFT	1 900	1 025	1 450	SFZ	1 700	1450	1 600	580
FON 107	SF	2800	880	1 250	SFT	2800	880	1 250	SFZ	2 500	1 300	1 350	520
FON 127	SF	6300	800	1 150	SFT	6300	800	1 150	SFZ	5000	1 200	1 200	480
FON 140	SF	10 000	750	1 100	SFT	10000	750	1 100	SFZ	10000	950	1 150	380
FON 170	SF	16000	700	1 000	SFT	16000	700	1 000	SFZ	14000	880	1 000	352
FON 200	SF	25 000	630	900	SFT	25 000	630	900	SFZ	20000	680	900	272

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

The specified maximum speeds apply for installation conditions as given with Complete Freewheels. Knowing the actual installation conditions higher speeds can be permitted under some circumstances.

Freewheel		re d	A	В	D	F	G**	J	L	Р	Т	Z**	Weight
Size	Standard	max.											
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FON 37	20	25*	18,5	25	85	55	M 6	37	35	0,5	70	6	0,8
FON 44	25	32*	18,5	25	95	62	M 6	44	35	0,5	80	8	1,0
FON 57	30	42*	23,5	30	110	75	M 8	57	45	0,5	95	8	1,7
FON 72	40	55*	29,5	38	132	90	M 8	72	60	1,0	115	12	3,0
FON 82	55	65*	31,0	40	145	100	M 10	82	60	1,0	125	12	4,0
FON 107	70	85*	33,0	45	170	125	M 10	107	65	1,0	150	12	6,0
FON 127	90	100*	58,0	68	200	145	M 12	127	75	1,0	180	12	11,5
FON 140	100	115*	58,0	68	250	180	M 16	140	75	1,0	225	12	17,0
FON 170	120	140*	60,0	70	290	210	M 16	170	75	1,0	258	16	24,0
FON 200	140	155	73,0	85	320	240	M 16	200	85	1,5	288	16	34,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

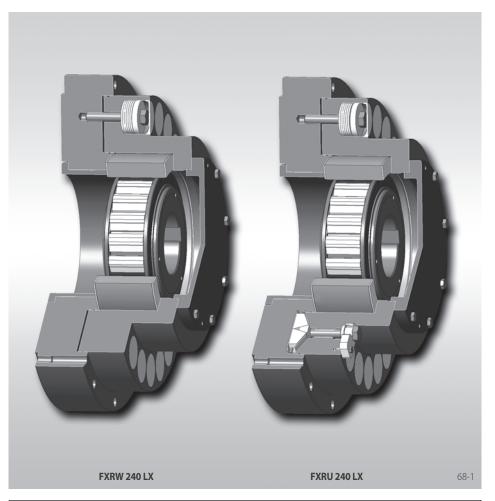
Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \*\* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G on pitch circle T.

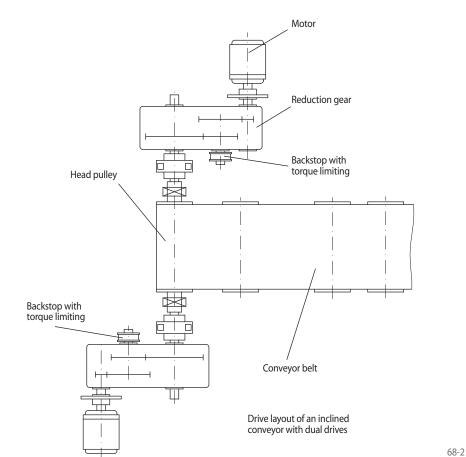
67-1

### Integrated Freewheels FXR ...

### **RINGSPANN®**

for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X and torque limiting





#### **Application as**

#### Backstop

for continuous conveyor installations with multiple drives in which each drive is equipped with a backstop.

#### Features

Integrated Freewheels FXR ... are sprag freewheels without bearing support and with sprag lift-off X. They consist of the Integrated Freewheels FXM (refer to pages 60 to 65) with additional torque limiter.

The sprag lift-off X ensures a wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

In continuous conveyor installations with multiple drives it is important to consider the problem of the unequal distribution of backdriving torque to the individual drives and backstops. As soon as the installation comes to a standstill, the entire backdriving torque is applied primarily to a single backstop, due to differences in the play and elasticity of the drives involved. In installations equipped with backstops without torque limiters, the individual gearboxes and the corresponding backstops must be designed to accommodate the entire backdriving torque of the conveyor installation in order to ensure safety.

The problem of the unequal distribution of backdriving torque is solved by using backstops FXR ... with torque limiting. The torque limiter which is built into the backstop slips temporarily when the specified torque is exceeded until the other backstops engage in succession. In this way, the entire backdriving torgue of the conveyor installation is distributed to the individual gearboxes and backstops. Furthermore, dynamic peak torgues which occur during the locking process are reduced, thereby protecting the gearboxes against damaging peak torques. For this reason the use of backstops FXR ... with torque limiting in continuous conveyor installations with multiple drives enables the application of gearboxes with smaller dimensions.

#### **Advantages**

- Protection of gearboxes from overload by unequal load distribution in multiple drives
- Protection of gearboxes from dynamic peak torques during the locking process
- Smaller gearboxes can be used without negatively effecting the safety
- Protection of the backstops, as dynamic peak torques are reduced by temporarily slipping

### Integrated Freewheels FXR ...

### **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

#### for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X and torque limiting

# Integrated Freewheels FXRW and FXRV with torque limiting and without release function

This series of backstops with torque limiting is the basic version. The design and the available standard sizes are shown on page 70 and 72.

# Integrated Freewheels FXRU and FXRT with torque limiting and with release function

This series is designed in the same way as series FXRW or FXRV; as an addition, a finely controllable release function is built in. The design, the description of the release function and the available standard sizes are shown on page 71 and 73.

The backstops with controllable release function are used if a controlled relaxing of the belt or the unit – perhaps in the case of a jam on the pulley drum – or a limited reverse movement of the conveyor system is required.

#### **Selection torque**

The following determination of the selection torque applies to multiple-drives installations in which each drive has the same motor power. Please contact us in case of different motor powers.

If the backdriving torque  $M_L$  per drive is known, then the selection torque  $M_A$  for the particular backstop should be determined as follows:

 $M_A = 1.2 \cdot M_L [Nm]$ 

If, however, only the nominal power per drive  $P_0$  [kW] is known, then this applies:

$$M_A = 1.2 \cdot 9550 \cdot F^2 \cdot P_0 / n_{SP}$$
 [Nm]

In these equiations:

M<sub>A</sub> = Selection torque of the particular backstop [Nm]

 $M_{I} = 9550 \cdot F \cdot P_{I} / n_{SP} [Nm]$ 

 Static backdriving torque of the load for each drive referring to the particular backstop shaft [Nm]

- $P_L = Lifting capacity per drive at full load [kW]$ 
  - Lifting height [m] multiplied by the load that is being conveyed per second divided by the number of drives [kN/s]

 $P_0 = Nominal power of motor [kW]$ 

 $n_{SP} = Speed of backstop shaft [min<sup>-1</sup>]$ 

F = Selection factor

After calculating  $M_A$ , the size of the particular backstop must be selected in accordance with the catalogue tables in such a way that in all cases this applies:

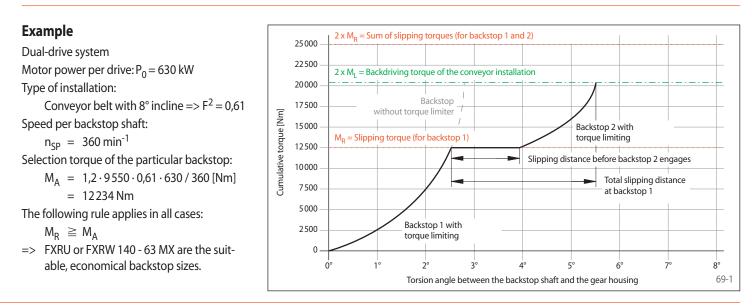
 $M_R \ge M_A$ 

=

M<sub>R</sub> = Maximum slipping torque of the particular backstop in accordance with the table values on pages 70 to 73 [Nm] Approximate values for F:

Type of installation	F	F <sup>2</sup>
Conveyor belts, angle up to $6^{\circ}$	0,71	0,50
Conveyor belts, angle up to 8°	0,78	0,61
Conveyor belts, angle up to 10°	0,83	0,69
Conveyor belts, angle up to 12°	0,86	0,74
Conveyor belts, angle up to 15°	0,89	0,79
Screw pumps	0,93	0,87
Ball mills, drying drums	0,85	0,72
Bucket conveyors, elevators	0,92	0,85
Hammer mills	0,93	0,87

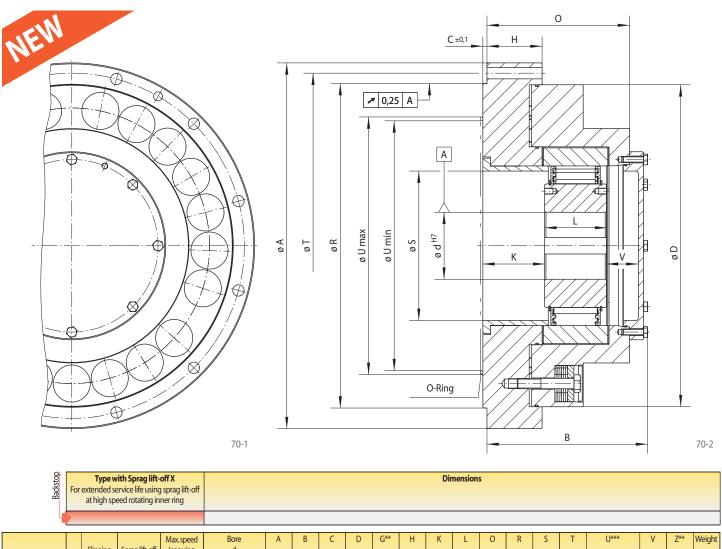
In each case, the sum of the slipping torques of the particular backstops must be 1,2 times higher than the static backdriving torque of the installation (also at overload). The torques specified in the tables are maximum values. Lower values can be set upon request. If in doubt, please contact us stating the precise description of the installation and the operating conditions. It is preferable to use the questionnaire on page 112.



### Integrated Freewheels FXRW – highest power density

### **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

#### for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X and torque limiting



				Max.speed	Bore		A B		С	D	G**	Н	K	L	0	R	S	Т	U***		V	Z**	Weight
E I I		Slipping	Sprag lift-off	Inner ring	d																		
Freewheel Size	Turno	torque	at inner ring	freewheels	Ctondard														min				
SIZE	lype	M <sub>R</sub> Nm	speed min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	Standard mm	max. mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	min. mm	max. mm	mm		kg
FXRW 85 - 50	ΜX	3 300	430	6000		65	330	176	6	285	M12	54	67,5	60	151	280	110	308	165	215	38	6	60
FXRW 100 - 50	MX	4700	400	4 5 0 0		80*	350	181	6	305	M12	59	67,5	70	156	300	125	328	180	240	33	6	73
FXRW 120 - 50	MX	7 300	320	4000		95	400	192	6	345	M16	69	77,5	70	167	340	145	373	200	260	34	6	101
FXRW 140 - 63	MX	12500	320	3 0 0 0		110	430	227	6	375	M16	79	89,5	80	192	375	165	403	220	280	48	6	133
FXRW 170 - 63	MX	19000	250	2700	110	130	500	232	6	445	M16	89	100	80	205	425	196	473	250	425	36	6	197
FXRW 200 - 63	MX	30 000	240	2100	150	155	555	250	6	500	M16	99	110	80	223	495	226	528	275	495	43	6	274
FXRW 240 - 96	LX	56000	220	2 5 0 0		185	710	312	8	625	M20	107	120	120	277	630	290	670	355	630	61	12	525
FXRW 260 - 96	LX	65 000	210	2250		205	750	327	8	660	M20	117	130	120	302	670	310	710	375	670	66	12	619
FXRW 290 - 96	LX	90 0 00	200	2250		230	850	340	8	735	M24	127	140	120	302	730	330	800	405	730	65	12	852
FXRW 310 - 96	LX	107 000	195	2100		240	900	352	10	785	M24	127	150	120	322	775	355	850	435	775	72	12	1016

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \*\* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN EN ISO 4762) on pitch circle T. \*\*\* Area for O-ring sealing. Other freewheel sizes upon request.

#### **Torques**

The Integrated Freewheels FXRW are supplied with a set slipping torque  $M_R$  of the torque limiter. The static backdriving torque  $M_L$  of the installation (also in the case of an overload) must under no circumstances achieve the sum of the slipping torques  $M_R$  of the provided Integrated Freewheels. The slipping torques  $M_R$ specified in the table are maximum values; lower values can be set.

#### Mounting

The Integrated Freewheels FXRW are without bearing support, therefore it must be ensured that the run out (T.I.R.) between the pilot diameter R and the shaft diameter d does not exceed the value 0,25 mm.

Dimension C applies for the Integrated Freewheel. The centering depth of the customer attachment part must be at least C + 0,2 mm. The tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

#### **Example for ordering**

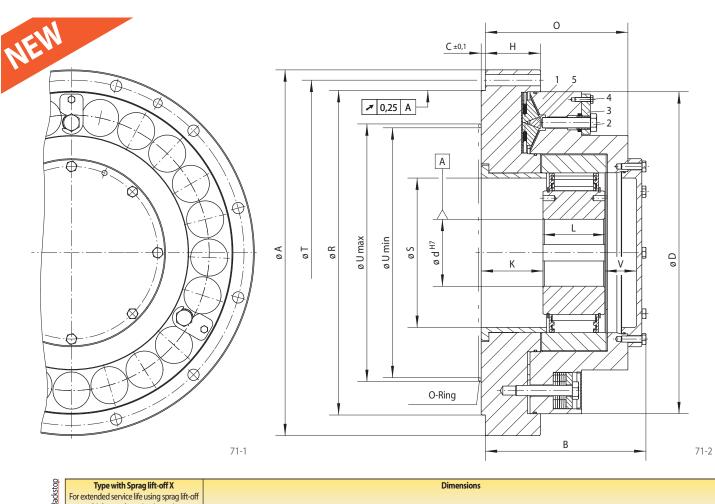
Freewheel size FXRW 170-63 MX, type with sprag lift-off X, 130 mm bore and slipping torque 19 000 Nm:

 FXRW 170 - 63 MX, d = 130 mm, M<sub>R</sub> = 19 000 Nm

### Integrated Freewheels FXRU – highest power density

### RINGSPANN®

#### for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X, torgue limiting and release function



	For extended service life using sprag lift-off
2	at high speed rotating inner ring

4																							
		Slipping	Sprag lift-off	Max.speed	Bo		А	В	С	D	G**	Н	К	L	0	R	S	Т	U*	**	V	Z**	Weight
Freewheel Size	Type	torque M <sub>P</sub>	at inner ring speed	freewheels	Standard	max.													min.	max.			
	~	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FXRU 85 - 50	MX	3 300	430	6000		65	330	176	6	285	M12	54	67,5	60	151	280	110	308	165	215	38	6	62
FXRU 100 - 50	MX	4700	400	4 5 0 0		80*	350	181	6	305	M12	59	67,5	70	156	300	125	328	180	240	33	б	74
FXRU 120 - 50	MX	7 300	320	4000		95	400	192	6	345	M16	69	77,5	70	167	340	145	373	200	260	34	б	101
FXRU 140 - 63	MX	12 500	320	3 0 0 0		110	430	227	6	375	M16	79	89,5	80	192	375	165	403	220	280	48	6	133
FXRU 170 - 63	MX	19000	250	2700	110	130	500	232	6	445	M16	89	100	80	205	425	196	473	250	425	36	б	197
FXRU 200 - 63	MX	30 000	240	2100	150	155	555	250	6	500	M16	99	110	80	223	495	226	528	275	495	43	6	275
FXRU 240 - 96	LX	56000	220	2 5 0 0		185	710	312	8	625	M20	107	120	120	277	630	290	670	355	630	61	12	526
FXRU 260 - 96	LX	65 000	210	2250		205	750	327	8	660	M20	117	130	120	302	670	310	710	375	670	66	12	620
FXRU 290 - 96	LX	90 000	200	2 2 5 0		230	850	340	8	735	M24	127	140	120	302	730	330	800	405	730	65	12	853
FXRU 310 - 96	LX	107 000	195	2100		240	900	352	10	785	M24	127	150	120	322	775	355	850	435	775	72	12	1017

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \*\* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN EN ISO 4762) on pitch circle T.\*\*\* Area for O-ring sealing. Other freewheel sizes upon request.

#### **Toraues**

The Integrated Freewheels FXRU are supplied with a set slipping torque M<sub>R</sub> of the torque limiter. The static backdriving torque M<sub>1</sub> of the installation (also in the case of an overload) must under no circumstances achieve the sum of the slipping torques M<sub>R</sub> of the provided Integrated Freewheels. The slipping torques M<sub>R</sub> specified in the table are maximum values; lower values can be set.

#### Mounting

The Integrated Freewheels FXRU are without bearing support, therefore it must be ensured that the run out (T.I.R.) between the pilot diameter R and the shaft diameter d does not exceed the value 0,25 mm.

Dimension C applies for the Integrated Freewheel. The centering depth of the customer attachment part must be at least C + 0,2 mm. The tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

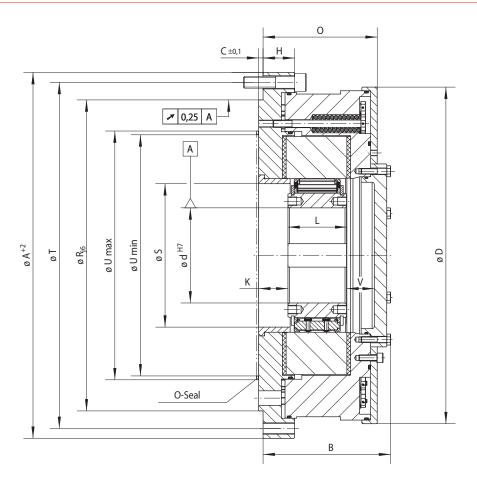
#### **Release function**

The finely controllable release function consists basically of three special screws (2) that are located in the spring pocket (1), safety tabs (3) and wedge systems (5). To release the backstop, first of all the special screws (2) and hexagon screws (4) have to be unscrewed slightly. Then the safety tabs (3) have to be turned outwards and in this position fixed with the hexagon screws (4). The special screws (2) can then be tightened, whereupon, with the aid of the wedge system (5) the release procedure is finely initiated.

### **Integrated Freewheels FXRV**

### **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

#### for bolting to the face with sprag lift-off X and torgue limiting



Backstop	For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating inner ring				Dimensions																		
	Max.speed			Во	re	A	В	С	D	G**	Н	K	L	0	R	S	Т	U*	**	۷	Z**	Weight	
Freewheel		Slipping torque	Sprag lift-off at inner ring	Inner ring freewheels	c l																		
Size	Туре	M <sub>R</sub> Nm	speed min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	Standard mm	max. mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	min. mm	max. mm	mm		kg
FXRV 85 - 40	MX	1 400	430	6000	60	65	330	143	6	295	M 12	37	29	60	127	280	110	308	165	215	43	6	5
FXRV 100 - 50	MX	2 300	400	4500	70	80*	350	150	6	311	M 12	39	31	70	134	300	125	328	180	240	38	6	65
FXRV 120 - 50	ΜX	3 400	320	4000	80	95	400	150	6	360	M 16	36	31	70	134	340	145	373	200	260	38	6	86
FXRV 140 - 50	MX	4 500	320	3 0 0 0	90	110	430	160	6	386	M 16	36	31	70	134	375	165	403	220	280	50	6	102
FXRV 170 - 63	MΧ	9 000	250	2700	100	130	500	175	6	460	M 16	43	40	80	156	425	196	473	250	340	38	6	163
FXRV 200 - 63	MX	12 500	240	2100	110	155	555	175	6	516	M 16	49	40	80	156	495	226	528	275	390	38	6	205
FXRV 240 - 63	LX	21 200	220	3 0 0 0		185	710	195	8	630	M 20	50	50	90	170	630	290	670	355	455	45	12	347
FXRV 260 - 63	LX	30 000	210	2 5 0 0		205	750	205	8	670	M 20	50	50	105	183	670	310	710	375	500	40	12	411
FXRV 290 - 70	LX	42 500	200	2500		230	850	218	8	755	M 24	52	50	105	190	730	335	800	405	560	48	12	562
FXRV 310 - 96	LX	53 000	195	2100		240	900	260	10	800	M 24	63	63	120	240	775	355	850	435	600	69	12	792
FXRV 360 - 100	LX	75 000	180	1800		280	975	267	10	870	M 30	63	63	125	243	850	400	925	485	670	71	12	942
FXRV 410 - 100	LX	100 000	170	1500		300	1060	267	10	950	M 30	63	63	125	243	950	450	1000	535	750	71	12	1053

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* X = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN EN ISO 4762) on pitch circle T.\*\*\* Area for O-ring sealing. See page 69 for determination of selection torque. Other freewheel sizes upon request.

see page 09 for determination of selection torque. Other neewin

#### Torques

The Integrated Freewheels FXRV are supplied with a set slipping torque  $M_R$  of the torque limiter. The static backdriving torque  $M_L$  of the installation (also in the case of an overload) must under no circumstances achieve the sum of the slipping torques  $M_R$  of the provided Integrated Freewheels. The slipping torques  $M_R$  specified in the table are maximum values; lower values can be set.

#### Mounting

The Integrated Freewheels FXRV are without bearing support, therefore it must be ensured that the run out (T.I.R.) between the pilot diameter R and the shaft diameter d does not exceed the value 0,25 mm.

Dimension C applies for the Integrated Freewheel. The centering depth of the customer attachment part must be at least C +0.2 mm. The tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7. The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

72-1

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FXRV 170-63 MX, type with sprag lift-off X, 100 mm bore and slipping torque 9 000 Nm:

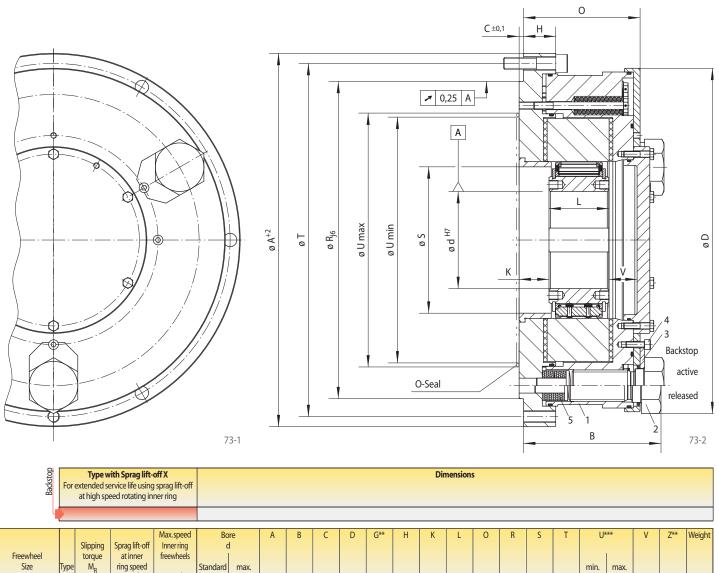
 FXRV 170 - 63 MX, d = 100 mm, M<sub>R</sub> = 9 000 Nm

### **Integrated Freewheels FXRT**

# **RINGSPANN®**

### for bolting to the face

### with sprag lift-off X, torque limiting and release function



JIZC	ryper	IN R	ning spece		Januaru	max.														man,			
		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm		kg
FXRT 85 - 40	MX	1 400	430	6000	60	65	330	148	6	295	M 12	37	29	60	127	280	110	308	165	215	43	6	60
FXRT 100 - 50	MX	2 300	400	4500	70	80*	350	159	6	311	M 12	39	31	70	134	300	125	328	180	240	38	6	66
FXRT 120 - 50	MX	3 400	320	4000	80	95	400	159	6	360	M 16	36	31	70	134	340	145	373	200	260	38	6	87
FXRT 140 - 50	MX	4 500	320	3000	90	110	430	163	6	386	M 16	36	31	70	134	375	165	403	220	280	50	6	104
FXRT 170 - 63	MX	9 000	250	2700	100	130	500	188	6	460	M 16	43	40	80	156	425	196	473	250	340	38	6	166
FXRT 200 - 63	MX	12 500	240	2100	110	155	555	188	6	516	M 16	49	40	80	156	495	226	528	275	390	38	6	209
FXRT 240 - 63	LX	21 200	220	3000		185	710	210	8	630	M 20	50	50	90	170	630	290	670	355	455	45	12	355
FXRT 260 - 63	LX	30 000	210	2500		205	750	223	8	670	M 20	50	50	105	183	670	310	710	375	500	40	12	418
FXRT 290 - 70	LX	42 500	200	2500		230	850	243	8	755	M 24	52	50	105	190	730	335	800	405	560	48	12	574
FXRT 310 - 96	LX	53 000	195	2100		240	900	293	10	800	M 24	63	63	120	240	775	355	850	435	600	69	12	805

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \*\* Z = Number of fastening holes for screws G (DIN EN ISO 4762) on pitch circle T.\*\*\* Area for O-ring sealing.

See page 69 for determination of selection torque. Other freewheel sizes upon request.

#### **Torques**

The Integrated Freewheels FXRT are supplied with a set slipping torque  $M_R$  of the torque limiter. The static backdriving torque  $M_L$  of the installation (also in the case of an overload) must under no circumstances achieve the sum of the slipping torques  $M_R$  of the provided Integrated Freewheels. The slipping torques  $M_R$  specified in the table are maximum values; lower values can be set.

#### Mounting

The Integrated Freewheels FXRT are without bearing support, therefore it must be ensured that the run out (T.I.R.) between the pilot diameter R and the shaft diameter d does not exceed the value 0,25 mm.

Dimension C applies for the Integrated Freewheel. The centering depth of the customer attachment part must be at least C + 0,2 mm. The tolerance of the pilot diameter R of the attachment part must be ISO H7.

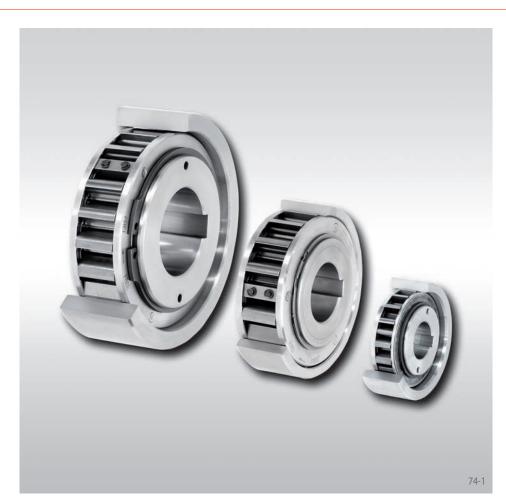
The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

### **Release function**

The finely controllable release function consists basically of three special screws (2) that are located in the spring pocket (1) and the safety tabs (3). To release the backstop, first of all the special screws have to be unscrewed slightly. Then the cylinder screws (4) and the safety tabs have to be removed. The special screws can then be tightened, whereupon, with the aid of the belleville spring set (5) the release procedure is finely initiated.

### **Internal Freewheels FXN**

### for press fit on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X



### Application as

- Backstop
- Overrunning Clutch

For application as backstop in installations with high speeds in freewheeling operation.

For application as overrunning clutch in installations with low speeds in driving operation.

#### Features

Internal Freewheels FXN are sprag freewheels without bearing support and with sprag lift-off X.

The sprag lift-off X ensures a wear-free freewheeling operation when the inner ring rotates at high speed.

The outer ring is pressed into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

Nominal torques up to 20 500 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

Bores up to 130 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

### Sprag lift-off X

Internal Freewheels FXN are equipped with sprag lift-off X. The sprag lift-off X is used for backstops and overrunning clutches, provided that in freewheeling operation the inner ring is rotating at high speed and providing with overrunning clutches that the driving operation is conducted at low speed. In freewheeling operation, the centrifugal force  $F_C$  causes the sprag to lift off from the outer track. In this operating state, the freewheel works wear-free, i.e. with unlimited service life.

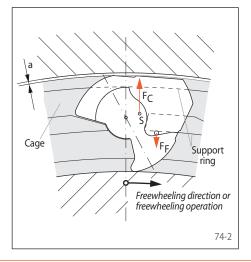
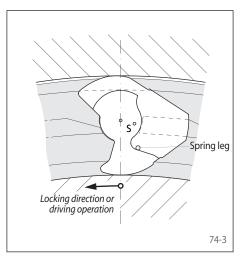


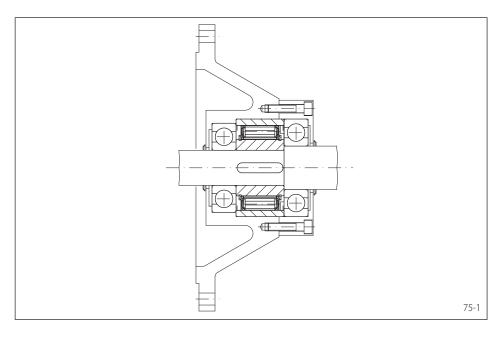
Figure 74-2 shows a freewheel with sprag liftoff X in freewheeling operation. The sprags, which are supported in a cage connected with the inner ring, rotate with the inner ring. The centrifugal force  $F_C$  that is applied in the center of gravity S of the sprag turns the sprag counterclockwise and rests against the support ring of the cage. This results in the gap a between the sprag and the outer track; the freewheel works without contact. If the inner ring speed decreases to such an extent that the effect of the centrifugal force on the sprag is less than that of the spring force  $F_F$ , the sprag again rests on the outer ring and the freewheel is ready to lock (figure 74-3). If used as an overrunning clutch, the driving speed must not exceed 40% of the lift-off speed.

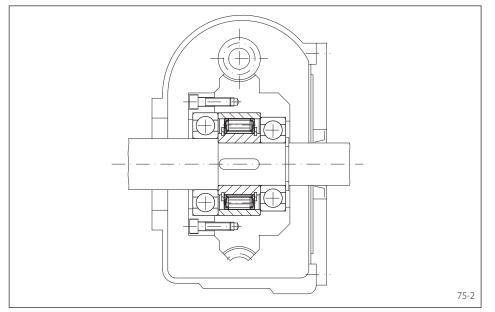


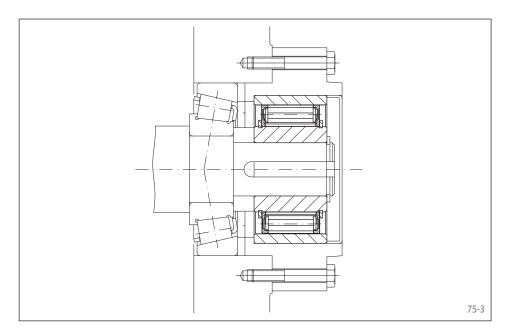
### **Internal Freewheels FXN**

# **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

# for press fit on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X







### **Application example**

Internal Freewheel FXN 38 - 17/70 NX as a backstop, arranged in a housing adapter to attach to an electric motor. The thin outer ring that is pressed into the housing enables a space-efficient fitting solution. Due to the high shaft speeds in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the sprag lift-off X ensures a contactless and hence wear-free continuous operation.

### **Application example**

Internal Freewheel FXN 66-25/100 NX as an overrunning clutch in the creep drive of a textile machine. The freewheel installation is compactly solved by means of the thin outer ring that is pressed into the worm wheel. During setup, the machine is driven by the worm gear and the freewheel that is working in driving operation. In normal operation (freewheeling operation), the inner ring that is located on the high speed main drive shaft overruns and automatically disengages the creep drive. With the high overrunning speed of the inner ring, the type with sprag lift-off X is used; the sprags work in freewheeling operation without contact and hence are wear-free.

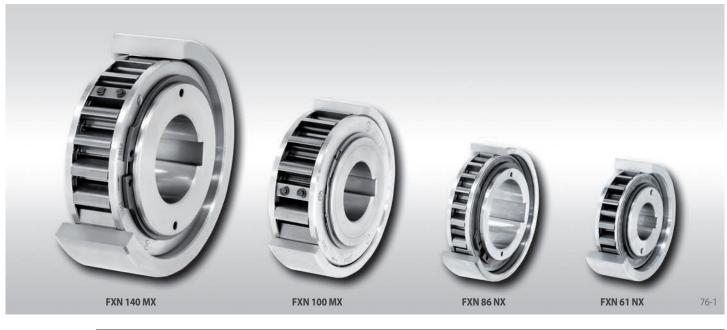
### **Application example**

Internal Freewheel FXN 85-40/140 MX as a backstop fitted to the end of the first intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox in the drive of an inclined conveyor belt. In the case of a motor stop the conveyor belt must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull the belt backwards and possibly cause serious damage. Due to the high shaft speeds in normal operation (freewheeling operation), the sprag lift-off X ensures a contactless and hence wear-free continuous operation.

### **Internal Freewheels FXN**

### **RINGSPANN®**

for press fit on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X



# Type with sprag lift-off X For extended service life using sprag lift-off at high speed rotating inner ring Backstop Overrunning Clutch Theoretical Nominal torque at existing run out TJ.R. Nominal torque at existing run out TJ.R. Max speed

			Theoretical		Nomina	torque at existing run	out T.I.R.			Max.s	speed
			Nominal torque						Sprag lift-off	Inner ring	Outer ring
Fi	reewheel Size	Turne	🕶 0 A	🕶 0,1 A	✓ 0,2 A	🕶 0,3 A	🕶 0,4 A	🕶 0,5 A	at inner ring	freewheels/	drives
	Size	Туре	Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	speed min <sup>-1</sup>	overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>
FXN	31 - 17/60	NX	110	110	105	100	NIII	NIII	890	5 000	356
	31 - 17/62	NX	110	110	105	100			890	5000	356
FXN	38 - 17/70	NX	180	170	160	150			860	5 000	224
	46 - 25/80	NX	460	450	440	430			820	5000	328
	40 - 25/80	NX	460 560	430 550	440 540	530			750	5 000	300
	56 - 25/90	NX	660	650	540 640	630			730	5 000	292
	61 - 19/95	NX			480				750	5 000	
			520	500		460					300
	61 - 19/106	NX	520 950	500 930	480 910	460			750	5 000 5 000	300
	66 - 25/100	NX				890			700		280
FXN	66 - 25/110	NX	950	930	910	890			700	5000	280
	76 - 25/115	NX	1 200	1 170	1 140	1 110			670	5000	268
	76 - 25/120	NX	1 200	1 170	1 140	1 110			670	5000	268
	86 - 25/125	NX	1 600	1 550	1 500	1 450			630	5000	252
	86 - 25/130	NX	1 600	1 550	1 500	1 450			630	5000	252
	101 - 25/140	NX	2 100	2 050	2 000	1 950			610	5000	244
	101 - 25/150	NX	2 100	2 050	2 000	1 950			610	5000	244
	85 - 40/140	MX	2 500	2 500	2 450	2 450	2 450	2 450	430	6000	172
	85 - 40/150	MX	2 500	2 500	2 450	2 450	2 450	2 450	430	6000	172
	100 - 40/160	MX	3 700	3 600	3 600	3 500	3 500	3 500	400	4500	160
	105 - 50/165	MX	5 200	5 200	5 100	5 000	5 000	5 000	380	4500	152
	120 - 50/198	MX	7 700	7 600	7 500	7 300	7 300	7 300	320	4000	128
	140 - 50/215	MX	10 100	10 000	9 800	9 600	9 500	9 500	320	3 0 0 0	128
FXN	170 - 63/258	MX	20 500	20 500	20 000	19 500	19 000	19 000	250	2700	100

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

The theoretical nominal torque applies only for ideal concentricity between the inner and outer ring. In practice, the concentricity is affected by the bearing play and centering errors of the neighbouring parts. Then the nominal torques specified in the table apply, whilst taking into consideration the existing run out (T.I.R.).

Higher speeds upon request.

#### Mounting

Internal Freewheels FXN are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques speci-

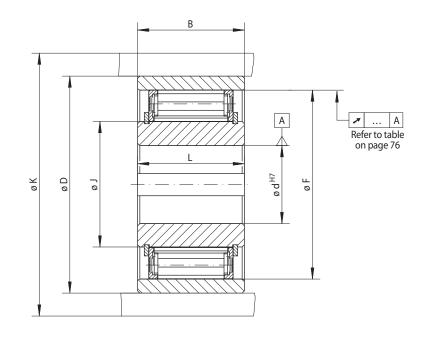
fied in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque. The tolerance of the housing bore is specified in the table under dimension D.

The tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

## **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### **Internal Freewheels FXN**

for press fit on the outer ring with sprag lift-off X



|--|

Freewheel			Bore d		В	D	F	J	К	L	Weight
size	Туре	Stan	dard	max.					min.		
		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FXN 31 - 17/60	NX	20*		20*	25	60 P6	55	31	85	24	0,3
FXN 31 - 17/62	NX	20*		20*	25	62 P6	55	31	85	24	0,4
FXN 38 - 17/70	NX	25*		25*	25	70 P6	62	38	90	24	0,4
FXN 46 - 25/80	NX	30		30	35	80 P6	70	46	95	35	0,8
FXN 51 - 25/85	NX	35		36	35	85 P6	75	51	105	35	0,8
FXN 56 - 25/90	NX	35	40	40	35	90 P6	80	56	110	35	0,9
FXN 61 - 19/95	NX	35	40	45*	26	95 P6	85	61	120	25	0,8
FXN 61 - 19/106	NX	35	40	45*	25	106 H7	85	61	120	25	1,2
FXN 66 - 25/100	NX	40	45	48	30	100 P6	90	66	132	35	1,1
FXN 66 - 25/110	NX	40	45	48	40	110 P6	90	66	132	35	1,8
FXN 76 - 25/115	NX	50	55	60*	40	115 P6	100	76	140	35	1,7
FXN 76 - 25/120	NX	50	55	60*	32	120 J6	100	76	140	35	1,8
FXN 86 - 25/125	NX	50	60	70	40	125 P6	110	86	150	40	2,3
FXN 86 - 25/130	NX	50	60	70	40	130 P6	110	86	150	40	2,6
FXN 101 - 25/140	NX	75		80*	45	140 P6	125	101	175	50	3,1
FXN 101 - 25/150	NX	75		80*	45	150 P6	125	101	175	50	3,6
FXN 85 - 40/140	MX	60		65	45	140 P6	125	85	175	60	3,2
FXN 85 - 40/150	MX	60		65	45	150 P6	125	85	175	60	4,2
FXN 100 - 40/160	MX	70		80*	50	160 P6	140	100	190	60	5,1
FXN 105 - 50/165	MX	80		85	62	165 P6	145	105	195	62	5,8
FXN 120 - 50/198	MX	80		95	70	198 H6	160	120	210	70	8,6
FXN 140 - 50/215	MX	90		110	69	215 J6	180	140	245	70	14,0
FXN 170 - 63/258	MX	100		130	80	258 H6	210	170	290	80	21,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.
 Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.
 \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Lubrication

#### At speeds in excess of the sprag lift-off speed, no special lubrication is required; the freewheel functions maintenance-free.

When operating below the sprag lift-off speed, an oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

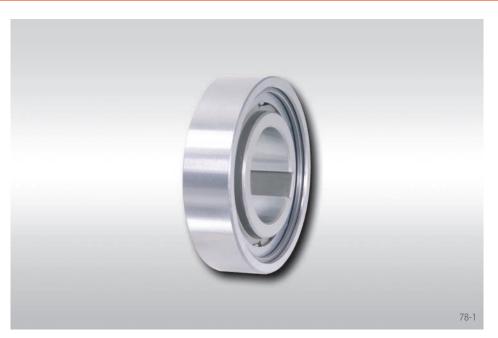
### **Example for ordering**

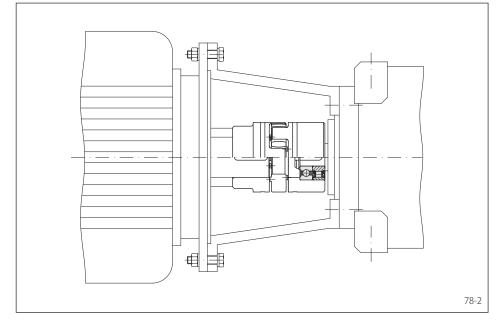
Freewheel size FXN 61-19/95, type with sprag lift-off X and 35 mm bore:

• FXN 61-19/95 NX, d = 35 mm

### Internal Freewheels FCN ... R

# for press fit on the outer ring with rollers





# **RINGSPANN®**

### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

### Features

Internal Freewheels FCN ... R are roller freewheels without bearing support and with series 62 ball bearing dimensions.

The outer ring is pressed into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

Nominal torques up to 840 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

Bores up to 80 mm.

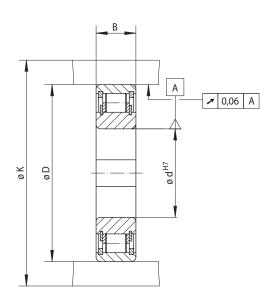
### **Application example**

Internal Freewheel FCN 30 R as overrunning freewheel in the drive of the roof brush of an automatic car washing facility. The freewheel is arranged in the hub of a shaft coupling that connects the motor and the reduction gear. The freewheel prevent the drive from pushing the roof brush uncontrolled down onto the car roof in the event of a fault. The roof brush is raised by the freewheels that are working in driving operation. The direction of motor rotation changes in order to lower the brush. The downwards movement of the roof brush is performed by its own weight at the speed specified by the motor. In the case of an uncontrolled lowering of the roof brush on the car roof, the drive is automatically disengaged via the freewheel. The brush rests on the roof under its own weight, while the freewheel which is working in driving operation enables the drive to continue to turn in the lowering direction without causing any damage.

### Internal Freewheels FCN ... R

# **RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

for press fit on the outer ring with rollers



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ing Freewheel unning Clutch Backstop	Standard type For universal use			Dimensions		
Indexir Overru						
		Poro	D	D	V	Woight

			Max.s	peed	Bore	В	D	К	Weight
		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring	d				
Freewheel	<b>T</b>	torque	freewheels/	freewheels/					
Size	Туре	M <sub>N</sub>	overruns	overruns					
		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FCN 8	R	3,2	4 3 0 0	6700	8	8	24	28	0,02
FCN 10	R	7,3	3 500	5 300	10	9	30	35	0,03
FCN 12	R	11,0	3 200	5000	12	10	32	37	0,05
FCN 15	R	12,0	2 800	4400	15*	11	35	40	0,08
FCN 20	R	40,0	2 200	3 300	20*	14	47	54	0,12
FCN 25	R	50,0	1 900	2900	25*	15	52	60	0,15
FCN 30	R	90,0	1 600	2400	30*	16	62	70	0,24
FCN 35	R	135,0	1 350	2100	35*	17	72	80	0,32
FCN 40	R	170,0	1 200	1 900	40*	18	80	90	0,40
FCN 45	R	200,0	1150	1750	45*	19	85	96	0,45
FCN 50	R	220,0	1 050	1650	50*	20	90	100	0,50
FCN 60	R	420,0	850	1 350	60*	22	110	122	0,80
FCN 80	R	840,0	690	1070	80*	26	140	155	1,40

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

Mounting

Internal freewheels FCN ... R are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque. The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or J6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

### Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

#### **Example for ordering**

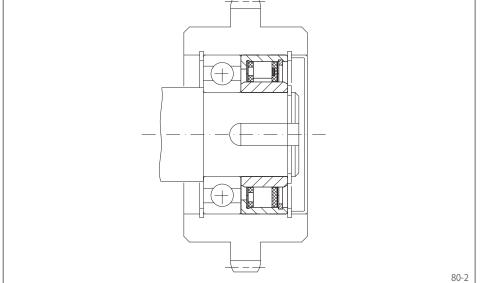
Freewheel size FCN 30, standard type:

• FCN 30 R

### **Internal Freewheels FDN**

# for press fit on the outer ring with sprags





### **RINGSPANN®**

### Application as

- Backstop
- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Internal Freewheels FDN are sprag freewheels with anti-friction bearing dimensions.

The standard type does not have bearing support. In the case of the standard type, every second sprag has been replaced by a cylindrical roller; this freewheel can accept radial forces.

Nominal torques up to 2 400 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

Bores up to 80 mm. A multitude of standardized bore diameters are available with short delivery times.

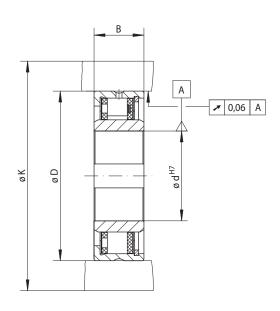
### **Application example**

Internal Freewheel FDN 40 CFR in standard type with bearing support as an overrunning clutch on the shaft end of the main drive of a textile machine. The gear wheel is linked to an auxiliary drive. In normal operation (freewheeling operation) the inner ring overruns and the gear wheel with the pressed-in outer ring is at a standstill. During set-up, the machine is driven by the slowly running auxiliary drive via the gear wheel and the freewheel that is working in driving operation.

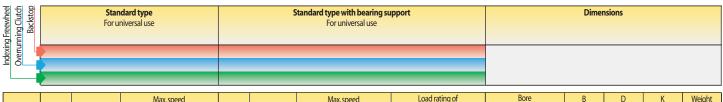
### **Internal Freewheels FDN**

# **RINGSPANN®**

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags



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			Max.s	peed			Max.s	peed	Load ra	ting of	Во	re	В	D	K	Weight
		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring	bearing	support	C					
Freewheel		torque	freewheels/	freewheels/		torque	freewheels/	freewheels/	dynamic	static						
Size	Туре	M <sub>N</sub>	overruns	overruns	Туре	M <sub>N</sub>	overruns	overruns	С	C <sub>0</sub>	Standard	max.				
		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	N	N	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FDN 15	CFH	16	3875	3925	CFR	8	3875	3925	7800	4200	8	8	20	37	50	0,1
FDN 20	CFH	28	3 3 7 5	3450	CFR	14	3 3 7 5	3450	8300	4200	12	12	20	42	55	0,1
FDN 25	CFH	48	2900	3050	CFR	24	2900	3 0 5 0	10700	5600	15	15	20	47	60	0,1
FDN 30	CFH	75	2525	2675	CFR	36	2525	2675	12900	7000	20*	20*	20	52	65	0,2
FDN 40	CFH	160	1 900	2150	CFR	71	1 900	2150	15000	8400	25	28*	22	62	80	0,2
FDN 50	CFH	260	1475	1775	CFR	120	1475	1775	18400	11300	35	35	22	72	95	0,4
FDN 65	CFH	430	1 200	1 5 5 0	CFR	200	1 2 0 0	1 5 5 0	21400	14100	50	50*	25	90	120	0,7
FDN 80	CFH	650	950	1 350	CFR	300	950	1 3 5 0	23800	17800	60	60	25	110	140	1,2
FDN 105	CFH	2400	800	1175	CFR	1100	800	1175	48600	45 000	75	80	35	130	165	3,2

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

The maximum speed values listed above apply to installation conditions as they are given for Complete Freewheels. If the actual installation conditions are known, higher speeds may be permitted under certain circumstances.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

\* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

Internal freewheels FDN in standard type are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque. The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO P6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 80°C.

#### Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

#### **Example for ordering**

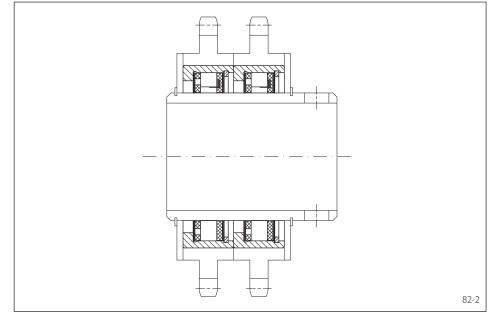
Freewheel size FDN 30, standard type with 20 mm bore:

FDN 30 CFH, d = 20 mm

### **Internal Freewheels FD**

# for press fit on the outer ring with sprags





# **RINGSPANN®**

### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

### Features

Internal Freewheels FD are sprag freewheels without an inner ring. The customers hardened and ground shaft is used as the inner track.

The standard type does not have bearing support. In the case of the standard type, every second sprag has been be replaced by a cylindrical roller; this freewheel can accept radial forces.

Nominal torques up to 2400 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit.

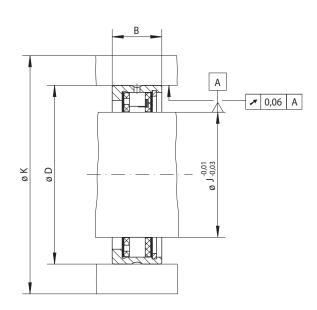
### **Application example**

Two Internal Freewheels FD 40 CFR of standard type with bearing support as overrunning clutches in the drive of the transport rollers in a packaging distribution unit. In normal operation, the transport rollers are driven by means of the freewheels that are working in driving operation. At the withdrawal station, the arriving packages can easily slip off as the drive is overrun by the freewheel (freewheeling operation).

### **Internal Freewheels FD**

**RINGSPANN**<sup>®</sup>

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags



83-1

ig Freewheel nning Clutch Backstop	<b>Sta</b> For u	<b>ndard type</b> Iniversal use		Standard type with bearing sup For universal use	oport		Dimension	5	
Overrur									
		Max.speed		Max.speed	Load rating of	B	D	К	Weight

			Max.s	peed			Max.s	peed	Load ra	ting of	J	В	D	K	Weight
		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring		Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring	bearing	support					
Freewheel		torque	freewheels/	freewheels/		torque	freewheels/	freewheels/	dynamic	static					
Size	Туре	M <sub>N</sub>	overruns	overruns	Туре	M <sub>N</sub>	overruns	overruns	С	C <sub>0</sub>					
		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	N	N	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FD 12	CFH	11	4225	4250	CFR	6	4225	4250	7 600	4200	12	16	34	45	0,1
FD 15	CFH	16	3875	3925	CFR	8	3875	3925	7 800	4200	15	20	37	50	0,1
FD 20	CFH	28	3 3 7 5	3450	CFR	14	3 3 7 5	3450	8320	4200	20	20	42	55	0,1
FD 25	CFH	48	2900	3 0 5 0	CFR	24	2900	3 0 5 0	10700	5600	25	20	47	60	0,1
FD 30	CFH	75	2 5 2 5	2675	CFR	36	2525	2675	12900	7000	30	20	52	65	0,1
FD 40	CFH	160	1 900	2150	CFR	71	1 900	2150	15000	8400	40	22	62	80	0,1
FD 50	CFH	260	1 475	1775	CFR	120	1475	1775	18400	11300	50	22	72	95	0,2
FD 65	CFH	430	1 200	1550	CFR	200	1 200	1 5 5 0	21400	14100	65	25	90	120	0,3
FD 80	CFH	650	950	1 350	CFR	300	950	1 350	23 800	17800	80	25	110	140	0,6
FD 105	CFH	2400	800	1175	CFR	1 1 0 0	800	1175	48 600	45 000	105	35	130	165	0,7

Freewheels FD are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

The maximum speed values listed above apply to installation conditions as they are given for Complete Freewheels. If the actual installation conditions are known, higher speeds may be permitted under certain circumstances.

#### Mounting

Internal freewheels FD in type standard are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer. The permissible run out (T.I.R.) must be observed.

The torque is transmitted on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque. The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO P6.

Please note the technical points on page 108 regarding the sprag track (shaft).

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $80^{\circ}$ C.

### Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

### **Example for ordering**

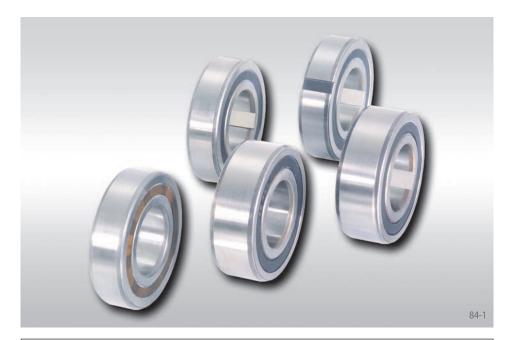
Freewheel size FD 12, standard type:

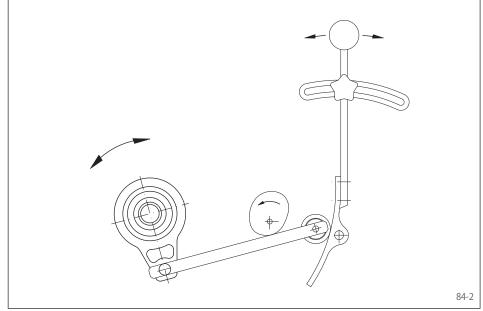
FD 12 CFH

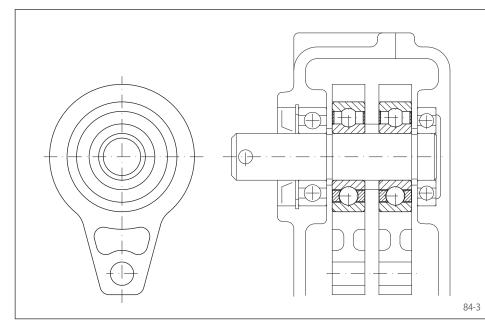
### Internal Freewheels ZZ ...

### with ball bearing properties









### **Application as**

- Backstop
- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Internal Freewheels ZZ ... are sprag freewheels with bearing support and ball bearing properties. The freewheels are supplied grease-filled for normal operating conditions.

The freewheel is built into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

Nominal torques up to 325 Nm. The torque is transmitted on the inner ring and/or on the outer ring by press fit or keyway connection. Bores up to 40 mm.

The following series are available:

				2RS- seals	Page
Oute	r ring	Inne	ring		
b	у	b	у		
keyway	press fit	keyway	press fit		
	۲		۲		85
	0		0	0	86
	•	•		0	87
	0	0			88
0		•			89
	Oute b keyway	Couter ring by keyway press fit	by b keyway press fit keyway O O O O O O O O	on       Outer ring by     Inner ring by       keyway     press fit       Image: State of the state	Outer ring by         Inner ring by         seals           keyway         press fit         by         o           Image: Seals         by         by         o           Image: Seals         Image: Seals         o         o         o

The Internal Freewheels ZZ of the sizes ZZ 6201 to ZZ 6207 have the same dimensions as the respective ball bearings of series 62.

The series ZZ ... 2RS and ZZ ... P2RS have 2RS seals.

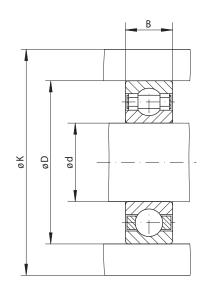
### **Application example**

Two Internal Freewheels ZZ 6206 as indexing freewheels in the drive of the metering roller of a seed spreader. The freewheels are built in an infinitely variable oil bath gearbox. Two cam disks that are set off by 180° are arranged on the gearbox shaft. By means of lever arms, these drive the outer rings of the two adjacent Internal Freewheels, which then gradually turn the metering shaft. The infinite speed settings of the gearbox's drive shaft are executed by means of the respective pivoting of the roller support plate, so that the lever arms can execute lifts of differing amounts.

### **Internal Freewheels ZZ**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags and bearing support



Backstop Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Standard type Dimensions For universal use Load rating of Bore В Κ Weight Nominal bearing support d Freewheel Maximum torque dynamic statio Size M<sub>N</sub> Nm speed C<sub>0</sub> N min<sup>-1</sup> Ν mm mm mm mm kg 15000 3 2 0 0 860 22 27 ZZ 8 2,5 9 0,02 8 ZZ 6201 9,3 10000 6100 2700 12 10 32 39 0,04 ZZ 6202 9400 6000 3700 35 0,06 26.0 42 11 17 ZZ 6203 34,0 8200 7350 4550 12 40 51 0,08 ZZ 6204 6800 10000 47 58 0,12 65,0 6300 20 14 25 ZZ 6205 5600 11000 15 52 63 0,15 80.0 7000 ZZ 6206 170.0 4000 15000 10000 30 62 0.25 16 73

7200

12250

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

3600

3000

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

12500

15500

#### Mounting

ZZ 6207

ZZ 40

The torque is transmitted on the inner and outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

175.0

325,0

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO N6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO n6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is -40°C to 80°C.

### Lubrication

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled for normal operating conditions.

35

40

However, the freewheels can also be connected to the customer s oil lubrication system; this is particularly recommended in the case of higher speeds.

### **Example for ordering**

72

80

Freewheel size ZZ 6202, standard type:

85

94

ZZ 6202

17

22

85-1

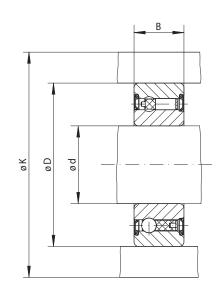
0,30

0,50

### Internal Freewheels ZZ ... 2RS

### **RINGSPANN®**

### for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, bearing support and sealing



Overrunning Clutch Backstop ndexing Freewheel Standard type Dimensions For universal use Load rating of Bore D Weight В К Nomina bearing support d Maximum Freewheel torque dynamic static

Size	IVI <sub>N</sub>	speed	Ĺ	L <sub>0</sub>					
	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	N	N	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
ZZ 8 2RS*	2,5	15000	3 300	860	8	9	22	27	0,02
ZZ 12 2RS	9,3	10000	6100	2800	12	14	32	39	0,05
ZZ 15 2RS	17,0	8400	7 400	3 400	15	16	35	42	0,07
ZZ 17 2RS	30,0	7 3 5 0	7 900	3 800	17	17	40	51	0,09
ZZ 20 2RS	50,0	6000	9400	4 500	20	19	47	58	0,15
ZZ 25 2RS	85,0	5 200	10700	5 500	25	20	52	63	0,18
ZZ 30 2RS	138,0	4200	11700	6 500	30	21	62	73	0,27
ZZ 35 2RS	175,0	3 6 0 0	12600	7 300	35	22	72	85	0,40
ZZ 40 2RS	325,0	3 0 0 0	15 500	12300	40	27	80	94	0,60

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

\* Only one RS seal on the ball bearing side. Locking from this side the freewheeling direction of the innerring is clockwise free.

#### Mounting

The torque is transmitted on the inner and outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO N6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO n6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is  $+5^{\circ}$ C to  $+60^{\circ}$ C. Please contact us if the temperature is different to the given values.

#### Lubrication

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled and with 2 RS seals.

#### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size ZZ 17 2RS, standard type:

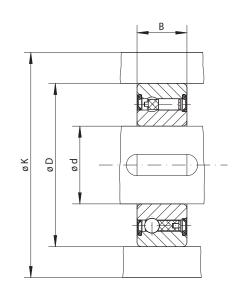
ZZ 17 2RS

86-1

### Internal Freewheels ZZ ... P2RS

# RINGSPANN®

### for press fit on the outer ring with sprags, bearing support and sealing



87-1

0,40

0,60

Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backstop		Standa For unive					Dimensions		
	Nominal		Load ra bearing		Bore d	В	D	К	Weight
Freewheel	torque	Maximum	dynamic	static	u				
Size	M <sub>N</sub>	speed	C	C					
	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	Ν	C <sub>0</sub> N	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
ZZ 12 P2RS	9,3	10000	6100	2800	12	14	32	39	0,05
ZZ 15 P2RS	17,0	8400	7400	3 400	15	16	35	42	0,07
ZZ 17 P2RS	30,0	7400	7 900	3 800	17	17	40	51	0,09
ZZ 20 P2RS	50,0	6000	9400	4 5 0 0	20	19	47	58	0,15
ZZ 25 P2RS	85,0	5 200	10700	5 500	25	20	52	63	0,18
ZZ 30 P2RS	138,0	4200	11700	6 5 0 0	30	21	62	73	0,30

35

40

22

27

7 3 0 0

12300

3600 3000 Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

175,0

325,0

#### Mounting

ZZ 35 P2RS

ZZ 40 P2RS

The torque is transmitted on the inner ring by keyway connection and on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO N6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO k6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is +5°C to +60°C. Please contact us if the temperature is different to the given values.

### Lubrication

12600

15500

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled and with 2 RS seals.

### **Example for ordering**

72

80

Freewheel size ZZ 25 P2RS, standard type: ZZ 25 P2RS

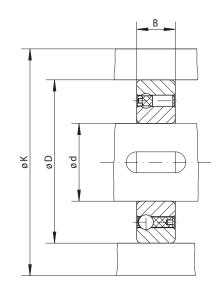
85

94

### Internal Freewheels ZZ ... P

# RINGSPANN®

for press fit on the outer ring with sprags and bearing support



88-1

0,21

0.30

0,50

Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backstop		Standa For unive					Dimensions		
Freewheel Size	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub>	torque Maximum dynamic static				В	D	K	Weight
	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	N	N	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
ZZ 6201 P	9,3	10000	6100	2 800	12*	10	32	39	0,04
ZZ 6202 P	17	8400	7 400	3 400	15*	11	35	42	0,06
ZZ 6203 P	30	7 3 5 0	7 900	3 800	17*	12	40	51	0,07
ZZ 6204 P	50	6000	9400	4 500	20*	14	47	58	0,11
ZZ 6205 P	85	5 2 0 0	10700	5 500	25*	15	52	63	0,14

30\*

35

40

3600 ZZ 40 P 3000 Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.
The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

4200

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

138

175

325

#### Mounting

ZZ 6206 P

ZZ 6207 P

The torque is transmitted on the inner ring by keyway connection and on the outer ring by press fit. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO N6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO k6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is +5°C to +60°C. Please contact us if the temperature is different to the given values.

### Lubrication

11700

12600

15500

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled.

6500

7300

12300

### **Example for ordering**

62

72

80

Freewheel size ZZ 6203 P, standard type:

73

85

94

ZZ 6203 P

16

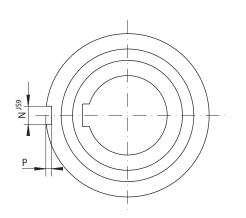
17

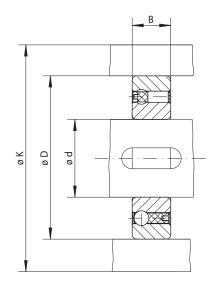
22

### Internal Freewheels ZZ ... PP

# **RINGSPANN®**

for keyway connection on the outer ring with sprags and bearing support





89-1

89-2

Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backstop		Standar For unive						Dimensions			
	Nominal			Load rating of bearing support		В	D	К	Ν	Р	Weight
Freewheel	torque	Maximum	dynamic	static							
Size	M <sub>N</sub> Nm	speed min <sup>-1</sup>	N	C <sub>0</sub> N	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
ZZ 6202 PP	17	8400	7400	3400	15*	11	35	42	2	0,6	0,06
ZZ 6203 PP	30	7 3 5 0	7900	3800	17*	12	40	51	2	1,0	0,07
ZZ 6204 PP	50	6000	9400	4500	20*	14	47	58	3	1,5	0,11
ZZ 6205 PP	85	5 200	10700	5 500	25*	15	52	63	6	2,0	0,14
ZZ 6206 PP	138	4200	11700	11700 6500		16	62	73	6	2,0	0,21
ZZ 6207 PP	175	3600	12600	7 3 0 0	35*	17	72	85	8	2,5	0,30
ZZ 40 PP	325	3 0 0 0	15 500	12300	40	22	80	94	10	3,0	0,50

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

\* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

The torque is transmitted on the inner and on the outer ring by keyway connection. In order to transmit the torques specified in the table, the outer ring must be accommodated in a housing with an external diameter K. The housing is made of steel or grey cast iron in minimum quality GG-20. When using other housing materials or smaller external diameters, we urge you to contact us regarding the transmissible torque.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H6 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6.

The permissible operating temperature of the freewheel is  $+5^{\circ}$ C to  $+60^{\circ}$ C. Please contact us if the temperature is different to the given values.

### Lubrication

The freewheels are supplied grease-filled.

### **Example for ordering**

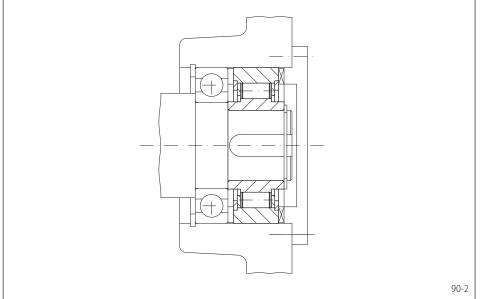
Freewheel size ZZ 6205 PP, standard type: • ZZ 6205 PP

### **Internal Freewheels FSN**

# **RINGSPANN®**

# for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers





### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

### Features

Internal Freewheels FSN are roller freewheels without bearing support.

The freewheel is built into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

Nominal torques up to 3 000 Nm. The faces of both sides of the outer ring are provided with grooves for torque transmission.

Bores up to 80 mm.

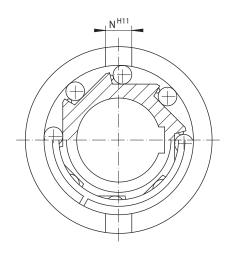
### **Application example**

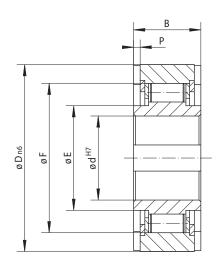
Internal freewheel FSN 50 as backstop fitted to the end of the intermediate shaft of a spur gearbox in the drive of an elevator. In the case of a motor stop, the elevator must be held securely so that the conveyor goods do not pull backwards.

### **Internal Freewheels FSN**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers





91-1

91-2

exing Freewheel errunning Clutch Backstop		<b>Standard type</b> For universal use					Dime	nsions			
Overrui											
Freewheel	Max.speed           Nominal         Inner ring         Outer ring           torque         freewheels/         freewheels/			Bore d	В	D	E	F	N	Р	Weight

	Nominal	Inner ring	Outer ring	d							
Freewheel	torque	freewheels/	freewheels/								
Size	M <sub>N</sub>	overruns	overruns								
	Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FSN 8	11	3 0 5 0	4700	8	13	35	18,5	28	4	1,3	0,1
FSN 12	11	3 0 5 0	4700	12	13	35	18,5	28	4	1,3	0,1
FSN 15	36	2350	3 700	15*	18	42	21,0	36	5	1,7	0,1
FSN 17	56	2100	3 3 0 0	17*	19	47	24,0	40	5	2,0	0,2
FSN 20	90	1750	3 2 0 0	20*	21	52	29,0	45	6	1,5	0,2
FSN 25	125	1650	3100	25*	24	62	35,0	52	8	2,0	0,4
FSN 30	210	1 400	2 200	30*	27	72	40,0	60	10	2,5	0,6
FSN 35	306	1 2 5 0	2150	35*	31	80	47,0	68	12	3,5	0,8
FSN 40	430	1 1 0 0	2050	40*	33	90	55,0	78	12	3,5	0,9
FSN 45	680	1 0 0 0	1 900	45*	36	100	56,0	85	14	3,5	1,3
FSN 50	910	900	1750	50*	40	110	60,0	92	14	4,5	1,7
FSN 60	1 200	750	1450	60*	46	130	75,0	110	18	5,5	2,8
FSN 70	2000	600	1 0 0 0	70*	51	150	85,0	125	20	6,5	4,2
FSN 80	3 0 0 0	500	900	80*	58	170	95,0	140	20	7,5	6,0

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width J510. \* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 3 • Tolerance of keyway width J510.

### Mounting

Internal Freewheels FSN are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or G7 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The outer ring has to be completely enclosed in a stable housing to transmit the listed torques.

### Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

### **Example for ordering**

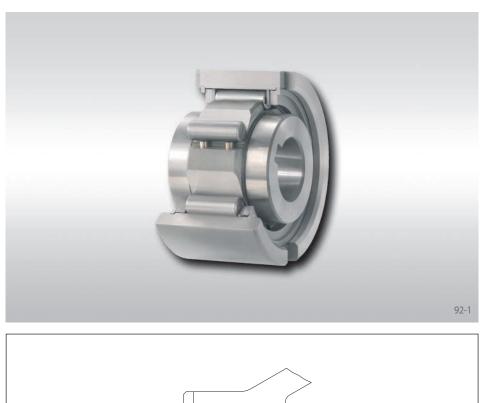
Freewheel size FSN 12, standard type:

• FSN 12

### **Internal Freewheels FN**

# **RINGSPANN®**

# for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers



### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Internal Freewheels FN are roller freewheels without bearing support.

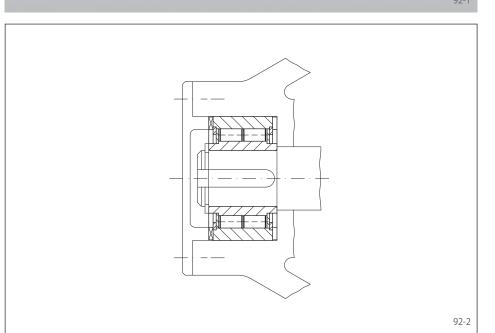
The freewheel is built into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

Nominal torques up to 3 000 Nm. The faces of both sides of the outer ring are provided with grooves for torque transmission.

Bores up to 60 mm.

### **Application example**

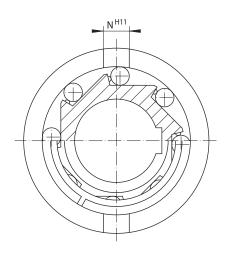
Internal freewheel FN 20 as a backstop, on the drive shaft of running gears on a chain conveyor. In normal operation, the drive shaft drives and the freewheel works in freewheeling operation. The freewheel as a backstop prevents the running gears from being able to run backwards uncontrolled in the event of a fault.

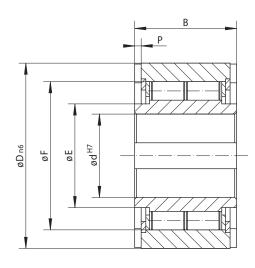


### **Internal Freewheels FN**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers





93-1

93-2

top		Standard type										
Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backstop		For universal use										
verrun												
		_										
		Max.s	peed	Bore	В	D	E	F	N	р	Weight	
Freewheel	Max.speed           Nominal         Inner ring         Outer ring           torque         freewheels/         freewheels/           MN         overruns         overruns		Outer ring	d								
Size		overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg	
FN 8	18	2800	5400	8	20	37	19	30	6	3,0	0,1	
FN 12	18	2800	5400	12	20	37	19	30	6	3,0	0,1	
FN 15	50	2 5 0 0	5100	15	30	47	23	37	7	3,5	0,3	
FN 20	112	1 900	4 350	20	36	62	35	50	8	3,5	0,6	
FN 25	220	1 550	3 3 5 0	25	40	80	40	68	9	4,0	1,1	
FN 30	410	1 400	3 0 5 0	30	48	90	45	75	12	5,0	1,6	
FN 35	500	1 300	2850	35	53	100	50	80	13	6,0	2,3	
FN 40	750	1150	2 5 0 0	40	63	110	55	90	15	7,0	3,1	
FN 45	1 0 2 0	1 100	2400	45	63	120	60	95	16	7,0	3,7	
FN 50	1 900	950	2050	50	80	130	70	110	17	8,5	5,3	
FN 55	2000	900	1 900	55	80	140	75	115	18	9,0	6,0	
FN 60	3 0 0 0	800	1 800	60	95	150	80	125	18	9,0	8,4	

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.
The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

### Mounting

Internal Freewheels FN are without bearing support. Concentric alignment of inner and outer ring must be provided by the customer.

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or G7 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The outer ring has to be completely enclosed in a stable housing to transmit the listed torques.

### Lubrication

An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

### **Example for ordering**

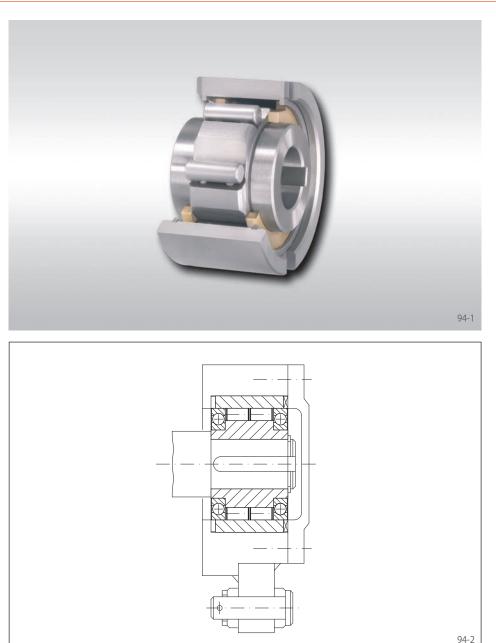
Freewheel size FN 45, standard type:

• FN 45

### **Internal Freewheels FNR**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

# for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers and bearing



### **Application as**

- Backstop
- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### **Features**

Internal Freewheels FNR are roller freewheels with bearing support. The freewheels of sizes 8 to 20 have a sleeve bearing. The sizes 25 to 60 have ball bearings, these enable higher speeds in freewheeling operation.

The freewheel is built into the customer housing. This makes compact, space-saving fitting solutions possible.

Nominal torques up to 3 000 Nm. The faces of both sides of the outer ring are provided with grooves for torque transmission.

Bores up to 60 mm.

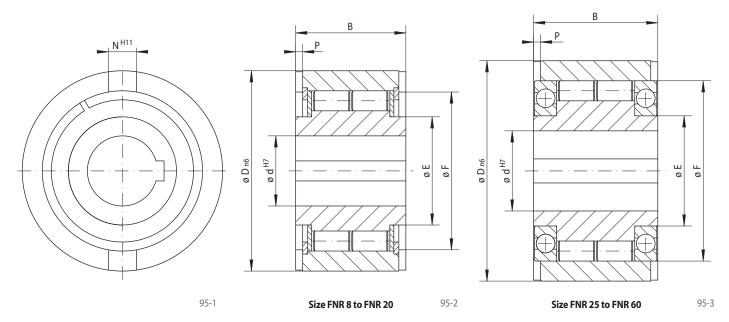
### Application example

Internal Freewheel FNR 40 as an indexing freewheel for an incremental drive in the feeding device of a wire processing machine. The indexing lever is driven by a crank operation. The back and forth movement is transferred by the indexing freewheel in a gradual rotating movement of the wire feeding device.

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### **Internal Freewheels FNR**

### for keyway connection on the outer ring with rollers and bearing





		Max.s	peed	Bore	В	D	E	F	N	Р	Weight
Freewheel Size	Nominal torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	Inner ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	Outer ring freewheels/ overruns min <sup>-1</sup>	d mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg
FNR 8	18	1 200	1 200	8	20	37	19	30	6	3,0	0,1
FNR 12	18		1 200	12	20	37	19	30	6	3,0	0,1
FNR 15	50	950	950	15	30	47	23	37	7	3,5	0,3
FNR 20	112	650	650	20	36	62	35	50	8	3,5	0,6
FNR 25	220	1 5 5 0	3 3 5 0	25	40	80	40	68	9	4,0	1,3
FNR 30	410	1 400	3 0 5 0	30	48	90	45	75	12	5,0	1,9
FNR 35	500	1 300	2850	35	53	100	50	80	13	6,0	2,6
FNR 40	750	1150	2 5 0 0	40	63	110	55	90	15	7,0	3,6
FNR 45	1 0 2 0	1 1 0 0	2400	45	63	120	60	95	16	7,0	4,2
FNR 50	1 900	950	2050	50	80	130	70	110	17	8,5	6,0
FNR 55	2000	900	1 900	55	80	140	75	115	18	9,0	6,8
FNR 60	3 0 0 0	800	1 800	60	95	150	80	125	18	9,0	9,5

Freewheels with bore diameters highlighted blue in the table are available with short delivery times.
The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10.

#### Mounting

### Lubrication

The tolerance of the housing bore D must be ISO H7 or G7 and the tolerance of the shaft must be ISO h6 or j6.

The outer ring has to be completely enclosed in a stable housing to transmit the listed torques. An oil lubrication of the specified quality must be provided.

### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size FNR 20, standard type:

• FNR 20

### **Cage Freewheels SF**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### for assembly with inner and outer ring with sprags, available in three types



#### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

Cage Freewheels SF are sprag freewheels to be installed between customer-supplied inner and outer rings.

In addition to the standard type, two other types are available for extended service life. Nominal torques up to 93 000 Nm.

#### Mounting

The lateral guidance of the Cage Freewheels can be effected either by a shoulder on the outer ring or by guard rings or guard discs which are fixed in the outer ring.

Torque transmission capacity can be increased if several cages are arranged side by side. In this case please consult with RINGSPANN on transmissible torques.

Please note the technical points on page 108 regarding the sprag tracks.

#### Example for ordering

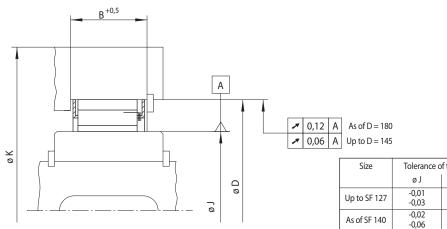
Freewheel size SF 44-14,5, standard type:

• SF 44-14,5 K

### **Cage Freewheels SF**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### for assembly with inner and outer ring with sprags, available in three types



Size	Tolerance o	f track (mm)
	øJ	øD
Up to SF 127	-0,01 -0,03	+0,01 -0,01
As of SF 140	-0,02 -0,06	+0,02 -0,02

97-2

	Indexing Freewheel Overrunning Clutch Backtop	<b>Standar</b> For unive		<b>Type with F</b> For extended using coate	l service life			<b>brag lift-off Z</b> life using sprag lif tating outer ring	ft-off			Dime	nsions		
	Overr														
Fr	eewheel Size	Туре	Nominal torque <sup>M</sup> N	Туре	Nominal torque <sup>M</sup> N	Туре	Nominal torque <sup>M</sup> N	Sprag lift-off at outer ring speed	Max.speed Inner ring drives	J	D	В	К	Sprags	Weight
SF	18-13,5	J	Nm 66		Nm		Nm	min <sup>-1</sup>	min <sup>-1</sup>	mm 18,80	mm 35,47	mm 13,5	mm 50	Quantity 10	kg 0,04
SF	23-13,5	ſ	120							23,63	40,29	13,5	55	12	0,04
SF	27-13,5	J	120	TL	160	JZ	100	3600	1 440	25,05	44,42	13,5	65	14	0,04
SF	31-13,5	J	170	JT	170	JZ	110	3400	1 360	31,75	48,41	13,5	70	12	0,03
SF	32-21,5	J	400							32,77	49,44	21,5	65	14	0,07
SF	37-14,5	K	270	КТ	270	KZ	210	2900	1 160	37	55	14,5	75	14	0,06
SF	42-21	J	720							42,10	58,76	21	85	18	0,09
SF	44-14,5	K	500	КТ	500	KZ	400	2 2 5 0	900	44	62	14,5	90	20	0,08
SF	46-21	J	840							46,77	63,43	21	90	20	0,10
SF	50-18,5	К	680	KT	680	KZ	580	2250	900	50	68	18,5	90	20	0,10
SF	56-21	J	1 0 5 0							56,12	72,78	21	100	22	0,11
SF	57-18,5	К	950	KT	950	KZ	800	2000	800	57	75	18,5	105	24	0,13
SF	61-21	J	1 300	TL	1 300	JZ	1150	1 550	620	61,91	78,57	21	110	26	0,14
SF	72-23,5	К	2100	KT	2100	KZ	1850	1 5 50	620	72	90	23,5	135	32	0,23
SF	82-25	К	2 300	KT	2 300	KZ	2100	1 450	580	82	100	25	140	36	0,26
SF	107-25	К	3 300	KT	3 300	KZ	3100	1 300	520	107	125	25	170	48	0,35
SF	127-25	К	4900	KT	4 900	KZ	4600	1 200	480	127	145	25	210	56	0,40
SF	140-50	S	13600	ST	13600	SZ	10500	950	380	140	180	50	260	24	1,70
SF	140-63	S	18000	ST	18000	SZ	14000	800	320	140	180	63	260	24	2,00
SF	170-50	S	17000	ST	17000	SZ	13500	880	352	170	210	50	290	28	1,95
SF	170-63	S	23 000	ST	23 000	SZ	18500	720	288	170	210	63	290	28	2,40
SF	200-50	S	23 000	ST	23 000	SZ	18500	820	328	200	240	50	325	36	2,50
SF	200-63	S	29000	ST	29000	SZ	23 500	680	272	200	240	63	325	36	3,10
SF	230-63	S	37000	ST	37000	SZ	29500	650	260	230	270	63	360	45	3,90
SF	270-50	S	35000	ST	35000	SZ	29500	720	288	270	310	50	410	48	3,40
SF	270-63	S	44 000	ST	44 000	SZ	37000	600	240	270	310	63	410	48	4,20
SF	340-50	S	45 000	ST	45 000	SZ	43 000	640	256	340	380	50	510	60	4,20
SF	340-63	S	67 500	ST	67 500	SZ	57 500	540	216	340	380	63	510	60	5,20
	380-50	S	57000	ST	57000	SZ	48 500	610	244	380	420	50	550	63	4,40
	440-63	S SF are availab	93 000	ST	93 000	SZ	80 000	470	188	440	480	63	640	72	6,20

Cage Freewheels SF are available with short delivery times. The theoretical nominal torque applies only for ideal concentricity between the inner and outer ring.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

### Cage Freewheels SF ... P

# for assembly with inner and outer ring for high run out (T.I.R.), with sprags





### **Application** as



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

#### Features

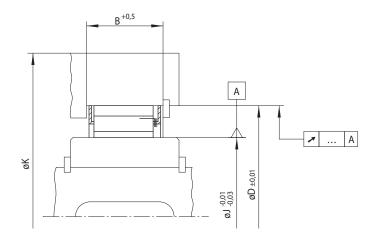
Cage Freewheels SF ... P are sprag freewheels to be installed between customer-supplied inner and outer rings.

Nominal torques up to 5 800 Nm.

### Cage Freewheels SF ... P

# **RINGSPANN®**

# for assembly with inner and outer ring for high run out (T.I.R.), with sprags



 Type for high run out (T.I.R.) For universal use
 Dimensions

 Universal use
 For universal use

 Theoretical nominal torque
 Nominal torque at existing run out (TI.R.)

Freewhe		Туре	0,0 A	✓ 0,05 A	✓ 0,1 A	✓ 0,15 A						
			Nm	Nm	Nm	Nm	mm	mm	mm	mm	Quantity	kg
SF 37-	-14,5	Р	230	210	200	200	37,00	55,00	14,5	75	14	0,06
SF 44-	-14,5	Р	420	390	360	350	44,00	62,00	14,5	90	20	0,08
SF 57-	-18,5	Р	1 200	960	750	600	57,00	75,00	18,5	100	24	0,13
SF 72-	-23,5	Р	2 700	2 2 0 0	1 700	1 400	72,00	90,00	23,5	130	32	0,23
SF 82-	-25	Р	2 800	2400	1 900	1 500	82,00	100,00	25,0	135	36	0,26
SF 107-	-25	Р	4100	3 300	2700	2100	107,00	125,00	25,0	165	48	0,35
SF 127-	-25	Р	5 800	4800	3 900	3 1 0 0	127,00	145,00	25,0	200	56	0,40

Cage Freewheels SF ... P are available with short delivery times.

The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

The theoretical nominal torque applies only for ideal concentricity between the inner and outer ring. In practice, the concentricity is affected by the bearing play and centering errors of the neighbouring parts. Then the nominal torques specified in the table apply, whilst taking into consideration the existing run out (T.I.R.).

#### Mounting

The lateral guidance of the Cage Freewheels can be effected either by a shoulder on the outer ring or by guard rings or guard discs which are fixed in the outer ring.

Torque transmission capacity can be increased if several cages are arranged side by side. In this case please consult with RINGSPANN on transmissible torques.

Please note the technical points on page 108 regarding the sprag tracks.

### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size SF 44-14,5 type for high run out (T.I.R.):

• SF 44-14,5 P

### **Cage Freewheels BWX**

# for assembly with inner and outer ring with sprags



### Mounting

The lateral guidance of the Cage Freewheels can be effected either by a shoulder on the outer ring or by guard rings or guard discs which are fixed in the outer ring. There must be no undercuts, recesses, shoulders or chamfers, or any eccentricity whatsoever, over dimension "B". For ease of assembly we recommend that the inner and outer races be chamfered at an angle of 15 degrees for a leghts of 3 mm.

Please note the technical points on page 108 regarding the sprag tracks.

# **RINGSPANN®**

### **Application as**



- Overrunning Clutch
- Indexing Freewheel

### Features

Cage Freewheels BWX are sprag freewheels to be installed between customer-supplied inner and outer rings.

Nominal torques up to 4 900 Nm.

#### Disengaging

When the outer ring is rotating the centrifugal force causes the sprags to lift off from the inner race. This reduces wear during freewheeling operation.

#### Engaging

When the outer ring is rotating the centrifugal force presses the sprags against the inner ring. This enhances the ability of the sprags to engage immediately when torque is applied.

#### Drag strips

To reduce wear during freewheeling operation between sprags and the inner race, drag strips made from wear-resistant beryllium copper alloy are attached to the inner cage. This results in increased friction between inner cage and inner race. This counteracts individual sprag activation during freewheeling operation, thereby greatly reducing sprag pressure on the inner race.

#### Brake clips

Some freewheel sizes are available with brake clips fitted on the outer cage to prevent further automatic rotation of the Cage Freewheel during rapid acceleration and deceleration of the outer ring (e.g. in indexing freewheels).

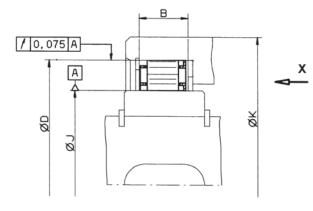
### **Cage Freewheels BWX**

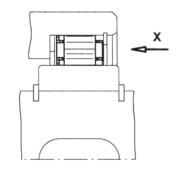
# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### for assembly with inner and outer ring with sprags

When viewing in directon X the outer ring freewheels clockwise







101-1

101-2

101-3



			Nominal	J	D	В	К	Sprags	Drag strips	Brake clips	Design as	Weight
	wheel iize	Туре	torque M <sub>N</sub> Nm	+0,008 -0,005 mm	±0,013 mm	min. mm	mm	Quantity	Quantity	Quantity	ill.	kg
BWX	133590A	Disengaging	63	22,225	38,887	10,0	44,0	12	20000	2	101-2	0,03
BWX	13143A	Engaging	120	27,767	44,425	13,5	51,0	14			101-2	0,06
BWX	133392	Disengaging	280	38,092	54,750	16,0	71,0	18			101-3	0,09
BWX	1310145	Disengaging	180	41,275	57,937	13,5	74,2	14		3	101-2	0,07
BWX	132909A	Disengaging	360	44,450	61,112	16,0	78,5	20	2	3	101-2	0,10
BWX	133339	Disengaging	310	49,721	66,383	13,5	85,0	22	2	4	101-2	0,09
BWX	1310003	Disengaging	310	49,721	66,383	13,5	85,0	22		4	101-2	0,09
BWX	137222	Engaging	570	49,721	66,383	19,0	85,0	22			101-2	0,12
BWX	1310445	Disengaging	400	54,765	71,427	13,5	91,7	24			101-2	0,09
BWX	1310172	Engaging	540	54,765	71,427	16,0	91,7	24			101-2	0,12
BWX	1310226	Disengaging	520	54,765	71,427	16,0	91,7	24	2	4	101-2	0,12
BWX	136709	Engaging	770	54,765	71,427	21,0	91,7	24	3	10	101-2	0,16
BWX	1310147	Disengaging	1 000	54,765	71,427	25,4	91,7	24	3	8	101-2	0,20
BWX	136324	Engaging	600	57,760	74,427	19,0	95,0	26			101-3	0,14
BWX	1310080	Disengaging	670	72,217	88,882	13,5	115,0	30		4	101-2	0,12
BWX	13168	Engaging	1 300	72,217	88,882	21,0	115,0	30			101-3	0,20
BWX	134012	Engaging	1 300	72,217	88,882	21,0	115,0	30	4	10	101-3	0,20
BWX	137322	Disengaging	2000	79,698 <sup>2</sup>	96,363	25,4	124,0	34	5	12	101-2	0,28
BWX	138316	Disengaging	2960	83,597 <sup>2</sup>	102,596	25,4	131,6	34	5	12	101-2	0,30
BWX	13261A <sup>1</sup>	Disengaging	1 600	103,231 <sup>2</sup>	119,893	16,0	154,0	40	6	10	101-3	0,19
BWX	13236	Disengaging	1 700	117,391 <sup>2</sup>	136,391	16,0	175,3	30	5	6	101-3	0,25
BWX	133403B	Engaging	4900	123,881 <sup>2</sup>	142,880	25,4	188,0	44		11	101-2	0,46

Cage Freewheels BWX are available with short delivery times. <sup>1</sup> With this Freewheel Size the centering flange of the inner cage is on the right hand side! <sup>2</sup> Tolerance of the inner ring race diameter may be increased by ±0,013 mm!

The theoretical nominal torque applies only for ideal concentricity between the inner and outer ring. The maximum transmissible torque is 2 times the specified nominal torque. See page 14 for determination of selection torque.

### **Example for ordering**

Freewheel size BWX 13143A, standard type:

• BWX 13143A

### **Irreversible Locks IR**

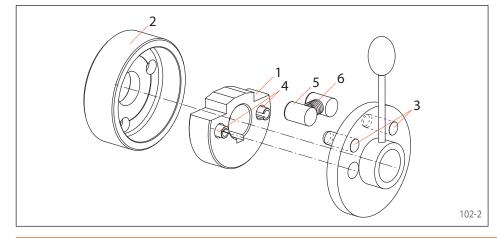
# **RINGSPANN®**

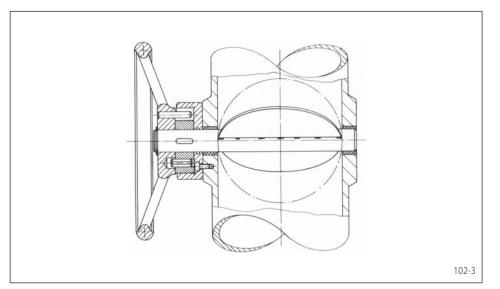
# bidirectional acting backstop for assembly with connecting parts with rollers



### Operation

The centre body (1) is positively locked to the shaft (driven part) by a key. The housing (2) is bolted in place, e. g. on the frame of a machine in a fixed position. The driving customer-supplied part (lever, handwheel, etc.), which carries actuating pegs (3), is mounted on the shaft and has two bores to hold the drive studs (4). Thus, if force is applied to the driving part, depending upon the direction in which it is applied one or other of the actuating pegs presses one of the two locking rollers (5) out





### **Application as**

Bidirectional Acting Backstop

#### Features

Irreversible Locks IR are bidirectional acting roller freewheels with bearing support. They are ready for installation.

Nominal torques up to 100 Nm.

Bores up to 35 mm.

Whereas a normal Freewheel transmits torques from the driving or driven side in only one direction of rotation, with the Irreversible Lock IR it is possible for the driving part to drive the shaft in both directions of rotation. There is, however, a locking action against any reverse torque coming from the driven part, irrespective of the direction of rotation in which it is exerted.

of engagement in opposition to the force exerted by the engaging spring (6). In this way, the driven part connected to the centre body can be rotated without difficulty. When this is done the roller which is still engaged operates as in a freewheel mechanism turning in the freewheeling direction. Due to the symmetrical layout of the irreversible lock, the process which has just been described can also take place in the same way in the opposite direction of rotation. If, however, forces coming from the machine attempt to rotate the centre body via the shaft, the centre body is locked to the fixed housing by the locking rollers. Each roller performs this function for one direction of rotation. Thus, the irreversible lock prevents unintended shifts and displacements from taking place. The irreversible locks are not suitable for use where the driven side tends to run ahead of the driving side during operation (e.g. for the operation of brakes during descending movements in lifts and hoists).

### **Application example**

The valve, which in the example shown is a control or shut-off valve, is adjusted in the opening or closing direction by means of a handwheel.

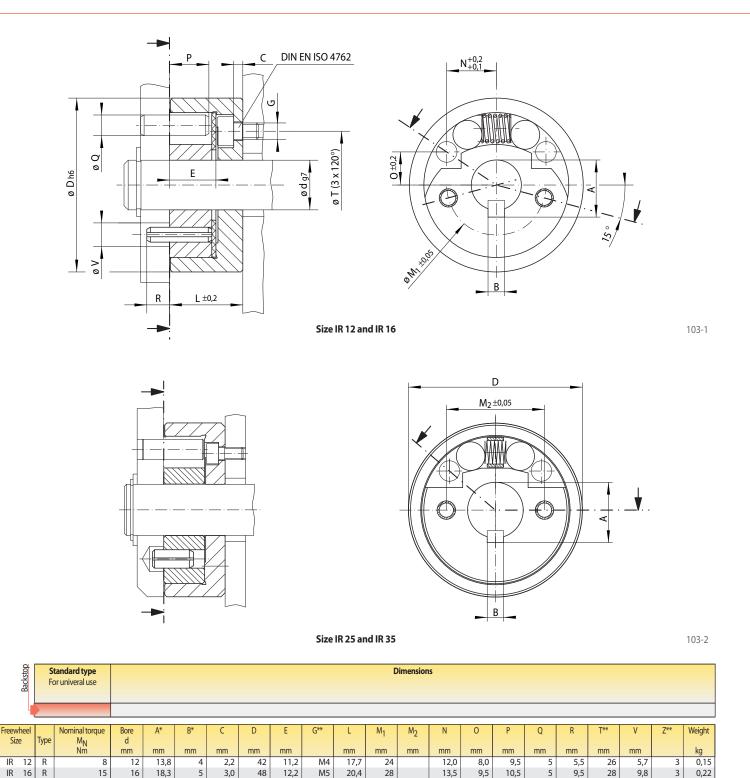
The Irreversible Lock prevents any uncontrolled shifts in the position of the valve due to the pressure exerted by the medium flowing in the pipe.

The use of Irreversible Locks is not restricted to manually operated valves and they can also be used with motorised adjusters. In this case there is the particular advantage that the torque motor need be designed to supply only the adjusting torque, which is generally low, since all standing and sudden reverse torques are absorbed by the Irreversible Lock.

### **Irreversible Locks IR**

# **RINGSPANN<sup>®</sup>**

### bidirectional acting backstop for assembly with connecting parts with rollers



IR	35	R	100	35	38,5	10	4,5	120	
The m	naxim	าum t	ransmissible tor	que is 21	times the	specifie	d nomina	l torque.	

25

28,5

8

3,2

85

20,0

32,0

M6

M8

30,0

45,0

48

70

22,5

27,0

19,1

32,2

19,5

31,5

\* Keyway according to DIN 6885, page 1 • Tolerance of keyway width JS10. \*\* Z = Number of tapped holes G on pitch circle T.

48

### **Example for ordering**

Irreversible Lock IR 16 R, standard type with bore 16 mm:

• IR 16 R, d = 16 mm

Size

IR

IR

IR 25 R

Irreversible Locks

10

12

5,5

8,5

55

80

12,2

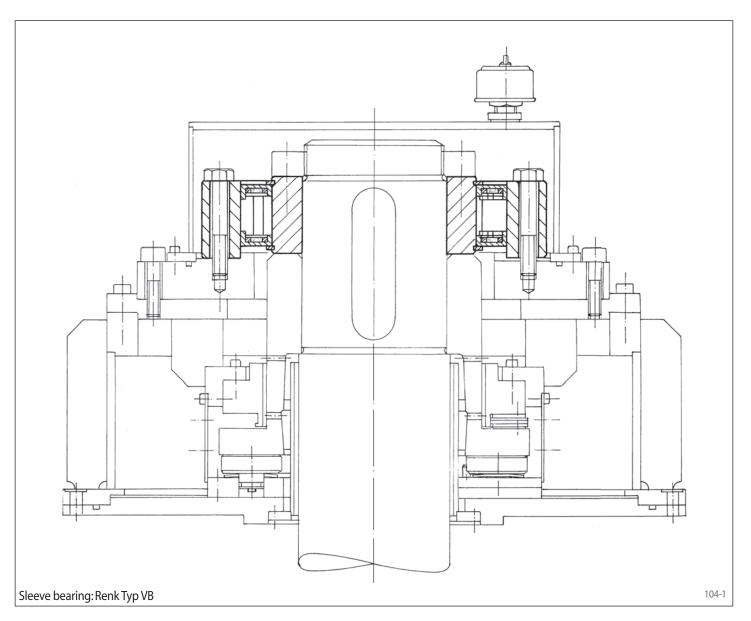
14,2

3

3

1,10

3,30



Backstops FXM ... LX in the drive of large pumps for power stations: In order to guarantee the required operating safety, in accordance with the redundancy principle several parallel working pumps are arranged in one circuit. This also offers the possibility of adapting the feed rate to the respective requirements with the best possible use of the pump capacity.

In pumps that are shut down, the backstops have the task of preventing reverse running under the back pressure of the conveyed medium and thus of preventing the pumps to act as turbines, while the other pumps of the pump group continue to operate. The reverse speeds and centrifugal forces that occur in such a case would destroy both the pump and the drive motor, incurring down time and considerable repair expense.

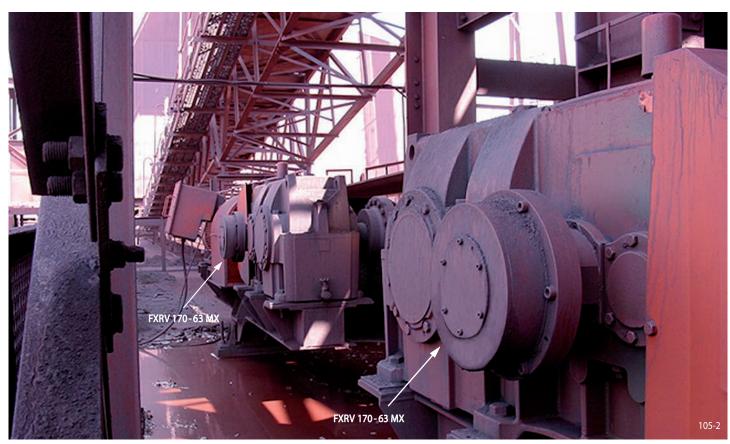
The backstop is located immediately above the sleeve bearing of the pump or, as shown in figure 104-1, above the sleeve bearing of the electric motor. Because of the function-related required sleeve bearing play and the unavoidable tolerances of neighbouring parts, the back-

stop needs a considerable misalignment capability. The backstop used with the sprag lift-off X at rotating inner ring permits T.I.R. of up to 0,8 mm.

In normal operation (freewheeling operation), because of the sprag lift-off the backstop works entirely without contact. Therefore, there is no wear on the sprags, and the service life is virtually unlimited. The existing oil mist protects the backstop from corrosion.



Backstop FXM 2.410 - 100 LX for the primary cooling water pump in a nuclear power station. Maximum torque 500 000 Nm. Speed 1485 min<sup>-1</sup>. In service since 1996. Manufactured and tested with extensive documentation from RINGSPANN GmbH, Bad Homburg.

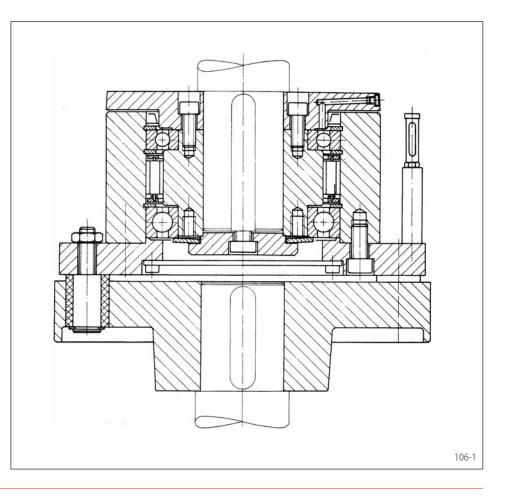


Iron ore conveyor plant in South Africa driven by three gear reducers with RINGSPANN backstops FXRV 170-63 MX.

### **Special Freewheel Designs**

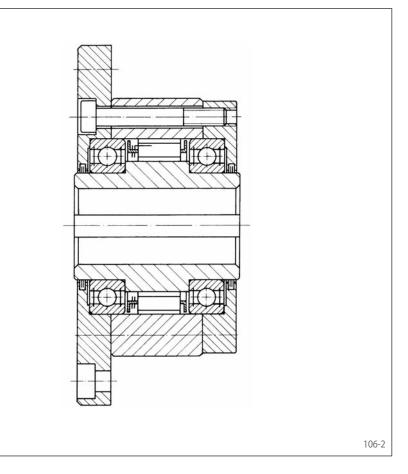
Special overrunning clutch for vertical installation, combined with a flexible pin-type coupling. The design is used in the dual drive of air pre-heaters in coal power plants.

The overrunning clutch is essential for both drives so that the respective stationary drive is not backdriven by the output side.



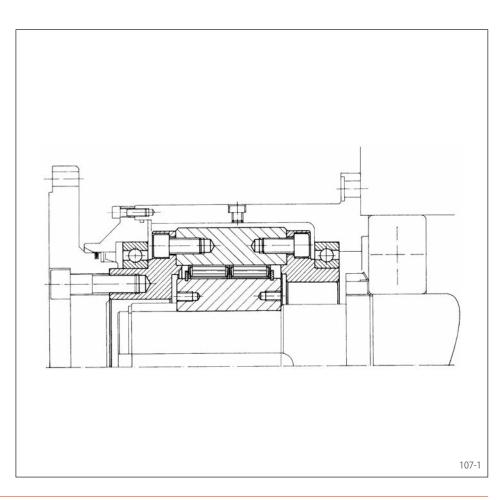
Overrunning clutch with sprag lift-off Z in special maintenance-free design.Lubrication of the sprags in the overrunning clutch is not required because of the high freewheeling speed of the outer ring.The sprags are lifted off of the stationary inner ring under the effect of the centrifugal force and thus operate without wear.

This overrunning clutch also uses life-time lubricated ball bearings and labyrinth seals; therefore, it is maintenance-free.



### **Special Freewheel Designs**

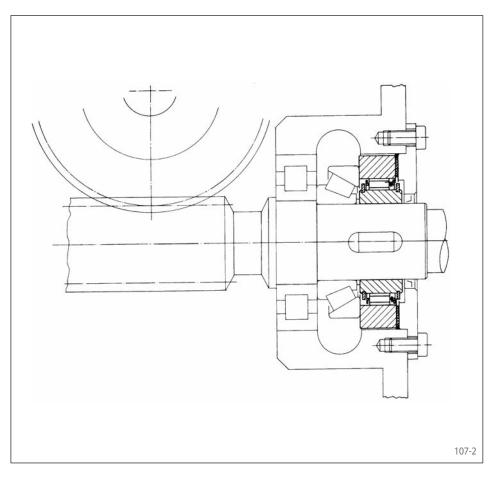
Overrunning clutch FXM 2.240 - 96 LX in custom-made design in the auxiliary drive of a mill. In this special bearing arrangement, the ball bearings of the overrunning clutch only rotate when the mill is driven slowly via the auxiliary drive and the locked overrunning clutch. The inner ring with the mounted freewheel cage runs at high speed, but rotates without contact because of the sprag lift-off X. Hence overheating of the bearings as well as wear on the sprags is avoided.



Integrated Freewheel FON 82 SFR in a special design as a load-operated brake in a non self-locking worm gear. A load is raised or lowered via the worm wheel. The load creates an axial force and this asserts back torque on the worm shaft. A freewheel is located on the worm shaft, the outer ring of the freewheel is connected via friction lining to the gearbox housing.

When the load is lifted, the inner ring freewheels and the freewheel runs in freewheeling operation. When the machine is brought to a standstill, the sprags of the freewheel lock and the back torque of the load is passed into the gearbox housing via the friction lining. If the motor lowers the load, the freewheel is also locked and the motor overcomes the friction torque of the brake.

In this case, the bearing support for the outer ring is secured by means of a special freewheel cage. Beside sprags, this design also includes cylindrical rollers. These rollers provide the centering of the outer ring to the inner ring.



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### **Bearing support**

In the case of freewheels without bearing support, the design must ensure that the inner and outer ring are located concentric to one another with as little as possible play. The sprags do not have a centering effect of the outer ring to the inner ring. If the radial runout exeeds the prescriped limits, the transmissible torques will be reduced which could result in failures.

In the case of freewheels with built-in ball bearings, the customer must check these with

regard to the application related loads in accordance with the calculations from the bearing manufacturer. We will gladly supply you with documents regarding the built-in bearing types and bearing distances.

The series FDN and FD in type CFR have a bearing support to absorb radial forces. A second bearing support must be provided to absorb axial and tilting forces. Axial forces between the inner and outer rings must not be directed via the sprags or the rollers, as this could interfere with the torque transmission. Therefore, the bearing support between the inner and outer ring must be free from axial play. The best design solution are axially pre-loaded roller bearings.

### Central application of force

The forces applied to the freewheel – push rod force, drive belt etc. – should act between the bearings of the freewheel. If the effective line of the lateral force acts outside of the bearing, a rigid bearing or a pre-loaded bearing must be provided. Otherwise, the service life of the freewheel could be reduced. In the case of indexing freewheels, a central application of force is required in order to achieve utmost indexing accuracy and highest service life.

### Fastening screws for connecting parts

In many freewheels in this catalogue, the customer's connecting parts are bolted to the outer ring of the freewheel. This screw connection is not comparable to a standard screw connection, e.g. like that of a VDI 2230. The torque in the freewheel is only pulsating, i.e. the circumferential force on the screw works in just one direction. The connection between the outer

### Sprag track

The inner sprag track of freewheels without an inner ring (FD series) and the inner and outer sprag track of cage freewheels manufactured by the customer. It must be hardened and machined (grinding or hard-turned). The sprag track must then have the following characteristics: ring and the connected part is not purely by friction, because the elastic expansion of the outer ring during torque transmission causes movement between the connected parts, until the screws locate circumferentially. Therefore, the screw connections in freewheels must be calculated for shearing. It has proven that for these fastening screws, the material quality 8.8 is sufficient. Because of the higher brittleness, screws of quality 12.9 should not be used. Tightening torques for the freewheel fastening screws should be selcted as per the values listed in VDI 2230, in each case taking into account the existing friction values.

- Conicity:≤ 3 µm per 10 mm track width
- Average peak-to-valley height Rz as per DIN 4768, page 1:1,6  $\mu m \le Rz \le 6,3 \ \mu m$
- Hardness: 62 ± 2 HRc

#### With case hardening:

Case hardening depth Eht as per DIN 50190, page 1: 1,5 ... 2 mm, hardness limit HG = 550 HV1, core strength  $\geq$  1 100 N/mm<sup>2</sup> If other hardness processes are to be applied or if you need to deviate from the specified directives, we will gladly offer assistance in working out a solution.

To facilitate mounting when sliding on the freewheel, a lead-in chamfer of, for example,  $2 \times 30^{\circ}$ , should be provided on the sprag track.

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#### **Transmissible torque**

The calculation of the transmissible torque of a freewheel assumes that you know the geometrical associations between the clamping elements and the freewheel rings.

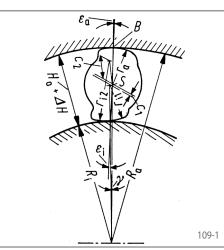
In the case of a sprag freewheel with cylindrical inner and outer ring races, the formula for the inner clamping angle (refer to figure 109-1) is:

$$\tan \varepsilon_{i} = \frac{Ra}{Ra - Ri} \sqrt{\frac{c^{2} - (Ri + ri - Ra + ra)^{2}}{(Ri + ri)(Ra - ra)}}$$

When calculating the transmissible torque you must also take into consideration the elastic deformations of the freewheel rings. These deformations are created by the large radial forces which the sprags exert on the rings during the locking process. For this purpose, differential equations must be solved that describe the interplay between stresses and deformations in the rings. The Hertzian surface pressure distribution on the contact points between the sprags and the tracks is represented by Fourier's series and inserted as boundary conditions in differential equations. In an iterative process, with continuously increasing forces, geometrical values, deformations and stresses are calculated and compared with the permissible limit values. The following limits must be observed:

- Hertzian pressure on the contact points
- Limit of clamping angle
- Tangential stresses in the rings
- Limit of sprag positional angle

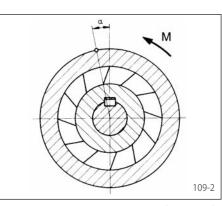
In this calculation the influence of eccentric tracks is also taken into consideration. In addition, the calculation provides the torsion spring



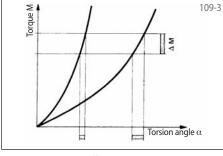
characteristic curve of the freewheel (refer to figure 109-3), which is particularly required for dynamic calculations of an entire installation.

#### Torsion spring characteristic curve

For many applications, in addition to the torque transmission, the elastic behaviour of the freewheel in a locked state (driving operation) plays a decisive role. As figure 109-2 shows, the outer ring and the inner ring twist (wind-up) against each other during torque transmission. The higher the transmitted torgue M the more they twist. The numerical relation between the torque M and the elastic torsional angle is represented in the torsion spring characteristic curve of the freewheel. The calculation of the torsion spring characteristic curve is also carried out using the geometrical values and the deformation equations. Figure 109 -3 shows how important the torsion spring characteristic curve is, for example, in the application as indexing freewheel. Here, the torsion spring



characteristic curves are shown for a "soft" freewheel (flat characteristic curve) and a "stiff" freewheel (steep characteristic curve). If the driving torque M fluctuates, for example, around



the value  $\Delta M$ , the effect on the torsion angle  $\alpha$  of the freewheel with a flat characteristic curve is much greater than that of a freewheel with a steep characteristic curve. In indexed feed drives therefore, you always select freewheels with the steepest possible characteristic curve.

#### Actuation frequencies and actuation service life of indexing freewheels

In the case of indexing freewheels, the maximum actuation frequency and the service life depending on the actuation frequency are important selection characteristic values.

#### Maximum actuation frequency:

You cannot give a definite maximum permissible actuation frequency for any given freewheel, as many different influences of the entire machine construction can effect the freewheel. Of particular importance are: Type of machine, size and time course of the actuation torque and the index angle, required indexing accuracy, type of indexing freewheel, type of lubrication, drive of freewheel via inner or outer ring. This partial list shows that you cannot make a general statement regarding the maximum actuation frequency of a given catalogue freewheel. From successful applications with catalogue freewheels maximum actuation frequencies of up to 800 actuations per minute have been realized.

#### Actuation service life:

In the case of the actuation service life, it behaves similarly to that of the maximum actuation frequency as the influences on the freewheel are actually the same. It is not possible to calculate an exact number of actuations for any catalogue freewheel. Extensive research of the FVA (German Power Transmission Research Association) have come up with some associations. Of course, the test bench conditions are much idealised and cannot be freely transferred to the practical application conditions of indexing freewheels. In accordance with the research results, the total number of actuations of indexing freewheels is particularly dependent upon the torque and the resulting Hertzian pressure on the clamping points.

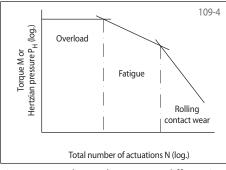


Figure 109-4 shows that we can differentiate between three areas: Overload, fatigue and rolling contact wear. Indexing freewheels must therefore be designed in such a way that they work in the area of rolling contact wear. This way, the total number of actuations can be in excess of 1x10<sup>8</sup>. With an actuation frequency of 100 actuations/minute, this corresponds to a service life of approximately 16 666 hours.

#### Maximum speeds and service life of backstops and overrunning clutches

The maximum permissible speed of freewheels that are used as backstops or overrunning clutches is primarily dependent upon the

- required service life in freewheeling operation,
- lubrication and heat disapation as well as
- the category of the freewheel.

# Dependency of the maximum speed on the required freewheel duration of use

In the case of freewheels with sprags or rollers, wear will occur in the same way as it does with any other sliding machine parts. This wear increases as the relative speed of the sliding parts increases. RINGSPANN has developed different types which can reduce or even reverse these effect. The qualitative course of the service life in freewheeling operation of backstops and overrunning clutches in the various types is shown in figure 110-1. Refer to pages 12 and 13 for more detailed explanations on the types.

The maximum speeds given in the tables here (apart from the types with sprag lift-off X and Z as well as with hydrodynamic sprag lift-off) must always be considered in connection with the minimum required service life in freewheeling operation!

Information regarding the service life in freewheeling operation can be obtained upon request. Simply let us know the operating conditions.

The maximum speeds specified in the tables here apply for an ambient temperature of 20° C. Other maximum speeds will apply for other ambient temperatures or special freewheel designs.

It is generally possible, by means of constructive measures that deviate from the standard design, to achieve even higher speeds. Please contact us if this is the case, preferably using the questionnaire on page 112 or 113.

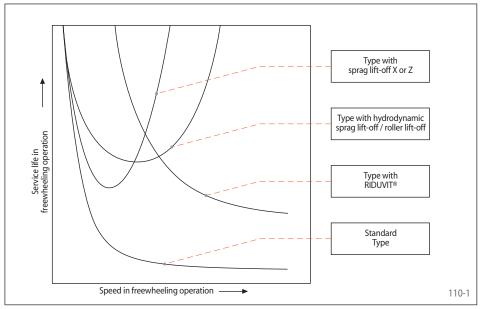
# Dependency of the maximum speed on the lubrication and heat disapation

With regard to the lubrication and heat disapation you must consider two key speed limits:

- Limit of maximum permissible operating temperature as well as the
- limit of lubricant life.

Maximum permissible operating temperature:

The maximum permissible speed of a freewheel in freewheeling operation is, among others, reached if the maximum permissible operating temperature of the freewheel has been reached. Freewheels are lubricated with either oil or grease, in order to minimise the friction between the sliding parts in freewheeling oper-



ation. The lubrication also has the function of removing any occurring frictional heat and abrasive wear from the contact points. In principle, it is best to provide oil lubrication as this best facilitates the tasks described above.

In the case of Complete Freewheels and Internal Freewheels of series ZZ ..., which form a unit made up of clamping elements, bearing support, seals and lubrication, there are predominantly four sources of heat that have a restrictive effect on the maximum permissible speed of the freewheel:

- Frictional heat of the seals
- Frictional heat of the lubricant
- · Frictional heat of the clamping elements
- Frictional heat of the bearings

The major part of the frictional heat is disapated into the environment. The ambient conditions (ambient temperature, air speed etc.) therefore also have an influence on the operating temperature. Hence, the ambient conditions also have a speed-restricting effect on Complete Freewheels and Internal Freewheels of series ZZ ....

#### Lubricant life:

The lubricant ages because of the mechanical demands made upon it and after a certain period of use is no longer sufficiently capable of ensuring the function of reducing friction and protecting against wear. The speed of aging depends, among others, on the speed in freewheeling operation. In the event that the lubricant cannot be replaced, the lubricant life must be taken into consideration when establishing the maximum speed. Contact us for information in this regard.

Dependency of the maximum speed on the category of the freewheel

All the components of a freewheel are stressed during rotation because of the centrifugal forces. The maximum permissible component stress must be taken into consideration when establishing the permissible speeds. Furthermore, the service life of the bearings must be considered. The bearing manufacturer's directives must be adhered to. For economic reasons, the standard freewheel is designed for a maximum speed that generally suits most applications. Higher speeds can be achieved by means of special construction measures.

The maximum speeds specified in this catalogue for Basic Freewheels FBO as well as for Integrated Freewheels FON apply for installation conditions as given with Complete Freewheels. Knowing the actual installation conditions higher speeds can be permitted under some circumstances. Please contact us if this is the case, preferably using the questionnaire on page 112 and 113.

#### Lubrication

For each series the standard lubrication (oil or grease lubrication) is specified on the respective catalogue pages. If a different design is required, please contact us.

The lubricants recommended in the table below for the various ambient temperature ranges have been predominantly chosen for the functioning capabilities of the sprags or the rollers when starting the machine or installation. If, after starting, the freewheel is in operation for a considerable period of time, then an operating temperature will arise in the freewheel that is generally higher than the ambient temperature. For this operating temperature you must check, if the lubrication capabilities of the oil or the basic oil contained in the grease is sufficient for any roller bearings that are built into the freewheel. In critical cases, it has proven useful to use the highly aging-resistant synthetic oil MOBIL SHC 626.

#### Oil lubrication

The lubrication should be carried out with a non-resinous oil with a kinematic viscosity in accordance with the lubricant table below.

For Complete Freewheels and Housing Freewheels with standard oil lubrication, the oil quantity can be established from the installation and operating instruction manuals.

Integrated Freewheels FXM as well as Internal Freewheels FXN can run with immersion lubrication, circulating lubrication or – in the case of operation above the sprag lift-off speed – without oil lubrication. With these series it is also permissible to use oils and greases with friction-value-reducing additives (molybdenum disulphide). If operating without oil lubrication, the sprags and the outer track must be greased prior to installation with a suitable viscous grease in accordance with the installation and operating instruction manual.

In the case of designs with Basic Freewheels, Integrated Freewheels FON and Internal Freewheels with oil lubrication, ensure that the inner track is immersed in the oil. If an immersion lubrication is not possible, an oil circulating lubrication must be provided, which will then ensures a constant oil film on the inner track.

#### Grease lubrication

The freewheels FA, FAV and ZZ ... have a grease lubrication that is designed to last for the service life. It is maintenance-free and generally requires no subsequent lubrication.

In order to increase the service life of freewheels with grease lubrication, after an operating time of about two years the freewheels should be disassembled, cleaned, checked and regreased. Refer to the lubrication table for recommended greases.

#### Attention

Oils and greases that contain friction-reducing additives like molybdenum disulphide or the like, may only be used with authorisation of RINGSPANN. Exception: Integrated Freewheels FXM as well as Internal Freewheels FXN.

Manufacturer	Oil	Oil			
	For ambient temperatures from 0° C to +50° C Kinematic viscosity at 40° C, ISO-VG 46/68 [mm <sup>2</sup> /s]	For ambient temperatures from -15° C to +15° C Kinematic viscosity at 40° C, ISO-VG 32 [mm <sup>2</sup> /s]	For ambient temperatures from -40° C to 0° C Kinematic viscosity at 40° C, ISO-VG 10 [mm <sup>2</sup> /s]	For ambient temperatures from -15° C to +50° C	
Agip	OSO 46/68	OSO 32	OSO 10		
ARAL	AL VITAM GF 46/68 VITAM GF 32		VITAM GF 10	ARALUB HL2	
BP	P ENERGOL HLP-HM 46/68 ENER		ENERGOL HLP-HM 10	ENERGREASE LS2	
CASTROL	ROL VARIO HDX VARIO HDX		ALPHASYN T 10		
CHEVRON HYDRAULIC OIL AW 4		HYDRAULIC OIL AW 32	RANDO HD 10		
KLÜBER	ÜBER LAMORA HLP 46/68 L		Klüberoil 4 UH1-15	ISOFLEX LDS 18 Spezial A POLYLUB WH 2 Klübersynth BM 44-42	
MOBIL	DTE 25/26 DTE 24 NUTO H 46/68 NUTO H 32		DTE 10 Excel 15 UNIVIS HVI 13	MOBILUX EP 2	
SHELL	ELL TELLUS 46/68 TELLUS 32		TELLUS T 15	ALVANIA RL2	
TOTAL AZOLLA ZS 46/68 AZ		AZOLLA ZS 32	EQUIVIS XLT 15	MULTIS EP 2	
Gearbox or hydraulic oils other manufacturers without solid lubricants ISO-VG 46/68		Gearbox or hydraulic oils without solid lubricants ISO-VG 32; Automatic trans- mission fluids [ATF]	Gearbox or hydraulic oils without solid lubricants ISO-VG 10; note setting point! Aviation hydraulic oils ISO-VG 10		

#### Lubrication table

Please contact us in the case of temperatures in excess of 50° C and below -40° C.

### Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Backstops

Company:	Date:			
Address:	Enquiry Ref.:			
Name:	Fax:			
Department:	E-mail:			
1. Where will the Backstop be used?				
1.1 Type of machine:	<ul><li>1.3 Arrangement:</li><li>On the shaft end</li></ul>	1.4 If possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with con-		
In the case of conveyor belts:	Diameter:mm	nection dimensions.		
Angle of the steepest segment°	Length: mm			
Multiple-drive? 🖣 Yes 🗖 No	on a through shaft			
If yes, number of drives	Diameter: mm			
1.2 Backstop location:	on a pulley			
🖵 on the gearbox	on a sprocket			
🗅 on the motor	elsewhere:			
Generation and the second seco				
<ul> <li>2.1 Speed at the backstop location (backstop shaft) n<sub>sp</sub> = min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>Would it be possible to arrange the backstop on a high speed shaft? (higher speed = lower torque = smaller backstop) If neccesary please give further details on the drawing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.2 Nominal power of motor P<sub>0</sub> = kW</li> <li>2.3 Must the backstop also absorb the peak torque that occurs if the drive motor is started in the locking direction of the backstop (incorrectly poled drive motor)? If yes, the backstop must be substantially oversized.</li> <li>Yes No</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.4 Maximum backdriving torque M<sub>max</sub> = Nm</li> <li>2.5 Lifting capacity of the conveyor system P<sub>L</sub> = kW</li> <li>2.6 Efficiency of the machine between backstop and drive η =</li> <li>2.7 Number of daily locking processes:</li> <li>2.8 Daily operating time: hou</li> </ul>		
3. Installation conditions				
3.1 Open, outside	3.2 Should the backstop be releasable?	3.5 Are there any elastic elements/componer located between the backstop and the		
Open, in a closed room	<ul> <li>No</li> <li>Yes, in an emergency</li> <li>Yes, frequently</li> </ul>	stallation that is to be backstopped (elast couplings generate considerable pe torques at the moment of stopping)?		
In the machine housing	3.3 Ambient temperature on the backstop:			
Lubrication by means of oil bath or oil mist in the machine housing	from°C to°C			
Connection to the central	3.4 Other (e.g. accessibility, dust susceptibility	Yes I No		
lubrication system is possible	and other environmental influences that			
Name of lubricant:	could be of significance):			
Kinematic viscosity: mm <sup>2</sup> /s° C				
4. Estimated requirements				
Pieces (one-off)	Pieces/month	Pieces/yea		
5. Enclosures				



# **RINGSPANN GmbH**

Schaberweg 30 - 38 61348 Bad Homburg, Germany

### Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Overrunning Clutches

Company:	Date:	
Address:	Phone:	
Name:		
Department:	E-mail:	
<ol> <li>Where will the Overrunning Clutch be us</li> <li>Type of machine, machine group or installation, in which the overrunning clutch will be used:</li> </ol>	ed?	1.2 Arrangement of the overrunning clutch (if possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with connection dimensions).
2 Operating data		
<ul> <li>2. Operating data</li> <li>2.1 In driving operation the drive of the over- running clutch will be carried out by: <ul> <li>Asynchronous motor</li> <li>direct start-up</li> <li>\L-Δ-start-up</li> </ul> </li> <li>Other electric motor Type:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>2.3 Maximum torque Nm (Important for drives that develop their maximum torque below their nominal speed.)</li> <li>2.4 Speed <ol> <li>in driving operation:     from min<sup>-1</sup> to min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>in freewheeling operation:     (when overrunning clutch is disengaged)     Primary part (driver)     from min<sup>-1</sup> to min<sup>-1</sup>     Secondary part (driven machine)     from min<sup>-1</sup> to min<sup>-1</sup></li> </ol> </li> <li>2.5 Should the overrunning clutch be     combined with a shaft coupling? <ol> <li>with an elastic coupling</li> <li>with a torsionally stiff coupling</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.6 If, upon start up, larger masses are to be accelerated: Moment of inertia: J =kgm<sup>2</sup> Speed of mass: n =min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>2.7 Torque fluctuations/torsional vibrations during driving operation generate the following torque limits <ul> <li>Minimum torque M<sub>min</sub> = Nn</li> <li>Maximum torque M<sub>max</sub> = Nn</li> <li>Minimum or Maximum torque is not known</li> </ul> </li> <li>2.8 Daily operating time: hours (h thereof (h) driving operation thereof (h) freewheeling operation</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3. Installation conditions</li> <li>3.1 Open, outside <ul> <li>Open, in a closed room</li> <li>in the machine housing</li> <li>Lubrication by means of oil bath or oil mist in the machine housing</li> <li>Connection to the central lubrication system is possible</li> <li>Name of lubricant:</li> </ul> </li> <li>Kinematic viscosity° C</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.2 Ambient temperature on the freewheel: from° C to° C</li> <li>3.3 Other (e.g. accessibility, dust susceptibility and other environmental influences that could be of significance):</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>4. Estimated requirements</li> <li>Pieces (one-off)</li> <li>Pieces/month</li> <li>Pieces/year</li> </ul> 5. Enclosures <ul> <li>Specifications</li> <li>Data sheet</li> <li>Sketch/drawing</li> </ul>

# **RINGSPANN GmbH**

Schaberweg 30-38 61348 Bad Homburg, Germany

### **Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Indexing Freewheels**

Company:	Date:	
Addross		
	Dhonor	
Name:		
Department:		
	L mai.	
<ol> <li>Where will the Indexing Freewheel be used</li> <li>Type of machine, machine group or installation, in which the indexing freewheel will be used:</li> </ol>	ed?	1.2 Arrangement of the indexing freewheel (if possible, please include specification, data sheet, sketch or drawing with connection dimensions).
<ul> <li><b>2. Operating data</b></li> <li>2.1 Index angle of the indexing freewheel: from° to°</li> <li>2.2 Number of actuations (indexes)</li> </ul>	2.4 The back and forth movement is generated by	2.5 Proposed shaft dimensions: Diameter mm Length mm
<ul> <li>2.2 Hormset of declations (indexes)</li> <li>per minute:</li> <li>from/min to/min</li> <li>2.3 The back and forth movement is made by</li> <li>freewheel outer ring</li> <li>freewheel inner ring</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>hydraulic cylinder</li> <li>pneumatic cylinder</li> <li>cam disk or plate</li> <li>other (please explain in more detail):</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>2.6 Normal torque: M = Nm Maximum torque: M<sub>max</sub> = Nm (including peaks)</li> <li>2.7 Daily operating time:</li> </ul>
•		hours
3. Installation conditions		
<ul> <li>3.1 Open, outside</li> <li>Open, in a closed room</li> <li>in the machine housing</li> <li>Lubrication by means of oil bath or oil mist in the machine housing</li> <li>Connection to the central lubrication system is possible</li> <li>Name of lubricant:</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3.2 Ambient temperature on freewheel: from° C to° C</li> <li>3.3 Other (e.g. accessibility, dust susceptibility and other environmental influences that could be of significance):</li> </ul>	
Kinematic viscosity: mm²/s° C		
4. Estimated requirement Pieces (one-off)	Pieces/month	Pieces/year
5. Enclosures	Sketch/drawing	



# **RINGSPANN GmbH**

Schaberweg 30 - 38 61348 Bad Homburg, Germany

### **Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Housing Freewheels FH**

Please photocopy or use the PDF-File fr	om our website!			
Company:	Date:			
Address:	Enquiry Ref.:			
	Dhonor			
Name:	Eav.			
Department:				
1. Where will the Housing Freewheels be u				
1.1 Type of installation:				
1.2 Type of working machine:				
$X \rightarrow$ Drive A	Housing Freewheel A Working machine to be driven	Housing Drive B Freewheel B		
2. Operating data	Housing Freewheel A	Housing Freewheel B		
<ul><li>2.1 In driving operation the drive will be carried out by</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Asynchronous motor         <ul> <li>Direct start up</li> <li>λ-Δ-start up</li> </ul> </li> <li>Other electric motor         Type:</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Asynchronous motor</li> <li>Direct start up</li> <li>A-Δ-start up</li> <li>Other electric motor</li> <li>Type:</li> <li>Combustion engine</li> <li>Type:No. of cylinders:</li> <li>Turbine</li> <li>Other (please explain in more detail):</li> </ul>		
2.2 Speeds in driving operation Speeds in freewheeling operation	from min <sup>-1</sup> to min <sup>-1</sup> from min <sup>-1</sup> to min <sup>-1</sup>	from min <sup>-1</sup> to min <sup>-1</sup> from min <sup>-1</sup> to min <sup>-1</sup>		
2.3 Direction of rotation in driving operation when viewed in direction X	<ul><li>Counterclockwise</li><li>Clockwise</li></ul>	<ul><li>Counterclockwise</li><li>Clockwise</li></ul>		
2.4 To be transmitted in driving operation	Power:kW Torque:Nm	Power:kW Torque:Nm		
2.5 Maximum torque determined by rotational vibration calculation	Nm	Nm		
2.6 Should the Housing Freewheel be combined with shaft coupling?	<ul> <li>With elastic coupling         <ul> <li>Type:</li> <li>With torsionally stiff coupling             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	<ul> <li>With elastic coupling         Type:</li></ul>		
2.7 Selected Housing Freewheel	Size	Size		
2.8 Daily operating time	hours (h) thereof (h) driving operation thereof (h) freewheeling operation	thereof (h) driving operation thereof (h) freewheeling operation		
<ul> <li>3. Installation conditions</li> <li>3.1 Ambient temperature on the freewheel: from° C to° C</li> </ul>	3.2 Other (e.g. accessibility, dust susceptibility and other environmental influences that could be of significance):			
4. Estimated requirements	Pieces (one-off)	Pieces/month Pieces/year		
5. Enclosures	Specifications Data sheet	Sketch/drawing		

# RINGSPANN GmbH

Schaberweg 30-38 61348 Bad Homburg, Germany

### **Questionnaire for selecting RINGSPANN Housing Freewheels FCBM**

Ple	ase photocopy or use the PDF-File fro	om our website	!					
Company:			Da	ite:				
Address:			Er	quiry Ref.:				
			Pł	ione:				
Na	me:		Fa	x:				
De	partment:		E-	mail:				
1.	Main Drive Number of Main Motors							
	Power of Main Motors	□1 □2 (1)	LAM		(2)	1914		
	Speed of each motor	(1)(1)			(2)			
	Main Reducer Ratio	(1)	<u> </u>		(2)	11001		
2.	Auxiliary Drive (Emergency Drive)							
	Number of Auxiliary Drives	□1 □2						
	Power Auxiliary Drives	(1)	kW		(2)	kW		
	Speed of each Motor	(1)	min <sup>-1</sup>		(2)	min <sup>-1</sup>		
	Auxiliary Reducer Ratio							
	Type of Emergency Drive Unit	E-Motor						
		🖵 Engine						
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
3.	Girth Gear & Pinion Ratio							
4.	<ul> <li>4. Voltage to be supplied to the electromagnetically released multi-disc brake</li> <li>230 VAC +/- 10% (207-253 V) at 50 Hz</li> </ul>							
	□ 400 VAC +/- 10% (360-440 V) at 50 Hz							
	□ 115 VAC +/- 10% (103-126 V) at 60 Hz							
	Special voltage VAC /							
	VDC							
5.	Direction of Rotation							
	Direction of rotation in driving operation	(1) FCBM Directi	I) FCBM Direction of freewheeling rotation:		(2) FCBM Direc	<ul><li>(2) FCBM Direction of freewheeling rotation:</li><li>Counterclockwise</li></ul>		
	when viewed in direction X		kwise					
		Clockwise			Clockwise			
6.	6. Position of electromagnetically released multi-disc brake when viewed in direction X							
(1) FCBM Mounting side of electromagnetically released multi-disc brake and relevant and relevan								
	(2) FCBM Mounting side of electromagnetically released multi-disc brake							
7.	Estimated requirements	Piece	es (one-off)		Pieces/month	Pieces/year		
8.	Enclosures	Specification	ns 🗆	Data sheet	Sketch/dra	wing		

# RINGSPANN GmbH

Schaberweg 30-38 61348 Bad Homburg, Germany

Notes

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